Sale

at 9 a.m.

this Sale shows how
As New Bargains

Dress Fabrics

6 Pieces Irish Fleece, heavy quality all wool in plain Greys, Browns and Grey, small checks, Saxe wide. Were 14/11 yard. To clear, 12/11
20 Pieces Tweeds, all wool, shrunk, in neather mixture, checks and stripes, 54in. wide. Were 12/11 yard. 3/6
Sale 4/11
50 Pieces Gaberdine, in Black, Navy and Nigger, all wool, exceptional value, 50in. wide. Were 10/6 yard. Sale 7/11
14 Pieces Blanket Velour, full range of colours in Nigger, Mole, Navy, Brown, New Blue, Grey, Beaver and Black, 54in. wide. Were 12/11 yard. 10/9
Sale
5 Pieces Navy Suiting, heavy weight, all wool, indigo dye, for tailor-mades; also in black, 56in. wide. Were 16/11 11/9
yard. Sale
5 Pieces Stripe Hopsack, all wool, medium weight, Black, Navy, Brown, Mole, and Grey ground, with rainbow stripe, 56in. wide. Sale 5/11

Ladies' and Children's Outfitting

Ladies' Coloured Ripple Cloth Dressing Gowns. Worth 35/9. Sale price 25/9
Odd sizes in Corsets, greatly reduced. Worth 15/11 to 2 Gns. Sale prices, 21/- down 10/-
Oddments in Girls' French Knitted Dresses and Coats. Wort hup to 3 Gns. at one price 21/-
Children's Millinery reduced to half price.
French manufacturer's samples in dainty Cambric Nightdresses, Chemises, Knickers, and Camisoles, at 50 per cent. below present day prices.
Ladies' Wincheyette Nightdresses, Magyar shape, embroidered design. Worth 12/11
Sale price 14/11
Fine Cambric Nightdresses, dainty design in finest Cavan flannel. Worth 7/11
Sale price 4/11
Knickers and Knickers to match Worth 7/11. Sale price

Children's Model Coats and Dresses greatly reduced.

REET, DUBLIN.

IF IT'S A LITTLE THE WORSE FOR WEAR,

SEND IT TO PRESCOTT'S

for a new lease of life. 'PHONE—DUBLIN 571 and 2505. (5)

The Irish Times.

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN. TUESDAY. JANUARY 3. 1922. VOL. LXIV. NO—20,199.

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.

BIRTHS.

ARMSTRONG—December 31, 1921, at a Nursing Home in Dublin, to Rev. J. and Mrs. Armstrong, Lisles, Longford, a son.

BOYD—December 27, 1921, at Munaar, South India, the wife of H. C. Boyd, of a daughter.

BRERETON—December 21, 1921, at Palmer Hill, the wife of George Brereton, of a son.

BYRNE—December 27, 1921, at 7 North Frederick st., Dublin, the wife of Michael P. Byrne, 2 Florence tce., Appian Way, of a daughter.

FLEMING—January 1, 1922, at 13 Longford tce., Monkstown, Co. Dublin, to Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Fleming, a daughter (Teresa).

McGARRY—December 29, 1921, at Denmark House, Lower Leeson st., to Willie and Violet E. McGarry, a son.

PRICE—December 18, 1921, at "Stella Maris," Carisfort tce., to Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Price, of 4 Windsor Villas, Fairview, a son.

WILLOUGHBY—December 21, 1921, at Mount Alexander, Gorey, Co. Wexford, to Mr. and Mrs. George William Willoughby, a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

REYNOLDS and SRAWLEY—December 28, 1921, at Sutton Church, Ely, by the Rev. Dr. Kennett, Canon of Ely, the Rev. George William Morris Reynolds, M.A., elder son of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Reynolds, of Upcote, Shepherd's Hill, Highgate, to Dorothy Edith, elder daughter of Archdeacon and Mrs. Srawley, of Sutton Vicarage, Ely.

DEATHS.

BARLEE—January 1, 1922, at 17 Bruce rd., Harlesden, London, Justina Mary, wife of Arthur Barlee, Solicitor, formerly of Dublin.

CLIFFE—December 30, 1921, in a Nursing Home in London, A. L. Cliffe, of Bellevue, Macmine, Co. Wexford, in his 61st year.

COLEMAN—January 1, 1922, at 18 Hollybank av., Walter Owen, youngest and dearly-loved son of the late Hector T. Coleman, Solicitor, Allahabad, and Mrs. Coleman, aged 23. Funeral to-morrow (Wednesday), 10.30, at Mount Jerome. No flowers, by request.

DOYLE—New Year's Day, 1922, at her residence, 3 Montpelier tce., Monkstown, Josephine M. (Josie) Doyle, late N.T. Kingstown Convent Schools, after a lingering illness, borne with cheerfulness, and fortified by the rites of Holy Church. Deeply regretted by mother, sisters, relatives, and friends. Sacred Heart of Jesus, have mercy on her. R.I.P.

HAYDEN—January 2, 1922, Jane Isabella, beloved wife of Richard T. Hayden, 28 John's Hill, Waterford. "For ever with the Lord." Funeral this day (Tuesday), 2 p.m. - No flowers.

MARK—January 2, 1922, at Coolbanagher, Portarlington, Janet, second daughter of the late James Mark, New-Mill-House, Queen's County.

MOORE—December 31, 1921, at Eastbourne, William Moore, late of Castlenahan, Blackrock, Cork, aged 86. Funeral strictly private. No flowers.

MOORE—January 1, 1922, at his residence, Lisheen, Clonsken, George T. Moore, aged 63 years. Funeral to Mount Jerome Cemetery to-morrow (Wednesday), 4th January, leaving Clonskea at 10.15 a.m.

MULVIN—January 1, 1922, at his residence, Rosske, Edenderry, Patrick Mulvin, aged 77. R.I.P. Office at St. Mary's Church, Edenderry, this (Tuesday) morning at 11 o'clock. Funeral, at 2 o'clock, to Carrick, from the Church, Edenderry.

PAUL—January 2, 1922, at Sir Patrick Dun's Hospital, Joseph Paul, late of 17 Eblana Villas. "Gone to be with Christ, which is very far better."

PIERCY—January 2, 1922, at her residence, 3 Clanbrassil, Clanmaria, Amiel, widow of the late Christopher Piercy. "There shall be no more pain, and sorrow and sighing shall flee away." Funeral private.

POWER—On Christmas Day, 1921, Ambrose W. B. Power, eldest son of the late Robert H. Power, of Lisnore, Co. Waterford.

ROBINSON—January 1, 1922, at his residence, St. Maur, Palmerston Park, Archibald Robinson, J.P., aged 76 years, beloved husband of Josephine Robinson. Funeral private.

SUCKLING—January 1, 1922, Catherine, widow of the late William Suckling, aged 70 years. Funeral will arrive Royal Hibernian Military School Cemetery at 3 o'clock to-day (Tuesday).

THORNTON—November 30, 1921, at 459 Spence, st., Winnipeg, Canada, Caroline Sarah, aged 77 years, widow of John Thornton, late of 1 Upper George's st., Kingstown. "Peace, perfect peace."

WILKIN—January 1, 1922, suddenly, at the Meath Hospital, of acute pneumonia, Lyndall, elder and beloved daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Wilkin, Beechmount, Lisbellaw.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

Mrs. Barnwell and family wish to thank all friends for the kindness shown in the bereavement of my late husband, Thomas Henry Barnwell, late of Wentworth st. and 13 Rosa rd., Dublin, and regret that, owing to the Christmas holidays, the funeral arrangements had to be carried out almost immediately.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Tyrrell and family, "Rosemount," Arklow, desire to return sincere thanks to all who sent letters and sympathised with them in their recent great sorrow.

IN MEMORIAM.

BIGLEY—In ever-loving memory of our dear father, Robert Bigley, who fell asleep January 3rd, 1917. "For ever with the Lord."

GILL—In loving and ever-present memory of my dear mother, Belinda M. Gill, who entered into rest 3rd January, 1918.—Lillie.

THORNHILL—In loving memory of George Thornhill, who died 3rd January, 1920.
"Here we suffer grief and pain,
Here we meet to part again,
In Heaven we part no more."
Inserted by his loving wife.

WHARTON—Fourth Anniversary. In loving memory of my dear husband, Richard Wharton, who died at his residence, 5 Knapton rd., Kingstown, 3rd of January, 1918. Inserted by his loving wife and daughters.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 4.

NICHOLS'

'Phone—276. 'Phone—276.
FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT, Lombard street (Westland row). Coffins, Hearses, and Every Requisite. Economy and Punctuality.

FUNERAL REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

WALLER,
49 and 50 DENZILLE STREET
(Merrion square).
SALOON MOTOR HEARSE.
Private Mortuary.
'Phone—131. Wires—"Undertaker, Dublin."

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MILLER & CO., BRAY.
MOTOR HEARSE, MOTOR AMBULANCE.
Telegrams—Collier, Bray.
'Phone—Bray, 116 (2 lines).

RAMSAY, Florists to H.M. the King, 50 NASSAU ST.
'Phones 1759, 1806.

WREATHS. FLORAL DESIGNS. Telegrams, Violets, Dublin. Nurseries—Ballsbridge.

WATSON'S WREATHS. Telegrams—"Quicktuss, Dublin." Tel. 2579. WATSONS, 31 NASSAU ST. Nurseries—Killiney.

TO REMOVE THE CAUSE

of diseases and ailments, if it be possible, is always better than merely to relieve the symptoms. Happily this can usually be achieved when the indisposition is due to a disordered condition of the digestive organisation. Indigestion is the cause

OF MUCH ILL-HEALTH

—more perhaps than is generally supposed —and it can be removed in most cases speedily and completely by a course of that great remedy—Beecham's Pills. As a curative agent this old and well-tried medicine continues to maintain its high reputation among all classes of the community. Multitudes of men and women continue to place their faith in this old and faithful friend; they

TAKE

Beecham's Pills at the first sign of trouble and the results are found to be most satisfactory. Their effective aperient, corrective and tonic properties combine to act upon the digestive system with great benefit. You are perfectly safe, therefore, if your indisposition is due to derangement of the stomach and liver or to constipation in taking a course of this excellent preparation. Much ill-health is prevented and the cause thereof removed by taking

BEECHAM'S PILLS.

Sold in boxes, labelled
price 1/1½ (56 pills) and 2/9 (168 pills).

LOANS BY POST.
£20 TO £5,000
in any part of Ireland and Great Britain—to all respectable persons on Note of Hand. Loans arranged by post, without interview. No fees charged or before hand charges.
THE STANDARD PRIVATE FINANCE COMPANY OF IRELAND, LTD.,
15 ANGLESEA ST., DUBLIN.
J. C. WALSHE, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN JOSEPH BYRNE, late of 11 Seville Place, Dublin, Deceased.
All Persons having claims against the estate of above Deceased, who died 24th December, 1921, should forward particulars immediately to the undersigned Solicitor for Executors.
S. G. RUTHERFORD, Solicitor, 25 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

THOMAS J. LYNCH, late of 100 Lr. Leeson street, and 10 and 11 Elm Grove, Ranelagh, Dublin, Licensed Trader, Deceased. Claims against Deceased's estate should be furnished forthwith to the Executors' Solicitors, RYAN and O'REILLY, 35 Stephen's Green, N., Dublin.

£20 0s. 0d. REWARD—LOST, December 22nd, long Necklace, consisting of 254 small Pearls, with Diamond and green snap. Above Reward will be paid by WEST and SON, 102 GRAFTON STREET, if the Necklace is returned to them.

DEMONSTRATION by Expert from Dennison Manufacturing Co., in Flower and Fancy Costume Making with Dennison Crepe Paper; also in Sealing Wax Crafts, Weaving, Picture Framing, and Passe Partout, January 2nd to 14th inclusive. You are heartily invited. Daily Programme on request.—HELY'S LIMITED, 26 Dame street.

SAFETY Razor Blades re-Sharpened, all makes, from 1/- doz., post extra.—Thompson, Cutler, Nassau street.

MONEY.—The Highest Advances to be obtained in Dublin on Jewellery, Silver Plate, Furniture, and valuable Chattel Property of every description at the First-Class Money Office, 85 MARLBOROUGH STREET, 85.

PRETTY WALL PAPERS.
Make healthy, cheerful rooms.
Large Stock at considerably reduced prices.
Samples Free.
DOCKRELL LIMITED, Dublin

NEWEST OIL COOKERS AND OVENS Perfection, Puritan, Wickless, Primus. THOMAS HENSHAW and CO., LTD., Dublin.

INCOME TAX.—Claims, Super-tax; Accounts—Bourke, late Surveyor of Taxes, 74 Grafton street.

WATERPROOF CART, MACHINERY, AND MOTOR COVERS, from Mail Office Canvas; half usual prices. Any size Cover made to order.—LANIGAN, 26 Eden quay, Dublin.

CARSON'S "VITROLITE"—The Paint for Greenhouses and outside work.—Carson's, 22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

INCOME Tax Recovered; Farm Accounts; Returns and Super Tax Statements Prepared.—J. A. Wallace, Expert, 10 Nassau st., Dublin. 'Phone 1585.

CROKER'S LENSES FOR SPECTACLES. POLLOCK and CO., LTD., Opticians, 80 GRAFTON STREET DUBLIN.

BROKERS open to work on half Commission basis, please apply C 489, this office.

RAILWAYS.

DUBLIN AND SOUTH-EASTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

DAY TRIP EXCURSION TO DUBLIN,
FRIDAY NEXT, 6th JANUARY.

Special Day Trip Excursion Tickets will be issued to Dublin from Wexford and all intermediate stations as far as Kilcoo. The following are particulars of times and fares at principal stations:—

		1st Class.	3rd Class.
Wexford	Dep. 7.30 a.m.	9/-	11/6
Enniscorthy...	Dep. 8.6 a.m.	17/-	9/8
Gorey	Dep. 8.40 a.m.	13/-	7/6
Arklow	Dep. 9.1 a.m.		
Shillelagh	Dep. 8.10 a.m.	12/9	6/6
Rathdrum ..	Dep. 10.15 a.m.	11/-	6/-
Wicklow	Dep. 10.56 a.m.	9/-	4/8

The Return Special Train will leave Harcourt street at 7.0 p.m. for Arklow and stations to Wexford, and at 6.5 p.m. for stations between Kilcool and Shillelagh.

M. J. MAGUIRE, General Manager.

Westland row, 2nd January, 1922.

EDUCATION.

WESLEY COLLEGE.

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATIONS, 1921.
NINE EXHIBITIONS. TWELVE PRIZES.
THREE FIRST PLACES.
The Pass List is the largest on record.

Excellent Premises. Beautiful Grounds.
Large and highly-qualified Staff.
School RE-OPENS TUESDAY, JANUARY 10th.
Prospectus and full particulars from Rev. T. J. IRWIN, D.Litt., Principal.

TULLAMAINE
(UPPER LEESON STREET).
KINDERGARTEN AND PREPARATORY SCHOOL RE-OPENS JANUARY 10th.
Prospectus from Rev. T. J. IRWIN, D.Litt.

LT.-COL. W. D. DOONER, C.M.G.; p.a., c.e.
(Late R.A.O.C., and formerly of the Royal Irish Fusiliers),
AND
MR. J. LOGAN, M.A., F.R.G.S,
(Late of Rathmines College and Head Tutor for Mr. C. FULCHER),
ARE PREPARED TO TAKE A LIMITED NUMBER OF PUPILS FOR
WOOLWICH, SANDHURST, AIR FORCE, INDIA POLICE, AND NAVAL CADETS.
Recent Successes and Terms on application to LT.-COL. W. D. DOONER,
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THE DE BEAR SCHOOLS.
Day, Evening and Special Postal Courses. All Commercial Subjects and Examinations. First and Third Places, with Gold and Silver Medals, were carried off by De Bear-Trained Students at the Business Efficiency Exhibition, held at Manchester, June, 1921. Join now and share in this year's Successes.
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GRAMMAR SCHOOL, KINGSTOWN.
WILL RE-OPEN JANUARY 12th.
M. E. DEVLIN (Headmaster).

1922 11.9 MODEL STAR, the sensation of Olympia, Two and Four-seaters, now on View.—JOHN HUTTON and SONS, LTD., Dawson street, Dublin. Trial Runs Arranged.

THE average speed for 8 hours for a 10 h.p. Wolseley, at Brooklands is 64 m.p.h. Another record.—Booth Bros., Upr. Stephen street, Dublin.

INVESTIGATE the merits of the FORDSON TRACTOR for stationary work. It develops 20 h.p. at 1,000 revs. per minute, with 9" pulley. Price £190, ex Cork.
AUTOCARS (IRELAND), LTD., Chatham St., Dublin. Authorised Ford and Fordson Dealers.

"IMSHI."—Every Morris-Oxford and Morris-Cowley is as good as "Imshi."—Brittain, Hatch st.

1922.
PEACE, PROSPERITY, HAPPINESS, AND FORDS,
As supplied by the Original Agents in Ireland for FORD CARS.
R. W. ARCHER AND COMPANY, 66 LR. MOUNT STREET, DUBLIN.

WRITE or Call To-day for 1922 DE DION Catalogues.
THOMPSON'S MOTOR CAR CO., LTD., Great Brunswick street, Dublin.

IN THE FUTURE AS IN THE PAST
LEYLAND LORRIES WILL INSPIRE CONFIDENCE. You can get the reason first-hand from any firm who use them, or from the Agents:
ASHENHURST, WILLIAMS, & CO., LTD., TALBOT PLACE, STORE STREET, DUBLIN.
THE FIRM FOR LORRIES AND TRACTORS.

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THE NEW OVERLAND 4
MODEL-DE-LUX
Demonstration Car
HAS ARRIVED.
Inspection Invited.
Book Your Order Early.
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THERE'S a Good Time Coming for all those who invest now in
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THE 1922 G.N. IS a beautiful Car, a trustworthy Car, a cheap Car; a Car worth having. Write or Call for full particulars.
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100 Bedrooms. Electric Light Throughout.
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Facilities (Domestic Science, Music, etc.), for those over school age.

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WINTER SUITS and OVERCOATS READY-FOR-SERVICE
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THE genuineness of our Annual Sale has never been questioned, and, as heretofore, we have made such big Reductions in all our Prices that should again appeal to the Public.
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FOUND straying, rough haired Terrier Dog, all white; if unclaimed will be given away.—Cole, Orahore, Merrionsquare.

LOST, December 22nd, long Necklace, consisting of 254 small pearls with diamond and green snap. £20 reward if brought to West end Box, 205 Grafton street.

LOST, December 27, between Hollybrooke and Bray Post Office, Fur Muff. Reward given if returned.—Hodson, Hollybrooke, Bray.

LOST, Friday, Morningtown road, Leixlip, silver cigarette case, initials "R. Robbs Fofkestone." Reward, 9 Waterloo place.

LOST, Cornelian bead Necklace, strung on red silk, with gold clasp, in Kingstown, Pier or gardens, Wednesday morning. Reward, Morris, Mount Clarence, Kingstown.

LOST, Gold Rimmed Spectacles in case, Thursday p.m. evening, between College Green and Nassau st. or tram, Rathmines. Reward at Messrs. Dixon and Hempenstall, Suffolk st.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, AT REDUCED PRICES.
PIM BROTHERS, LTD., EXCHEQUER STREET.

MATTRESSES CAREFULLY TEASED AND RE-MADE.
RICHMOND INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND,
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ORIENTAL CARPETS.
GREAT STOCK. SELLING CHEAP.
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64 HARCOURT STREET.
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APPRENTICE to Electro Plating Wanted; good opening for smart lad; fee required.—O 433, this office. B

A HIGHLY paid position awaits you if you care to qualify for it. Write for full particulars and free illustrated evidence from past students, Dept. 20, Phoenix School of Business, Ltd., 459 Oxford street, London. D

ASSISTANT Wanted outdoor, Grocery, Provisions, suburb; 1.C. preferred; young; wages and fullest particulars given.—O 231, this office. D

BOOT Saleswoman Wanted, give full particulars and state salary expected.—John A. Pollock and Co., Londonderry. D

CLERK Wanted, large, city Office; knowledge of heavy motor mechanism necessary, correspondence, and quick at figures; state age, experience, salary required.—O 305, this office. B

COOK-HOUSEKEEPER Wanted, Protestant; one who can manage Protestant maid; good wages offered; state age and experience.—Z 1069, Saleman, this office. C

CLERK Wanted, young, for Grocery and Catering; provincial. Copies references, salary required (indoor) at once, to "Z 1093, Charge Hand," this office. D

DEMOBILISED Soldiers and Beginners—Your living guaranteed; start your own Drapery Business; little capital required. Write for catalogue and advice.—The Levarge, Dept. C., 143 Houndsditch, London, E.1. A

EXPERIENCED Manageress Wanted for first-class Restaurant in Cork; apartments provided. Apply, with full particulars, to No. 518, Irish Times Branch Office, Cork.

GROCERY and Provisions—Wanted, smart Junior Assistant. Apply, with references, Stewart's, Athlone.

GENTLEWOMAN, young, C.I., Wanted immediately, to charge girl of attending school by day; good needleswoman essential. Reply, enclosing references, to Mrs. Crotton, 32 Fitzwilliam square, Dublin. D

HARDWARE Ironmongery Trade Traveller—Wanted, good reliable Assistant for Northern town. Apply stating age, experience, and salary expected, Hardware (Methodist preferred), Z 1120, Assistant, this office. B

Head Confectioner Wanted to take charge of first-class Bakehouse in the South; copies of testimonials expected, and references.—O 556, this office. C

MOTHER'S Help, Protestant, for Co. Cork; two children; 4 and baby; no washing. Write full particulars, etc.—Z 1060, Help," this office. D

MOTHER'S Help or Nursery Governess Wanted, Protestant; Bedford, 5 miles; no washing. Apply stating ages, experience, and salary required, to Box No. 469, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast.

MANAGER Wanted for Laundry; must be young, energetic, and thoroughly capable. Apply Secretary, Laundry, West st., Drogheda.

MANAGER Wanted for new Motor Garage Co., Monaghan, thoroughly reliable man, to take complete charge, understand all cars, buy all material and cars; one willing to invest small amount given preference. State full particulars and salary, Box 24, O'Keeffe's Advt. Agency, Dublin. D

MALE Shorthand Typist Required; knowledge of filing and office routine; state age, salary, copy references.—O 262, this office. B

MILLINERY and Sales—Wanted, practical Milliner, with thorough knowledge of Sales; state experience, religion, lowest salary (indoor), references.—Fullerton Drapery Co. E

PARTY Cook, experienced, Lady, Wanted, well up in all branches; Protestant preferred. Apply, state reference, salary expected (outdoor).—Z 1153, Cook," this office. D

PLOUGHMAN and Farmerman Wanted in Dublin; R.S. sack plant. Apply, enclosing copies of certificates, to "Z 1109, Man," this office. D

REQUIRED, a young Man, Protestant, of energy and enterprise, with good knowledge of General Hardware and Timber Trades, wholesale and retail; suitable man will be given opportunity of advancement. Apply, giving age, full details of past and present employment, and salary required, indoor and outdoor, "Z 1153, Man," this office. E

SEXTON Wanted; house provided; state salary.—Rector, Rathmines, A. H. Jones, Domestic.

TYPIST and Bookkeeper Wanted immediately; state salary, experience.—O 485, this office.

USEFUL Girl wanted for two ladies; entire work of small house; Protestant preferred; copies difficharge.—Z 961, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

WANTED, a temporary Milliner; Autumn and Winter No. 5 Castlepark road, Sandycove. B

WANTED, respectable Working Companion for elderly lady in Dublin; small house. Apply 23 Charleville road, North.

WANTED, Mother's Help, small family country place 45/-. Apply Mar. Dr. Lindsay, The Glebe, Rathowen, Westmeath. D

WANTED, a Lady (not over 25) to take Dictation and Typewriting. Please give particulars of experience, enclose copies of references, and state salary expected.—Z 1076, Young Lady," this office. C

WANTED, Lady (by birth), I.C., as Companion to another, help light house duties; musical; cyclist preferred; quiet country house, South.—Z 1102, Companion," this office. C

WANTED, smart, reliable young Lady for Sales; city Office; state age, experience, and wages expected. C 406, this office. C

WOOLLENS and Outfitting—Experienced Assistant Wanted immediately; good salary to capable man. Apply, enclosing copies of references and stating salary expected (outdoor), to Keelan's, Ltd., Drapers, Mullingar. D

WANTED, experienced Girl for Cash Desk. Reply, with copies of references, C 509, this office. C

WANTED, smart, young Lady, Apprentice to Millinery Sales. Apply Miss Burns, 5 Dawson st.

WANTED, Bookkeeper, thoroughly experienced double entry and furnishing accounts; temporary work; suitable salary paid.—O 470, this office.

WOOLLENS, Hosiery and Outfitting—Wanted, competent Assistant for above; state experience, religion, lowest salary (indoor); enclose copy references.—Munro Drapery Co., Dublin. D

WANTED, a Boy just left school to learn the Stationery Trade. Apply in own handwriting to C 288, this office. C

WANTED, a good, steady, reliable Manager (indoor) for County Meath; to take complete control of General Hardware Business and Timber Trade; must have a good all round knowledge of both. Apply in own handwriting, with copies of references, to Purtill and Company, Public Auditors and Accountants, 16 Collegegreen, Dublin. E

WANTED, Lady or Mother's Help (Co. Donegal); general kept. Apply, stating salary, "Z 1156, Lady," this office. E

CONTINUED ON PAGE 2.

TODD, BURNS & Co., Ltd.

OUR WINTER SALE
Just Begun.
MARY STREET, DUBLIN.

PERMANENT EXHIBITION OF IRISH MANUFACTURERS.
SHOWCASES
Made to Suit any Position. Estimates Free.
Cases now in hands. Please let us have your Enquiries.
T. R. SCOTT & Co. 33 UPPER ABBEY STREET.

DISCOUNT SALE.
2/- in the £ OFF EVERYTHING
Commencing 28th Dec., 1921.
TEA SETS, DINNER SETS, TOILET SETS.
BOOTH'S
China Warehouse,
63 Mid. Abbey St.

HORSES.

Continued from Last Column

The Property of R. K. Browne, Esq.
Without Reserve.
Powerful, black gelding, 6 years old, about 16.1 hands high, good cart horse, well up to 30 cwt.; regularly worked in country, also driven a few times in trap harness.

Also many other Horses, particulars in future advertisements.

SEWELL, SON & SIMPSON
AUCTIONEERS. (LTD.)
HUNTERS FOR HIRE.
WELL-KNOWN Hunters, up to weight, with manners, that have been hunting since the start of the season.
Terms—£3 7s. per day.
J. M. JOHNSON,
17 MONTPELIER HILL.
'Phone 2675.

HORSES HARVEY'S HORSES WORM & CONDITION POWDERS.
90 per cent. of Horses Harbour Worms. These Powders expel Worms, promote and maintain condition. Always Reliable and Effectual, and do not interfere with work.
Of all Chemists, price 3/6 per Box, or with Special Physic Ball, 4/3.

CHILBLAINS
ARE MOST RATIONALLY CURED BY INTERNAL TREATMENT.
GRAHAM'S CHILBLAIN MIXTURE
IS AN OLD-ESTABLISHED AND RELIABLE REMEDY—SAFE FOR CHILDREN AS WELL AS ADULTS.
Sold in Bottles at 2/-, Double Size 3/6.
(Postage 9d. and 1/- extra).
SOLE MAKERS—
J. J. GRAHAM & CO.,
30 WESTMORELAND ST., DUBLIN.

SITUATIONS CONTINUED.

MOTHER'S Help or Assistant Housekeeper Wanted in large Girls' School in North; Protestant and Catholic references; salary.—Z 957, Help," this office. X

MANAGER Wanted for new Motor Garage Co., Monaghan, thoroughly reliable Man, to take complete charge, understand all cars, buy all material and cars; one willing to invest small amount given preference. State full particulars and salary, Box 24, O'Keeffe's Advt. Agency, 10 D'Olier st., Dublin. D

NORTH Circular road—Advertisements for this Paper are received by Mr. Lonergan, Newsagent and Confectioner, 9a Olde Toll House, Phoenix Park Gate, North Circular road.

OPERA—Wanted, Musical Director, with knowledge of producing preferred. State terms to Secretary, Dun Laoghaire and Pitcliff Operatic Society, "Workmen's Club, Dun Laoghaire.

OFFICE Boy Wanted by Chartered Accountants, Dublin; age 14-15, intelligent and respectable; salary commencing 10/- per week.—O 439, this office. E

PASTRY Cook, experienced, Lady, Wanted, well up in all branches; Protestant preferred. Apply, state age, reference, salary expected (outdoor).—Z 1155, Cook," this office. D

RUTLEDGEMAN and Farrierman Wanted in Dublin; R.S. sack plant. Apply, enclosing copies of certificates, to "Z 1109, Man," this office. D

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USEFUL Girl wanted for two ladies; entire work of small house; Protestant preferred; copies difficharge.—Z 961, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

NEW PRICES.

CHEVROLET, 4/5 Seaters, £360. CALCOTT, 2/4 Seaters, from £375. CLULEY, 2/4 Seaters, from £350. WALLEN, TRINITY STREET GARAGE.

A.C. Two Seater, electric light, hood, screen, £925.—Wood, Westland Row. T

VALUE FOR MONEY.

THE 1922 CHEVROLET 20 h.p. 5 SEATER TOURING CAR represents value for money in its truest sense; a car which gives the motorist SERVICE plus RELIABILITY; a car in which low maintenance costs are on a par with its remarkably low price £260

SEE OUR DEMONSTRATION CAR.

LINCOLN MOTOR COMPANY, LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN, Distributors for Southern Ireland. T

1922 DEMONSTRATION MODEL, 8 h.p. "SINGER," £280 (water cooled). NOW ON VIEW. CUMMING AND DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE, 4 LR. ABBEY STREET. Phone, 4779. T

THE PICK OF THE MARKET:—

AUSTIN, 12 h.p. and 20 h.p. TALBOT-DARRACQ, 8 h.p., 12 h.p., and 16 h.p. VAUXHALL, 14 h.p. and 25 h.p.

FOR CASH OR ON DEFERRED PAYMENTS.

HARRY FERGUSON, LTD., 134 LOWER BAGGOT STREET, DUBLIN. T

MOTOR REPAIRS AND ACCESSORIES. A. CRAWFORD, 29 and 30 DAWSON STREET, and GARAGE, GLOVER'S ALLEY. X

12 H.P. ROVER CARS.

1923 MODELS. REVISED PRICES.

2 SEATER (including Dickey)..... £625
4 SEATER £650
COUPE (including Dickey) £750

ROVER CO., LTD., LORD EDWARD ST. X

NOW

IS THE TIME TO BUY YOUR NEW CAR.

"WE ARE THE DEALERS WHO SELL THE RIGHT CARS."

Write for Descriptive Catalogue "T," giving Specifications, etc., of the well-known Models we handle.

DUBLIN MOTOR CO., LTD., 25 STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN. T

BEAN Coupe, 11.9, self starter, electric light, purchased last September, quite new; any trial given.—Cooper, C 463, this office.

CLEMENT Talbot Landelette in fine condition, suitable for hiring work; £180 or nearest offer.—C 563, this office.

DAIMLER 16-20 Touring, perfect mechanical order; any trial; £350 or best offer; owner going abroad.—C 500, this office.

GWK, 1914, dicker rest, recently overhauled and fitted with new Dunlop tyres and tubes; £95.—Middlemiss, 25 Pembroke Road, Ballsbridge.

Peugeot Car, 40 Dawson st., Dublin.

ROOTES "Limited" Sedan De Luxe," C 358 maines; Four Seater, 405 guineas ex works; latest and last arrival this model.—M. and J. Dawson, Mary street.

SUNBEAM, 14-18 h.p. chassis, Brooklands silent chain gearbox, recently completely overhauled and in perfect running order, any trial; what offers?—Z 1128, Journal, this office.

SMALL Modern Car Bargains—Perry 11.9 4 Seater, 10 Lucas dynamo lighting, as new, £250; Calthorpe, 9.20 4 cylinder 4 Seater, £135; Motherwell, 8-10 4 cylinder 2 Seater, £125; Perry Twin 2 Seater, 1775 cc, four 2 Seater, £175; subject any trials. Tax prepaid, 128 Stephen's Green.

WHEN you fear you may be late, ring up Dublin, 4788.—Jas. Nolan Motor Co., Ltd., 20 Nassau street.

HP. Star, just completely overhauled, fitted with 15 G.A.V. lighting set and detachable wheels; car just repainted. Can be seen at Lennox Smithfield. £ 1921 KINGSBURY Junior 10 h.p. Tourer, only done 1,200 miles, is splendid order; owner going abroad sell; a bargain at £175, or nearest offer.—C 554, this office.

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED

MOTOR Mechanic Wanted; must have experience all makes of cars and do spare driving. Apply, stating experience and enclosing copies of references, C 819, this office.

WANTED, middleaged Man as Chauffeur, Ford car, and small country engine; private; late good reference. Apply Rogers, Brownstown, Curragh.

DISENGAGED

CHAUFFEUR wants situation; Ford or gate change, private or commercial.—C 516, this office.

SITUATIONS CONTINUED (FROM PAGE 1.)

WANTED, a Man who thoroughly understands all kinds of Cellar work and to take out Minerals. Applications to be made to the Secretary, Workingmen's Club, 10 Wellington quay, Dublin.

WANTED, Pianiste, to Play for Dance Class, Mon days or Fridays, 5-4.30.—C 111, this office. X

WANTED, a Smart Waitress. Apply at Wolf-owitz's Cafe, Grafton st.

WANTED, good Confectioner, Girl of good experience, well up in all varieties.—C 554, this office.

REPRESENTATIVES WANTED.

IRELAND'S LEADING ADVERTISING SERVICE

Requires thoroughly competent OUTDOOR ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVE with initiative, energy, sales and organising experience of Modern Publicity Methods, to develop an already existing clientele and secure new business. Good salary and commission, with a permanent position, open to the right man, and every opportunity for advancement on results.

Apply, by letter, giving full particulars, to C 553, this office.

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

1920 11 h.p. STANDARD Two Seater, just been overhauled and repainted blue; beautiful car; absolutely complete, with dynamo lighting and starting, spare wheel and tyre, side lamps, full kit of tools, speedometer, etc.; any trial given. What offers over £360.—C 346, this office. O

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A1" MOTOR Cycles—New Imperials, 1922 models now in view; Sunbeam, Lewis, and Les Francis on the way; several special bargains in new 1921 Machines; come and see them.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., 12 Seaton st., off Grafton st. T

A.J.S. NEW PRICES—7 h.p. COMBINATION, £175; 2¼ h.p. LIGHT-WEIGHTS, £85; TRIUMPH, 4 h.p., from £105; LIGHT-WEIGHT, £65; ROVER TWIN COMBINATION, £135.

WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE.

AT 42 Westland Row—1922 B.S.A. Twins, £104; Singles, £107. T

1922 MODELS FOR EARLY DELIVERY—Martinsyde, Beardmore, Omega-Duplex, Revere, Sheffield Henderson, Cameo, etc.

CUMMING AND DILLON'S AUTO-SERVICE, 4 LOWER ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN. 'Phone, 4779. T

ENFIELD, DOUGLAS, MATCHLESS MOTOR CYCLES, PRICES FROM £55.

BURNEY BROS., 67 GREAT BRUNSWICK STREET, DUBLIN. T

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, Pawnbroker, Winetavern st. (opposite Four Courts); new garage. T

BARGAINS in Motor Cycles—Scott 3t 1921 Water-cooled Countershaft Combination, £75; Triumph 4 Countershaft, clutch and K.S. model, £75; Triumph Countershaft Combination, £55; Triumph 3 Speed 3t, £30; Lewis 2¼ 2 Stroke, £25; Hamber 3¼ 3 Speed Combination, £25; Rudge 3t Clutch Model, £50; Douglas 2¾ 2 Speed, £25; Sparkbrook 2¾ Stroke, £25; and several others at equally low prices.—Fitzgerald 126 Stephen's Green.

4 H.P. Harley Davidson 1914 Combination, perfect condition. Seen at S. T. Robinson's, 33 South King st. C

6 HORSE power Ariel Combination, three speed counter, shaft; nice condition; cheap.—C 493, this office.

LORRIES, VANS; MOTOR & STEAM HAULAGE.

AN 8 h.p. Double Crank Burrell Tractor, with winding drum and canopy over driver; 6 ton Sentinel Steam Wagon, engine in perfect working order, lately passed maker's official working permit; a 4 ton Commer Motor Lorry, with specially long chassis, thoroughly overhauled; must be sold to clear space; no reasonable offer refused.—Thomas Archer, New Wapping st, Dublin. 'Phone, 1902. Telegrams, "Superlux," Dublin.

FOR Sale, 1920 Ford Van, in perfect order, self starter, Disc wheels, price £150; also 1919 5 Seater Darracq, price £60. Apply Roe Bros., Boyle. F

TULLING 30 Cwt. Lorry, covered body, new condition, Jersey, £800.—Sutt, Ltd., Longford.

TWO 7 ton Motor Lorries for Sale, cheap, to carry 2½ and 3 ton respectively, both in perfect running order; also a 4 Ton Trailer, by Callow. Apply Craigie, Finglas, Co. Dublin. X

BODIES.

FORD One Ton Lorry Body, Cab, and Platform, new, ready for fitting; Dublin made; section; £35.—C 454, this office.

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

FOR Sale, at The Garage, 1 St. Mary's road, Northumberland road, Dublin, Secondhand Bosch Magnetos, Smith Carburetors, Stuart Turner Petrol Tank, Steering Gear, etc.

MOTOR Tyres, slightly used, at bargain prices; 500 x 80 Cord, £5 10s.; 35/- to 35/- each; 300 x 920 x 120, 40/- each.—Thompson's, Great Brunswick st.

TYRES—We guarantee Repairs to Tubes and Covers for 12 months. Prices and full particulars on application. Covers new. Prompt delivery, reasonable charges. Only address—Glyde Motor Tyre Co., 4 Lower Buckingham st., Dublin.

BICYCLES.

"A1"—Come and See them—Sunbeams, 1922 models, just arrived; several new Sheepshead B.S.A. Sparkbrook, and Osmond models; Cash or Easy Terms.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lennox st., off Grafton st.

A GENT Offers—Brand New Special, 1922, Ladies' and Gents' Cycles, all one price, £12 cash; Rudge, Whitworth Motor Cycles from £95; Inspection invited.—Fitzgerald, 126 Stephen's Green. £135.

BARGAINS in Gents' Cycles, Royal Frankford, new, with B.S.A. 3 speed and Dunlop tyres, £16 10s.; Rover 3 Speed, £9 10s.; Humber, Rudge, Triumph, Hawk, two Swifts, £6 10.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green.

FOR Sale, Raleigh Bicycle, 24 inch, perfect. Seen Raleigh Cycle Co., Leinster st.

GENTLEMAN'S Raleigh, B 90 saddle, Dunlop tyres, acetylene lamp, £7 10/.—C 477, this office.

RALEIGHS, from £10 10/-, wonderful value.—Price Bros., Chatham st. (immediately off Grafton st.)

CHAUFFEURS CONTINUED.

DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR disengaged, private or commercial car; personally useful.—N 0 640, Irish Times Branch Office, Bathurst st. D

CHAUFFEUR; young man, experienced, any make; thoroughly recommended; private or commercial. Apply Rogers, Brownstown, Curragh. C

YOUNG Man seeks situation as Chauffeur-Gardener; private; state terms.—C 508, this office.

YOUNG Man seeks situation as Chauffeur; garage experience and all running repairs; strict T.T., Protestant; highly recommended.—C 389, this office.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED CONTINUED.

COMPANION desires post; good knowledge of cooking; can undertake light housework if necessary; excellent references.—Z 982, Companion, this office.

CHEF, late Head Waiting Staff, Shipstown, seeks engagement.—Z 1140, Chef," this office.

DRESSMAKER—Good, competent Worker wants Home Work; London good cutter and fitter. Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot st. Bridge. O

EXPERIENCED Lady Cook-housekeeper, disengaged shortly, wishes to hear of vacancy.—C 359, this office.

EXPERIENCED young Lady seeks Invoicing or Ledger Work.—Z 1132, Clerk," this office. B

GENTLEWOMAN, 10, with nice appearance, desires re-engagement Companion Housekeeper to lady not strong; good knowledge of nursing.—Z 1031, Housekeeper," this office. E

GENTLEWOMAN, with much experience, desires daily engagement; care of infant or invalid; willing to do household mending.—O 408, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot st. Bridge. O

GENTLEMAN, good education and address, travelled, energetic, desires position Motor Demonstrator, Salesman, or any responsible position; motor trade eight years' experience.—O 507, this office.

GENTLEWOMAN (Protestant), Housekeeper, Assistant or Matron, Companion Help; needlewoman; experience; moderate salary; good references.—O 511, this office.

GIRL, 17, wishes to Apprentice herself to Dressmaking.—C 463, this office.

GOVERNESS Outfitting, Hosiery—Young Man, Protestant, six years' experience, desires post; good references.—C 546, this office.

GIRL, leaving Technical School, desires position as Junior Bookkeeper; excellent references.—C 538, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot st. Bridge.

HOUSEKEEPER, disengaged; seeks position in business house or with gentleman; trustworthy; can be highly recommended.—C 464, this office.

JUNIOR Bookkeeper, Shorthand Typist, efficient and systematic; young Girl, seeks engagement; can be highly recommended.—C 455, this office.

LADY, University and Secretarial training, wishes to obtain position; secretary; has method of typewriting accurately done.—O 326, this office.

LADY Help or Nursery Governess Catholic, experienced, desires re-engagement; teach usual subjects; highest references.—C 281, this office.

LADY would go as Companion to lady or do light housework in return for room.—C 475, this office.

LADY Housekeeper, experienced; would take charge of work, seeks post.—Z 1141, Housekeeper," this office.

MANAGERESS, long experience, first class Hotels, desires change; thoroughly understands all branches hotel or residential; references.—C 541, this office.

MARRIED Couple, no family, husband (Army pensioner) employed during day, requires post as Caretakers for offices or lock after gentleman's private house in Dublin; highest references; securing given.—O 472, this office.

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MARRIED Couple, no family, husband (Army pensioner) employed during day, requires post as Caretakers for offices or lock after gentleman's private house in Dublin; highest references; security given.—O 472, this office. E

PROTESTANT Lady, thoroughly useful, fond children, desires post; small family; no washing; good needlewoman; excellent references.—C 472, this office.

PROTESTANT Lady, thoroughly useful, fond children, desires post; small family; no washing; good needlewoman; excellent references.—C 472, this office. E

RESPECTABLE Girl (R.C.), aged 16, well recommended, desires position as Companion to School Teacher.—Z 1127, Companion," this office.

RESPECTABLE young country Girl desires Apprenticeship Tobacco and Fancies; apply Irish Times Branch Office, Ranelagh.

SITUATION wanted by young R.C., widow position Assistant Manageress in Hotel; excellent references; fill any position of trust. Particulars, Matron, Irish Times. B

STENOGRAPHER (Girl) offers possibly Part Time Secretarial work; smart and willing to learn; early start; moderate salary.—C 247, this office. B

SUPERIOR Protestant, with child 4 years, wishes post Nurse-Housekeeper; small salary.—C 512, this office.

TWO (Girls wish vacancy in private or public laundry; well experienced; well recommended.—982, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagot st. Bridge. O

YOUNG Lady (R.C., practical Cook, technically trained, seeks post Housekeeper, Companion Help, Governess; references.—C 395, this office.

YOUNG Man wants about two hours Clerical Work each evening; terms moderate.—C 504, this office. D

YOUNG Man, just disengaged, seeks position as Junior Clerk; bookkeeping experience and typewriting; wages 35/- to commence.—A Doyle, 49 Mespil road, Dublin.

YOUNG Man, with good experience as Storekeeper, Shipping and Dispatching Clerk, can be highly recommended.—C 443, this office.

YOUNG Man wishes vacancy as Second Chef; disengaged when suited.—C 506, this office.

YOUNG Lady desires position, Shorthand Typewriting, Bookkeeping; 3 years' experience; well recommended.—C 461, this office.

MALE SERVANTS WANTED.

AN experienced Bedroom Porter and Valet required for first class Dublin Hotel; only experienced men need apply.—C 497, this office.

WANTED, Bank Porter, with knowledge of housework; Protestant; middle-aged preferred.—C 509, this office.

WANTED, Groom, single, live in, accustomed to cars and hunters.—Fetherstonhaugh, Brackley, Westmeath.

WANTED, Butler, Footman, Groom, Valet, single, no religion, wages, "Z 1144, Butler," this office.

WANTED, Dublin, Butler, Groom, Valet, single, strong, active single steady Man to do gardening and milk; wages £1 per week.—Apply James Morgan, Dunsoghly, Dundonald, Belfast.

WANTED, an Soldier Servant as Cook, private house. "Z 1160, Servant," this office.

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS WANTED.

EXPERIENCED Market Gardener, with knowledge of farming and cattle, Wanted; live in lodge; small family; employment for wife, or daughter.—C 318, this office.

WANTED, Co. Carlow, Working Steward Gardener, to live in lodge; small family; good character; wages £80. Apply Mrs. Gerahty, Oakfield Park, Carlow.

WANTED, experienced Journeyman, one who has had a similar post in good garden, and can grow plants and fruit under glass and outside; testimonials of experience, age, when disengaged, Head Gardener, Heathfield, Ennis.

WANTED, Steward or Gardener, chiefly understood Poultry and Pigs; must be good carting and carrying; grower of good wages; no bothy.—Z 1145, Gardener," this office. C

MALE SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

BUTLER, Wife Cook (Protestants) desires Caretaking or gentleman's home; age and as above as required; thoroughly reliable in every way; shortly disengaged.—The Butler, Bishop's Court, Naas. O

CARETAKER seeks situation; good trapper and shooter; well recommended.—Z 1129, Keeper," this office.

HERD or Tanman, single, Wants situation, wages £80; milk and cattle, etc.; good discharge.—Z 1017, Herd," this office. A

MARRIED Protestant Man seeks situation as Gardener-Chauffeur; understands all farm work and machinery, sick, stock, etc.; good man with cattle; highly recommended.—Z 1038, Man," this office. B

MARRIED Couple, Cook and Indoor Servant; would take charge house; Free.—Blackwood's, 1c Mount st.

MAN seeks a situation as Tanman; good milker; would go indoor; well recommended.—W. Harding, Stepaside, Shankill, Co. Dublin.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

EXPERIENCED General, family two; Wanted 10th; good wages; Apply Chesterville, Ballyfermot Road.

HOLROOK—Wanted, good General Servant; two in family; good wages.—Mrs. Dobbin, Mountsandel, Foxrock.

GENERAL Wanted, young, good appearance; plain cooking and housework; no washing; must be well recommended; £34, all found.—"Z 1008, General," this office.

GENERAL Maid Wanted; good plain cook, housework; very early riser; comfortable home. Apply Manor, Nursing Home, Gorey, Co. Wexford. B

GENERAL Wanted; well recommended; Lesson Park; family two.—O 448, this office.

GENERAL Wanted; well recommended; good plain cook; some washing; two ladies; £24; Dartmouth square.—O 480, this office.

GOOD General required, suburbs; no washing or scrubbing; two in family, nurse and one child; must have good references and be early riser.—O 504, this office.

GOOD young General Wanted, clean, tidy, small modern house. Apply 5 Brendan road, Donnybrook.

GENERAL Wanted; good plain cook, early riser; good wages; Apply Mrs. Rogers, Hazelbrook, Rathfarnham.

WANTED, thoroughly trained Cook, baking, dairy; good wages; comfortable home; apply Mrs. Gerahty, Oakfield Park, Carlow.

WANTED, Cook-General, good plain cook; highly recommended; family two; no washing; good wages; Apply Mrs. Gerahty, Oakfield Park, Carlow.

WANTED, experienced General; small family; 60 Grosvenor road, Rathmines.

WANTED, experienced General, reliable; good cook, housework; family three; Ballsbridge.—O 457, this office.

WANTED, Experienced General for small house, Herbert Park; good plain cook. Apply 79 Park terrace, Sandymount.

WANTED, young, experienced General; must be fond of children; sister kept; good wages. Apply "Z 992, Belvedere," this office.

YOUNG Man seeks employment; can care poultry, milk, and generally useful. Recommended.—Fox, McKenna, Sparrow, Co. Rathgar.

YOUNG Man wishes situation as Carter and General Servant. Apply 11 Brunswick st.

YOUNG Man, Protestant, seeks situation, care motor, understands all garden work, milk if required; highly recommended.—C 1158, this office.

YOUNG Protestant Man, House Parlourmaid; experienced; excellent testimonials; strong, useful.—Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS DISENGAGED

EXPERIENCED Working Steward requires situation; highly recommended.—Z 1137, Steward," this office.

GARDENER (Working), single; good references; state wages; Baskin Hill, Clontarf, Co. Dublin. O

GARDENER or Steward Gardener, 35, life experience, R.C., married, no family.—C 501, this office. O

GARDENER, thoroughly experienced under glass and outside, mushrooms, etc., 33, single, open to engagement; highest testimonials.—8 Eaglehill, Terenure, Dublin.

GARDENER wants situation, thoroughly understands his business; married, no children required; first class gardener; highly recommended.—C 536, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot st. Bridge. O

GARDENER, good workman, wants work three days weekly.—C 446, this office.

GARDENER, thoroughly understands his business and can milk; single.—C 547, this office.

HEAD Gardener, married, no family, single, R.C.; 11 experienced in all branches; satisfactory references.—Z 1139, this office.

LAND Steward, well up in all branches, machinery, hiring and selling; would do as Working Steward. 517 Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock.

PROFESSIONAL Gardener starting for himself is open to undertake Lawns; must clean well on Wednesdays, or will take day work to get a connection; expert at colour, schemes and herbaceous borders.—C 552, this office.

PROTESTANT young Man, farmer's son, with Department Diploma, well experienced, desires position Steward or Farm Assistant.—O 443, this office.

STEWARD (Working), thoroughly understands his business; married, no incumbrance; best references; disengaged on or about January.—C 1086, this office.

WORKING Gardener seeks position; an all round handy man; good experience all branches; strict T.T., age 37; highest references; at present disengaged. 962, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock.

DOMESTICS WANTED.

AT Mulpetre's Registry, 11 St. Anne st.—Wanted, first class Cooks, H'maids, P'maids, Generals, Nurses.

ALL classes of Irish Servants can obtain good situations in London. Highest wages and best places through Miss Doyle's Qld Established Registry, 28 Edgware road London, W. Also Servants' comfortable Home, 2 weeks' Situation found. Write, phone or wire.

COOKS, experienced, Cook Generals, P'maids, Parlourmaids, H'maids. Between Maids.—Registry Stinger's, Grafton street.

DRESSMAKER (Working) required for business house; must understand plain cooking; Protestant preferred.—Z 1095, Housekeeper," this office.

EXPERIENCED Parlourmaid, for country place; good wages. Apply "Z 992, Belvedere," this office.

WANTED, General Servant Domestic Help, or clean, respectable Woman to train; good wages; Apply Protestant preferred.—Z 1068, General," this office. O

WANTED, Protestant Woman for General Work; must understand cooking; Home Industries, Ballsbridge.

WANTED, Working Housekeeper, one young gentleman, country; usual household duties; state salary.—C 482, this office.

WANTED, a Working Housekeeper for small modern house. Cooking or Laundry—H., 99 Upper Leeson st. C

WANTED, Cooks, C. Generals, P'maids; good wages. 10 Blackwood's, Lower Mount st.

WANTED, respectable Girl, washing, general housework; family two; wages £20. Apply Mrs. Bewley, 5 Leeson park, Donnybrook.

WANTED, respectable Girl, washing, general housework; family two; wages £20. Call, after 6.30, Ardmal, Cowper road, Palmerston road.

WANTED, smart young General; small family.—60 Grosvenor road, Rathmines.

WANTED, experienced General, reliable; good cook, housework; family three; Ballsbridge.—O 457, this office.

WANTED, experienced General for small house, Herbert Park; good plain cook. Apply 79 Park terrace, Sandymount.

WANTED, young, experienced General; must be fond of children; sister kept; good wages. Apply "Z 992, Belvedere," this office.

WANTED, General Servant Domestic Help, or clean, respectable Woman to train; good wages; Apply Protestant preferred.—Z 1068, General," this office. O

WANTED, Protestant Woman for General Work; must understand cooking; Home Industries, Ballsbridge.

WANTED, Working Housekeeper, one young gentleman, country; usual household duties; state salary.—C 482, this office.

WANTED, a Working Housekeeper for small modern house. Cooking or Laundry—H., 99 Upper Leeson st. C

WANTED, Cooks, C. Generals, P'maids; good wages. 10 Blackwood's, Lower Mount st

RACING AT MANCHESTER.

HARRISON'S TREBLE.

SHERWOOD FORESTER'S SURPRISE.

The big fields that ruled for the opening of the New Year at Manchester were undoubtedly due to the system here of allowing owners £10 towards the expenses of the horses running, many virtually worthless animals, and probably several of those competing would not have excited brisk bidding in the sale ring.

An unpleasant incident marred the opening race, which was for horses that had not won a steeplechase valued 90 sovs. at closing. Hectic won on the present occasion, and on the objection of the trainer of the second, Dunstanburgh, was disqualified. Those concerned with the entry of Hectic had overlooked his win at Hexham of a race valued 97 sovs. Mr. Adam Scott was fined £25 for carelessness in entering the horse.

This is another argument in favour of those who advocate an official supervisor of entries. It was current gossip in the paddock before racing that Hectic was not qualified to run. It certainly seems as though the Stewards should, on their own initiative, have gone into the matter before the race.

Cussing Arms, who since winning in the autumn at Aintree had been specially reserved for the Victory Steeplechase, was now very greatly expected to win. Nothing could have been finer than his bold, sharp fencing, and he cut a very fast pace after Sherwood Forester had caught and beaten him on the flat. It was contended by his disappointed followers that Anthony had made too much use of him, but this is a mistake. Such a free striding horse has to be allowed to run his own race to a very great extent.

Sherwood Forester's success came as a great surprise in face of his failure at Nottingham, but apparently there has been a very great improvement on his previous form. He was recently sold by the Nottingham owner, Mr. Black, to Mr. Settle.

Another late stable companion of Sherwood Forester in Oliviero was expected to accomplish a coup in the Chorlton Hurdle, but his jumping was faulty, and he was early in grief. Frusolno, ridden in Dullet's colours, Aristotle style, was in the circumstances a ready winner.

Jockeys' engagements for to-day include:—Duller—Old Times and Charles Lever. J. R. Anthony—Bodyguard and Vertigo. H. Jones—Snake Ash. W. Smith—Jimmy Stuart. A. Smith—Acrocephalus and Arlington. M. Dillon—Earl Marshall and Drumbuck.

1.0—THE NEW YEAR 'CHASE, £200. Weight-for-age. 3m.

Mr. J. Barnett's ch. g. DUNSTANBURGH, by Sir Harry—Honey, a, 12-2...H. Watkins 1
Mr. C. Kenyon's WAVE FOR'ARD, a, 11-4 ..... W. Gurney 2
Mr. J. Settle's CUPID'S DART, a, 12-2..F. Mason 3

Also ran.—Hectic, a, 12-9, (Disqualified and 1). Vaucey Wrexham, a, 12-9 (Capt. J. Powell); Wild Enough, a, 11-4 (Owner); An Fait, a, 11-9 (D. Dick); Young Briar, 6, 11-9 (Mr. Duffin); Vendetta, a, 10-11 (Owner); St. Quick, a, 10-11 (J. Whelan). (Winner trained by Threlfell.)

Betting—2 to 1 agst. Cupid's Dart, 5 to 2 Hectic, 6 to 1 Wave For'ard, 7 to 1 each DUNSTANBURGH and An Fait, 100 to 8 bar five.

Won by a neck; a head between second and third. Vive La was fourth.

1.30—THE CASTLE SELLING HANDICAP HURDLE, £150. 2 m.

Mrs. H. Peel's ch. g. 1?50, by Corcyra—Fairy Footsteps, 5, 10-6 ..... J. Coulthwaite 1
Mr. O. Mosley's FRIBURY, a, 10-12..P. Winter 2
Mr. J. Baylis' MONARD, a, 11-12 ..... F. Rees 3

Also ran.—Coaxer, a, 11-9 (M. Howard); Montgrenan, 5, 11-2 (J. Anderson); Sandy Row, 5, 11-0 (E. Barker); Finalist, a, 11-0 (A. Reader); Treasure, a, 10-13 (Owner); Fighsdean, a, 10-8 (Hodson); Wild Ranger, 6, 10-10 (J. Payne); Scesotria, 6, 10-7 (W. Bullock); Searcher, a, 10-7 (Owner); Ranter, 6, 10-0 (Lyall); Northcourt, a, 10-3 (K. Chamberlain); Toby, 6, 10-1 (Dwines); Prince Lionel, a, 9-10 (Wadby); Hukm, a, 10-0 (W. Smith); Somniferum, 3, 10-0 (Jaden). (Winner trained by Harrison.)

Betting—11 to 10 agst. Monard, 3 to 1 IPSO, 10 to 1 each Ranter, Frizbury, and Finalist; 100 to a Scesotria, 20 to 1 bar six.

Won by six lengths; two lengths separated the second and third.

The winner was sold to Mrs. M. Davis for 200 guineas.

2.0—THE CHORLTON HANDICAP HURDLE £200. 2 m.

Mr. W. Paul's ch. g. FRUSCINO, by Lesterlin—Air Cushion, 6, 12-8 ..... G. Duller 1
Mr. F. Hayes' GRECIAN WATERS, 5, 11-8 ..... Stubbs 2
Capt. Brennand's SOME DANCER, 6, 10-7 ..... E. Barker 3

Also ran.—Magic Note, 5, 11-5 (Mr. R. Conisle); Winter Voyage, 5, 11-1 (F. Mason); Oliviero, 6, 10-12 (O. Casebourne); Shieling, 6, 10-12 (R. Lawn); Mr. G's Toy, 5, 10-3, carried 10-5 (Capt. Powell); The Stickler, 5, 10-3 (W. Smith); Buckfourth, 6, 9-11 (W. Gurney); Whickham, 6, 10-0, carried 10-4 (W. Adams). (Winner trained by H. Harrison.)

Betting—15 to 8 agst. Oliviero, 2 to 1 FRUSCINO, 7 to 1 Buckfinch, 100 to 8 each Grecian Waters, Some Dancer, or any other.

Won by ten lengths; four lengths separated the second and third.

2.30—THE VICTORY 'CHASE (hdcp.). £1,000. 2 m.

Mr. J. Settle's b. g. SHERWOOD FORESTER, by Camp Fire II.—Dancing Crow, a, 11-1 ..... J. Anthony 2
Col. W. Anthony's CLASHING ARMS, a, 11-3 ..... W. Smith 3

Also ran.—Silver Ring, a, 12-11 (F. B. Rees); Conroe, a, 12-0 (Mr. Bentley); Pacquad, a, 10-0 (J. Canty); Command, a, 11-7 (A. Vause); Mask Man, a, 10-9 (F. Gurney); Dart, 6, 10-4 (R. Lawn). (Winner trained by H. A. Brown.)

Betting—9 to 4 agst. Clashing Arms, 5 to 2 Silver Ring, 6 to 1 Hairpin II., 7 to 1 each Dart and SHERWOOD FORESTER, 20 to 1 Mask Man, 100 to 8 any other.

Clashing Arms led from Pacifist, Conroe, Sherwood Forester, Silver Ring, and Command, with Dart last. There was little change in the straight, where Sherwood Forester became second, and challenging at the last, won by six lengths; same distance separated second and third. Command was fourth, Silver Ring fifth, Mask Man sixth, Pacifist seventh, and Conroe last.

3.0—CLUB FOUR-YEAR-OLD HURDLE, £200. 2 m.

Mr. R. Horsfall's br. c. BRIANBROOK, by Somandi—Corvene, 11-0 ..... M. Dillon 1
Mr. W. Brown's MARSIN, 10-9 ..... F. Brown 2
Mrs. A. Blain's WISE FOLLY, 11-5 ..... A. Smith 3

Also ran.—Marriage Contract, 11-0 (Payne); Warrington, 11-0 (Mr. P. Warrington); Wise Prince, 10-9 (J. Hine); Chuck a Penny, 11-0 (W. Bullock); Phantom Willie, 11-0 (A. Waudby); Little England, 11-0 (F. Gurney); Boy Renard, 11-0 (owner); Five Ins, 11-0 (Mr. Lee); Lost Match, 11-0 (car. 11-1) (Mr. A. Knowles); Sophon, 10-9 (J. Anderson); St. Joseph, 11-0 (T. Leader). (Winner trained by Davis.)

Betting—2 to 1 each agst. Wise Folly and Five Ins, 6 to 1 Marsin, 8 to 1 each BRIANBROOK and Warrington, 10 to 1 Little England, 100 to 7 any other.

Won by a neck; three lengths separated second and third. Vive La was fourth.

3.30—AMATEUR RIDERS' HANDICAP STEEPLE-CHASE, £150. 3 m.

Mr. J. Hogan's b. g. PRIDE OF MANISTER, by Wavelet's Pride, d. by Santoi—Francesca, 11-5 ..... Capt. J. O. Belmar 1
Mr. W. R. Smith's SCOTTISH ARCHER, a, 10-9 ..... Mr. V. Dennis 2
Mr. J. Widger's DRIFTER, a, 11-4 ..... Mr. S. C. Lloyd 3

Also ran.—Udan, a, 11-0 (Mr. P. Robetia); Meadowlark, 5, 10-2 (Mr. P. Donnelly); Breakaway, a, 10-0 (Owner). Winner trained by Bickley.)

Betting—13 to 8 agst. Drifter, 7 to 2 Scottish Archer, 5 to 2 each PRIDE OF MANISTER and Udan, 10 to 1 any other.

Won by a length; ten lengths separated second and third.

TO-DAY'S FANCIES.

The opening afternoon's racing will assuredly be improved upon to-day, when the Victory Hurdle Handicap is likely to attract some dozen competitors. It is an open affair, to which I shall leave the two top weights to battle for supremacy. If Duller rides Lusadon he may just defeat the Newmarket crack, but as this Epsom jockey is claimed for Old Times, I shah vote for

FRONT LINE.

Phantom Bold may obtain a place. For the other events I fancy the following:—

Broughton Hurdle—**Old Mick** or **Tom Powrie.**

Peel Park Hurdle—**Tarazia.**

Manchester Steeplechase—**Pencoed.**

Stand Handicap—**Elson;** if absent, **Ballyhandy.**

Canal Steeplechase—**Ardgour;** if absent, **The Inca II.**

1.0—BROUGHTON HURDLE, £200. Second £20, third £10. 2 m. Age st. lb.

FRAGOLA (Mrs. H. Bletso)	Smith	4	11
TOM POWRIE (Mr. R. A. Brown)	Brown	4	11
DRUMBRED (Mr. G. Bailey)	Jos. Dodd	6	11
BUCKFOUR (Mr. C. Kenyon)	Jos. Dodd	6	11
OLD MICE (Mr. W. Shaw)	Baxter	6	11
THE SECRET (Mr. C. Kenyon)	Jos. Dodd	6	11
POLISTA (Mr. H. Lines)	Lines	5	11
MILO (Mr. W. Patterson)	Patterson	5	11
LARGINO (Mr. W. Patterson)	Patterson	5	11
ARLINGTON (Mr. T. Bolton)	Botterill	5	11
MARRIAGE CONTRACT (Mr. G. Hastings)	Ringstead	4	10
BEY RENARD (Capt. J. Powell)	Powell	4	10

(The above have arrived.)

FONIARD (Mrs. E. Cecil Wright)	Bunn	5	11
WITTON (Mr. H. Bailey)	W. Baxter	4	11
SALLINOGUIN (Mr. J. Brennand)	Payne	4	11
THERMOGENE (Mr. J. McLean)	McGuigan	5	11
THOVORE (Mr. J. McLean)	McGuigan	5	11
CHARLWALSH (Mr. C. Marshall)	Slim	5	11
PHILIP (Mr. W. Wilson)	Vasey	5	11
NOLA (Mr. H. Cooper)	H. Harrison	6	11
MOONBEAM (Mr. F. Osborne)	Hastings	4	11
MOON NIGHT (Mr. R. Henry)	Private	4	11
DERBY (Mr. R. Walker)	Coulthwaite	5	11
EAGER MONK (Mrs. H. Hollins)	W. Peake	5	11
SAFE IN BED (Mr. A. Scott)	A. Scott	4	11
CHURCH HISTORY (Sir J. Buchanan)	Goss	6	11
LAIRD'S BIRTHDAY (Lt.-Col. J. Mc.)	Bosley	4	11
MAIN ROYAL (Mr. T. Blane)	C. Young	5	11
DIAMOND HOUSE (Mr. R. Pope)	Vasey	5	11
SERVICE KIT (Mr. J. Baylis)	Coulthwaite	5	11
JOHN PEEL (Sir J. Buchanan)	Scotland	5	11
STOCKWOOD (Mr. J. Lees)	Adams	5	11
KING'S FOLLY (Mr. J. Lees)	Preston	5	11
DOON STAR (Mr. J. McLaughlin)	McCall	5	11
RIGHT (Mr. A. Scott)	A. Scott	5	11
FLYING COD'S (Mr. J. Widger)	Mason	5	11
BABA AVIS (Mr. W. Whitehead)	Nightingall	5	11
FEATHERSTONE (Mr. H. Lines)	Lines	5	11
AMMOSAL (Mrs. S. Lloyd)	Anthony	5	11
GEORGE CRAG (Mr. A.)		5	11
GREEK VINE (Col. de Trafford)	W. Payne	5	11
GREY MONK (Mr. C. Vyner)	Cox	5	11
SAVILE ROW (Mrs. R. Field)	Griggs	5	11
CHARLES ATTER (Mr. J. Settle)	Harrison	5	11
NORTHFLEET (Mr. J. Settle)	H. Harrison	5	11
QUILT (Mr. J. Harris)	Whitaker	5	11
HANTRY (Capt. L. Montagu)	F. Hartigan	5	11
ARMORING (Mr. C. Davis)	C. Davis	5	11
THERON (Mr. T. Connor)	H. Smith	5	11
UNION JACK (Md. G. Baxter)	Gunter	4	10
RED PLANET (Mr. F. Britton)	Lowrie	4	10
SALVADOR (Mr. H. Cadd)	A. Lyons	4	10
ADVANCER (Sir E. Hulton)	F. Hastings	4	10
RAPSCALLION (Mr. T. Perry)	Oxnet	4	10
WILL SWING (Mr. J. Morgan)	J. Lyons	4	10

1.30—PEEL PARK SELLING HURDLE, £200. 2 m.

SPLUTTER (Mr. F. Archer)	F. Archer	6	11
TARALIA (Mr. W. Macdonald)	Coulthwaite	4	11
EARL MARSHALL (Mr. J. Kemp)	Bickley	6	11
EUPHRATES (Mr. W. Paul)	Stubbs	6	11
BROOMHILL (Mr. C. Read)	Anderson	6	11
MOUNT FELIX (Mr. J. Johnson)	Threlfall	4	11
NOGGINTHEAD (Mr. F. Wadsley)	H. Harrison	6	11
THE SETTLER (Mrs. J. Arsen)	Barrett	4	11
BALLYHANDY (Mr. J. Baylis)	Gore	4	11
MONARD (Mr. J. Baylis)	Gore	4	11
SCOTTISH ARCHER (Mr. W. B. Smith)	Ferguson	4	11
NISUS (Mr. R. Hartley)	O. Osborne	4	11
MAGIC NOTE (Mr. A. Knowles)	Ferguson	5	10
WILL SCARLET (Mr. F. Hey)	Bickley	4	10

(The above have arrived.)

SAVANT (Mr. F. A. Brown)	F. A. Brown	4	11
BRIGHTFIELD (Mrs. H. Gordon)	Private	4	11
DOMPIDOOR (Capt. R. Palmer)	Palmer	4	11
CRESLEY (Mr. E. Pease)	Pease	4	11
MAIDLOW (Mr. C. Read)	Anderson	4	11
JOHNSON (Capt. G. Stringer)	Chamberlain	4	11
LITTLE PICKLE (Mr. Benjamin)	G. Davies	4	11
DEWISANT (Mr. H. Dendle)	D. Harrison	4	11
BALLAGHTOBIN (Mr. S. Moore)	Sexby	4	11
KNIGHT OF REALM (Mrs. Howett)	Powell	4	11
PADRAIG (Mr. J. Hogan)	Bickley	4	11
MANTHONY (Mr. C. Wilson)	Woodland	4	11
ALADDIN'S PRIDE (Capt. Barrett)	Barrett	6	11
LAMESWOOD (Mr. J. Hoyle)	Reader	5	11
MANTHONY (Mr. C. Selin)	Hutton	4	11
RACE ROCK (Mr. G. Sadler)	A. B. Sadler	4	11
ISHAKIL ABU (Mr. A. Chamberlain)	Chamberlain	6	11
CHETINGTON (Mr. R. Cohen)	Woodland	6	11
MAYHAP (Mr. J. Coltman)	Mrs. Rowe	6	11
B.D. (Mr. W. Dixon)	Lines	6	11
GRANT (Mr. W. Farr)	Lines	4	11
LADY BRIDIE (Mr. Galway)	Private	4	11
HOLLINS LANE (Ld. Londesborough)	Private	4	11
LITTLE DOON (Baron F. de Trafd)	A. Brown	4	11
BRIDGE OF MARNE (Mr. R. Bowness)	Hartigan	4	11
STAINTON (Mr. V. Thompson)	F. Hartigan	4	11
MARCOPOLIS (Mr. R. Thorburn)	Armstrong	6	11
EKENS (Mrs. R. Booth)	Clancy	6	10
MARTINIQUE (Mr. J. Rendell)	Gore	6	10
ALLENDOWN (Miss J. Frost)	Smallwood	5	10
TREASURE NOTE (Mr. T. Greenwood)	Jos. Dodd	6	10
PTAH (Mr. H. Sidebottom)	H. Taylor	5	10
VESCITIUE (Mr. J. Hamer)	J. T. Dodd	6	10
DAISY CHAIN (Mr. H. Cobb)	Vasey	5	10
MAGIC WAKE (Mr. M. Vasey)	Vasey	5	10
DOLLITT (Mr. J. Hogan)	Vaughan	5	10
DUTCH DOLL (Mr. T. Garriott)	Vaughan	5	10
WELSH (Capt. J. D. Barrett)	Barrett	4	10
INSECT (Mr. T. Tattersall)	Woodland	4	10
RED PLANET (Mr. F. Britton)	Private	4	10
MARKIA (Mr. G. Edwards)	Private	4	10
VENTRELOS (Mr. A. Knowles)	Ferguson	4	10
GALAXIUS (Mr. J. O'Toole)	Private	4	10

2.0—MANCHESTER H'CAP 'CHASE, £200. Second £20, third £10. 3m. Age st. lb.

BODYGUARD (Mr. O. Clarke)	Hastings	4	12
GREEN VAINDET (Mrs. S. O'Brien)	Whitaker	5	12
TRENTINO (Mr. F. Lloyd)	F. Whitaker	4	12
MANISTER PRIDE (Mr. J. Hogan)	Bickley	6	12
MINTOI (Mr. J. McEvoy)	Bowles	4	12
DENEHAM (Mr. J. Furness)	D. Rogers	4	12
JIMMU (Mr. G. Sanday)	Malone	6	11
DRIFTER (Mr. J. Widger)	H. Harrison	4	11
DRUMTOCHTY (Mr. C. Kenyon)	Jos. Dodd	6	11
MANROSS (Mr.)	Hampden	6	11
VERTIGO (Lord Rosebery)	Mr. Hartigan	6	11
OLD TIMES (10lb. ex) (Mr. C. Taylor)	Mr. J. Hayes	4	11
PHANTOM BOLD (Sir B. Liddell)	Peacock	6	11
DAVLIGH HAVEN (Mr. J. Vaughan)	Vaughan	6	11
WATERBOTTLE (Mr. A. Scott)	Owner	4	11
ACROCEPHALUS (Mr. T. Bolton)	Botterill	7	11
MACKDALE (Mr. J. Hogan)	Bickley	4	11

(The above have arrived.)

RED MICHAEL (10lb. ex) (Mr. T. Perry)	Mr. J. Hayes	7	12
CORNEY GRAIN (Mr. Knowles)	Ferguson	7	12
DRIFTWOOD (Mr. J. Johnson)	H. Young	6	11
JOHN JACKETT (Mr. G. Smith)	McCombie	6	11
GREY MONK (Mr. C. Vyner)	Cox	5	10
SPRIG (Mrs. M. Partridge)	Mr. J. Hayes	4	10

3.0—STAND H'CAP HURDLE, £150. Second £15. 2 m. Age st. lb.

THE SETTLER (9lb. ex) (Mrs. J. Ayers)	Barrett	4	12
BALLYHANDY (Mr. J. Baylis)	Gore	4	12
DAYLIGHT SAVER (Mr. J. McLaughlin)	Bickley	6	12
VOXOL (Mr. A. Blain)	Settle	4	12
THE KNOCK (Mr. J. Hogan)	Bickley	6	12
EARL MARSHALL (Mr. J. Kemp)	Bickley	6	11
THE BRIDE (Mr. J. Johnson)	C. Young	4	11
WALTON HEATH (Mr. A. Bevington)	Chamberlain	4	11
OLD MICK (Mr. W. Shaw)	Baxter	6	11
TAM O'SHANTER (Mr. R. Harrison)	Adams	5	11
CLIVEDEN (Mr. J. Black)	Osborne	5	11
HANDY ROW (Mr. G. Fleming)	Ross Smith	5	10
STORMERLUIT (Mr. C. Kenyon)	Jos. Dodd	4	10
BUCKENOLT (Mr. C. Kenyon)	Jos. Dodd	4	10

(The above have arrived.)

MONEY GLASS (Mr. G. Dodd)	Peacock	6	12
ELSON (Sir E. Hulton)	Smallshaw	6	11
REIJO (Mr. W. Brown)	Chadwick	6	11
SWINERTON (Mr. M. Cayhan)	C. Young	5	11
SNOOKSTAR (Mr. G. Mellish)	Mr. J. Brown	5	11
HYMIR (Capt. J. Delmege)	Delmege	5	11
CRESLEY (Mr. E. Pease)	Pease	5	11
PERROCK (Mr. T. Nel)	D. McGuigan	5	11
MORE RAIN (Mr. C. Francis)	Bullock	5	11
TROVATORE (Mr. J. McLean)	J. McGuigan	5	11
BOUNCE (Mr. J. Sykes)	Ingham	5	11
SILLERY (Mr. C. Marshall)	Slim	5	11
SAFE ARCHIE (Mr. W. Dugdale)	Escott	5	11
BARA AVIS (Mr. W. Whitehead)	Nightingall	5	11
DOUBLE GLORY (Capt. C. Elsey)	Elsey	5	11
VALE OF PEALE (Mrs. Howett)	Copeland	5	11
CHARLWALSH (Mr. C. Marshall)	Slim	5	11
SPRIG (Mr. J. Partridge)	T. Leader	5	11
WANTON (Mr. T. Morris)	Sexby	5	11
THERMOGENE (Mr. J. McLean)	McGuigan	5	11
BEEZER (Mr. J. McLean)	J. McGuigan	5	11
TOMARD (Mr. C. Prendergast)	Prendergast	5	11
CHARLWALSH (Mr. C. Marshall)	Slim	5	11
CHILWELL (Capt. H. Murray)	Thursby	4	10
DIVIDEND (Brig.-Gen. Peel)	Fenwick-Palmer	4	10
JACK STRAW (Mr. J. Smith)	Spencer	4	10
OLTON'S BEAUTY (Mr. Mitchell)	Newey	5	10
FOOL PROOF (Mr. R. Horsfall)	C. Davies	5	10
SWIMMER (Mr. A. McAlpine)	H. Harrison	5	10
LOUGH REE (Mr. G. Sanday)	Sunday	5	10
CORKOFFIN (Mrs. S. Smith)	J. McGuigan	5	10
BECKERS (Mr. W. Wilson)	Vasey	4	10
CHRISTY (Mr. J. Mould)	Vasey	4	10
POLYPHEMUS (Mr. G. Morrell)	Vasey	4	10
TEMPUS FUGIT (Mr. G. Morrell)	Vasey	4	10
KING OF TROY (Mr. J. Scott)	Thomas	4	10
FLAVIA (Mr. M. Vasey)	Vasey	4	10
OBELISK (Mr. J. Edwards)	Edwards	4	10
LEPRECHAUN (Mr. Thorburn)	Armstrong	4	10
SHIELDLEY (Mr. G. Harding)	Private	4	10
COMING KING (Mr. Tomlinson)	Tomlinson	4	10

3.30—CANAL CHASE, £150. Second £20, third £10. 2 m.

ARDGOUR (Mr. E. Platt)	Whitaker	4	12
GAZABO (Mr. R. Bird)	Threlfall	4	12
NED CARVER (Mr. K. Tattersall)	Threlfall	4	12
THE WREKIN (Mr. F. Venn)	H. Harrison	4	12
HEYNOW (Mr. C. Kenyon)	Jos. Dodd	6	12
BUCHINCH (Mr. C. Kenyon)	Jos. Dodd	6	12
DRUMREE (Mr. G. Sanday)	Sunday	4	12
TARALIA (Col. G. Meadows)	Anderson	4	12
DUNSTANBURGH (inc.7lb.) (Mr. J. Barnett)	Mr. J. Barnett	4	12
JACKETE (Mr. J. Patterson)	Threlfall	4	12

(The above have arrived.)

THE INCA (Capt. Brennand)	Payne	4	12
WAVE FOR'ARD (Mr. W. Cavanagh)	Private	4	12
PARKANORE (Mr. W. Dixon)	Lines	4	12
VENDETTA (Mr. H. Eastwood)	Private	4	12
AIKEN DRUM (Mr. H. Harrison)	H. Harrison	6	12
BLIGHTY (Mr. F. Hill)	Bullock	6	12
BALLYBECK (Mrs. Holt)	Palmer	4	12
MALADYNOORE (Mr. J. Kemp)	Bickley	4	12
SAFE IN BED (Mr. A. Scott)	A. Scott	4	12
MORNING LIGHT (Mr. Tilley)	A. Scott	4	12
FURIA (Mr. S. Wells)	Leader	4	12
JIMMY STUART (Col. G. Forster)	F. Lyall	6	12
BEN YORICH (Capt. J. Powell)	Powell	4	12
UNCLE JAMES (Mr. J. Ramsden)	Gore	4	12
BATTLEMOUNT (Miss Redcomachie)	Powell	4	12
BENCROSS (Mr. A. Knowles)	Knowles	4	12
SHEERSTON (Mr. G. Sanday)	Sunday	4	12
LOUP DE MER (Mr. W. Sneyd)	Hartigan	4	12
CLIMBER (Mr. G. Mosley)	Ferguson	6	12
GLENFORE (Lord Wigtown)	Gore	4	12
LOCK ALL (Mr. R. W. Farr)	H. Harrison	4	12
TYRONE KING (Mr. F. Chominey)	Powell	5	11
ROISE (Lt.-Col. Phillips)	D. Harrison	5	11
FLASH BACHELOR (Mr. G. Dixon)	Private	5	11
RIGHT (Mr. A. Scott)	A. Scott	5	11
PAVOT (Capt. D. Rogers)	D. Rogers	4	11
MARK RUOY (Mr. H. Cadd)	A. Lyons	4	10

ADDITIONAL ARRIVALS.—Arlington, Acrocephalus, Be There, Bleakhinch, Bey Reynard, Ballyhandy, Broomhill, Bodyguard, Bey Renard, Saver, Drumbuck, Drumree, Drifter, Battlemount, Rumbratees, Front Line, Fragola, Galaxius, Green Wavelet, General Saxham, Jackadale, Jimmu, Lukeston, Lady Birdie, The Lossett, Marriage Contract, Monard, Milo, Mount Felix, Magic Note, Manister Pride, Manrico, Niesa, Old Mick, Old Times, Morning Star, Polista, Phantom Bold, Red Michael, Square Cut, Stormfruit, Sandy Row, Spitter, The Settler, Sprig, Temard, Tom Peel, Tom Powrie, Tarazia, Treasure Note, Old Times, Vertigo, Voxol, Walton Heath, Waterbottle, Wrench.

TRAINING INTELLIGENCE.

THE CURRAGH.

Monday.—A stormy morning.

Colonel MacCABE'S World Peace and the two-year-olds went five furlongs.

ANTHONY'S Ballyzoro, Brown Queen, Man of the West, Wee Betty, Castleroran, Kerry Blue, Zingaroo, and Ballynagarde six furlongs.

MR. SIKES' Eglan, Madrigal, and Athgarvan Lass had healthy exercise.

PERRY'S Little Nymph galloped a mile and a half. Red Michael, Royal Gelt, and Speculation had healthy exercise.

DAWSON'S Jane Magee, The Regiment, Rachelor's Bevel, and Thermogene ridden out for furlongs. Mount Prospect and the two-year-olds cantered.

SPORTING PARAGRAPHS.

Young M'Dermott (Malahide) is anxious to meet Mike Ronan for £50 aside, and has posted £10.

Seventy-nine horses ran in the five races at Baldoyle yesterday.

The Kildare Hunt Sportsman's Races, to be held at Kill Hill on Tuesday, 11th April, will include a sweepstakes open to all Irish hunts.

J. Hogan, jun., was twice successful in the saddle at Baldoyle, for as well as steering Hawker to victory in the Metropolitan Plate, he also rode Hornet's Pride, the winner of the Novices' Hurdle Race.

GOLF.

BRAY.—31st December, Crosbie Cup—C. Stuart Wallis (2), 76; Dr. Wentworth Taylor (24), 77 4th January—Cockburn Cup, bogey, 9th January—Cooling medal.

BALDOYLE.

HAWKER'S FINE WIN.

FAVOURITES SUCCESSFUL.

By winning the Metropolitan Steeplechase yesterday, carrying 12st. 7lb., Hawker accomplished the best performance of his career so far. That he was a good horse was known, for he had finished second to Sir Huon when in receipt of 15lb. at Baldoyle last October, and previous to this had won the Waterford Steeplechase. Yesterday he shared the honour with Ben Cruchan of carrying top weight, and after a fine finish beat the latter by a couple of lengths.

Though rain threatened during the morning hours, the afternoon turned out fine, if somewhat cold, and there was a very fair attendance, while the course for the period of the year was in good galloping order. There were fourteen runners for the Metropolitan Plate, and in the wagering, as in the race, the top weights dominated the situation, Ben Cruchan being a slightly better favourite than Mr. Bennett's horse. Ben Cruchan, once he had got the measure of Connemara Black after the last fence, looked to have the verdict in safe keeping, but Hawker, who was only fourth coming to the final jump, gradually made up ground in the straight, and, delivering his challenge fifty yards from the post, settled the question in a few strides. Mask On was third, only three lengths behind Ben Cruchan, and others that ran well were Connemara Black, Clonsheever, and Doon Rossa, while of the fourteen starters Icolea was the only one to fall, which was a tribute to the standard of jumping. Hawker belongs to the County Limerick sportsman, Mr. T. B. Bennett, and is trained as Croom by the ex-steeplechase jockey, H. Harty, who won the horse his spurs in excellent fettle. In the Leopardstown Steeplechase he experienced bad luck, his rider losing an iron at the first fence, and despite this disadvantage he finished fourth.

Despite the big field of fifteen runners for the Novices' Hurdle Race, backers were content to accept odds of 6 to 4 against Hornet's Pride, an own brother of Hornet's Beauty, who hitherto had not won a race. He was, perhaps, a trifle lucky to do so now, for Dinis stuck to him all the way down the straight, and it was a particularly fine piece of riding by J. Hogan, jun., which enabled Mr. Lowry's colt to score. Treble Scotch, another strong favourite for the New Year Plate, had an easier task, for, making the running from the start, he was never headed, and this was his first winning bracket since April last.

Considering that there were eighteen starters for the Qualifying Steeplechase, there were comparatively few falls, the majority of the horses negotiating the country safely. Beggar's End, whose attention previously had been devoted to the flat, to finishing third in front of Dovecote, Tyrrell's Courtown, and Kilcullen, and with a smart spurt got over for the first fry of the match, almost between the posts. The kick at goal failed.

After this reverse the conditions became more aggressive, and at the end of 25 minutes Browning scored a fry, wide out. This was not converted.

From this point until the finish the defence on both sides was hard pressed, but there was no further scoring.

The game so far had not reached a very high standard, this, no doubt, being partly due to the strong wind and the heavy rain. The ground soon became a quagmire, and the ball was very slippery when handled, rendering anything in the nature of passing, but, although they were frequently dangerous, they could not manage to score.

There were several scrimmages on the French line, and on one occasion the home side were relieved by a penalty kick being awarded against the visitors at a very critical moment. Forsayth, the Scottish full, made an excellent attempt to drop a goal, but failed.

Towards the end play was mostly confined to the forwards, but no further score was registered. Wee Jug, scored cleverly.

Details:—

1.0—THE NOVICES' HURDLE RACE of 100 sovs. for maidens. 2 m.

Mr. A. Lowry's b. c. HORNET'S PRIDE, by Tredonnis—Hornet, 4, 10-0 (car. 10-1) ..... Hogan, jun. 1
Mr. J. George's DINIA, 4, 10-9 ..... Finn 2
Mr. Purcell's PRIDE OF KILCASH, 4, 10-7 ..... M'Cormack 3
Mr. Tim M'Carthy's Gaitee Boy, 5, 12-0 ..... M.Colbert 0
Mr. D. J. Cogan's Victorious, 5, 11-9 ..... M. Beasley 0
Mr. P. Rogers's Quadrant, 5, 11-11 ..H. Beasley 0
Mr. R. Wallace's Belle Field, 5, 11-2 (car. 11-6) ..... J. Wallace 0
Mr. F. Barbour's Mount Stewart, 4, 11-0 ..Aylin 0
Mr. J. A. Gibson's Our Queen, a, 10-11..Mahony 0
Mr. J. J. Hope's Floral Way, 6, 10-11 ..J. Hope 0
Mrs. Shirley's Queen of Kildare, 5, 10-6...Fleming 0
Mr. T. Singleton's Pilow Slip, 6, 10-11..Connors 0
Mr. P. F. Cannon's Perhaps Not, 4, 10-0 (car. 10-2) ..... H. Hayes 0
Mr. E. Delany's Generic, 4, 10-0 ..B. Twambley 0
Mr. Shepherd's Spring Fashion, 4, 9-9 ....Hynes 0

Betting—6 to 4 agst. HORNET'S PRIDE, 6 to 1 each Dinia and Quadrant, 10 to 1 Pilow Slip, 100 to 7 Pride of Kilcash or any other.

Our Queen settled down from Spring Fashion, Generic, Belle Field, Dinia, Hornet's Pride, Quadrant, Pride of Kilcash, and Gaitee Boy, until half a mile from home, when Dinia came on from Hornet's Pride, and, the last-named challenging on the flat, won by a short head, three lengths divided second and third. Gaitee Boy was fourth, Quadrant fifth, Floral Way sixth, Victorious seventh, Spring Fashion eighth, Generic ninth, and Belle Field last.

1.30—THE NEW YEAR PLATE of 150 sovs. A handicap hurdle race. 2m. 7f.

M

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
THE HOME OF PANTOMIME
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2.0.
EVERY EVENING AT 7.30.
ENORMOUS SUCCESS OF
THE GRAND ANNUAL PANTOMIME,
ALADDIN
FULL CHORUS. AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA.
MATINEES TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY) and SATURDAY AT 2.0.
And Every Wednesday and Saturday Afterwards.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 8.45.
THE POPULAR CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME,
BABES IN THE WOOD
"AN EXCELLENT PRODUCTION—FULL OF FUN AND DELIGHTFUL STAGE PICTURES—A CREDIT TO EVERYBODY CONCERNED."
LILY LENA, JACK MURRAY,
BUD RICHIE, SERVA DANE,
Full Co. Chorus. Augmented Orchestra.
MATINEE SAT., JAN. 7th, at 2.30.
Children Half-Price to Stalls at Matinee only.
BOX OFFICE, 11 TO 6. TEL. 3308.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT (TUESDAY) AND FOLLOWING NIGHTS, at 8.15.
MATINEE SATURDAY, 2.30.
IN THE SHADOW OF THE GLEN,
By J. M. SYNGE.
THE COUNTRY DRESSMAKER,
By GEORGE FITZMAURICE.
Booking at Theatre. 'Phone 3268.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
6.45. ..... TWICE NIGHTLY. ..... 9.
THE PANTO. OF PANTOS.,
"JACK AND JILL."
MATINEE TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), at 2.30.
Seats Booked at Theatre, 2/4. Telephone—3016.

A DANCE
IN AID OF MONKSTOWN HOSPITAL,
Will be held (D.V.) at
TOWN HALL, DUN LAOGHAIRE,
FRIDAY, JANUARY 13th, 1922,
9 P.M.—3 A.M.
CLARKE-BARRY'S BAND.
TICKETS ..... 12/6 EACH.
Can be had from Miss Collis, Kilmore, Killiney; Miss Wright, Ulverton, Dalkey; Dr. Dowse, Monkstown Hospital.

FRIDAY NIGHT NEXT,
6th JANUARY, 1922.
FANCY DRESS BALL
(Fancy Dress Optional),
To be held in
GRESHAM HOTEL,
In aid of
MATER HOSPITAL.
Mr. GRATTAN-KELLY'S BAND (personally conducted).
TICKETS ..... 25/- each.
Please apply NOW to:—
Mrs. Patrick Dempsey, 7 Merrion square.
Mrs. B. Plunkett, 27 Brookfield terrace, Donnybrook.

ROYAL IRISH ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
WESTLAND ROW, DUBLIN.
The NEW TERM will COMMENCE on MONDAY, 9th JANUARY, 1922.
Candidate Pupils (bringing Music to perform) are requested to attend as follows—viz.:—
Tuesday, 9th Jan., 4 o'clock—VIOLIN AND VIOLA.
Tuesday, 10th Jan., 11.30 o'clock—SINGING.
Tuesday, 10th Jan., 4 o'clock—ORGAN.
Wednesday, 11th Jan., 11.30 o'clock—PIANO.
Thursday, 12th Jan., 11.30 o'clock—VIOLIN AND VIOLA.
Thursday, 12th Jan., 4 o'clock—PIANO.
Friday, 13th Jan., 11.30 o'clock—VIOLONCELLO.
Friday, 13th Jan., 4 o'clock—SINGING.
Orchestral Class Thursday, 12th Jan., 10.30.
Declamation on inquiry.
Forms of Application and Prospectuses, with newly revised and reduced fees, particulars as to EVENING and other Classes, can be obtained at the Academy.
NOTICE—No Pupil is allowed to compete for an Academy Scholarship or other Prize who has not been a Pupil of the Academy for THREE Consecutive Terms.
Pupils who enter at January Term, 1922, will be eligible to compete at the Annual Examinations in December Next (subject to the Regulations).
(By Order) C. E. GRAHAME HARVEY,
Secretary.

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
WILLIAM LAMBERT CARSON, late of Donover, Moynalty, in the County Meath, and of 179 Great Brunswick street, in the City of Dublin, Solicitor, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors, or otherwise to have any claims or demands against the above-mentioned Deceased, who died on the 13th day of June, 1921, at 26 Upper Ely Place, Dublin, are hereby required, on or before the 28th day of January, 1922, to furnish (in writing) particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitor for the Administrator, William Giles Lambert Carson, of 44 Tyrconnell road, Inchicore, in the City of Dublin, Mechanical Engineer, to whom Letters of Administration (Intestate) of the Estate and Effects of the above-named Deceased were, on the 16th day of December, 1921, granted out of the Principal Registry, King's Bench Division (Probate), of the High Court of Justice in Ireland; and, in default thereof, the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been given as aforesaid.
Dated this 2nd day of January, 1922.
JAMES J. LYNCH, Solicitor for the Administrator, 5 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
BRIDGET PERRY, late of 48 Palmerston road, County Dublin, Widow, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given pursuant of the Statute 22nd and 23 Vic., Cap. 35, that all persons having any claims against the Estate of the above-named Deceased, who died on the 14th August, 1921, are required to furnish (in writing) on or before the 4th day of February, 1922, particulars of such claims to the undermentioned Solicitor for the Administratrix.
And Notice is hereby further given that after the said 4th day of February, 1922, the said Administratrix will distribute the Estate of the said Deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which particulars shall have been furnished as hereby required.
Dated this 2nd day of January, 1922.
EUGENE F. COLLINS, 19 Eustace street, Dublin, Solicitor for said Administratrix.

NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS AND CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
JAMES McDONNELL, late of No. 220 Great Britain street, in the City of Dublin, Carter, Deceased, Intestate.
Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming to be creditors, or otherwise to have any claims upon the personal estate and effects of the above-named James McDonnell, deceased, who died on the 10th day of March, 1921, are hereby required, on or before the 5th day of January, 1922, to furnish (in writing) the particulars of such claims to the undersigned, to whom Letters of Administration of the said personal estate and effects of the Deceased were, on the 1st day of July, 1921, granted as the nominee of the Crown, and that after the 5th day of January, 1922, I will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased, having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been given as hereby required. And Notice is hereby also given that I have fixed Friday, the 6th day of January, 1922, in the Library, Dublin Castle, at the hour of 11.30 o'clock in the forenoon, to hear all claims in respect of the assets of the said Deceased belonging to the Crown. All persons claiming as aforesaid may attend to prove their claims at the time and place aforesaid.
Dated this 2nd day of January, 1922.
SIR HENRY ARTHUR WYNNE, Chief Crown Solicitor for Ireland, Chief Secretary's Office, Dublin Castle.

Gazette Notice—Adjudication—Public Sittings—17. IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE IN SOUTHERN IRELAND.
KING'S BENCH DIVISION—IN BANKRUPTCY.
In re JAMES CLEGG, of Duncannon, in the County of Wexford, Grocer Wine and Spirit Merchant, was on the 21st day of December, 1921, adjudged Bankrupt.
Public Sittings will be held before the Court, at the Bankruptcy Buildings, Four Courts, Dublin, on Friday, the 20th day of January, 1922, and on Friday, the 3rd day of February, 1922, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, whereat the Bankrupt is to attend, and to make a full disclosure and discovery of his Estate and Effects. Creditors may prove their Debts, and at the First Sitting choose a Creditors' Assignee. At the Last Sitting the Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination.
All persons having in their possession any Property of the Bankrupt should deliver it, and all Debts due to the Bankrupt should be paid, to A. G. Hollinshead, Official Assignee, Bankruptcy Buildings, Four Courts, Dublin, to whom Creditors may forward their affidavits of Debt.
C. B. CLARKE, Deputy Registrar.
EUGENE F. COLLINS, Solicitor, 19 Eustace street, Dublin.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following is the order of advertisements in to-day's IRISH TIMES:—

FIRST PAGE.	Public Notices.
Births, Marriages, and Deaths.	Shipping.
Education.	SEVENTH PAGE.
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Horses.	Auctions
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Situations Vacant and Wanted	Music, Pianos, &c.
SECOND PAGE.	Dress for Sale & Wanted.
Cycles and Motor Cars.	Horses, &c.
Medical.	Dogs for Sale & Wanted.
Specific Articles for Sale and Wanted.	Tuitions.
Gardens, &c.	Schools.
Poultry, Eggs, Dairy, &c.	Business Premises.
Furniture & Household.	Stabling to Let and Wanted.
FOURTH PAGE.	Houses to Let and Wanted.
Amusements.	Apartments.
Local Notices.	Seaside and Country.
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PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
6.45 TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
MORNY CASH.
Okayama Troupe, Eileen & Marjorie, Arnold, Slaters Gannon, Sandy Rowan, Ben Baker, ROXY LA ROCCA.
WINTER GARDENS.
Vocalist This Week—MADAME MOLLIE MASSON.

HUBERT ROONEY SCHOOL OF SINGING.
PIGOTT'S STUDIOS, GRAFTON STREET.
Term Commences MONDAY, 9th January.
Special Classes in Sight Reading, Theory, and Irish by Associated Teachers.
DALKEY CHORAL SOCIETY.
Next Rehearsal, Tuesday, 10th January.
THE ROSE MAIDEN (Cowen) to be produced in March.
HUBERT ROONEY CHORAL SOCIETY.
Next Rehearsal, Wednesday, 11th January.
THE PRODIGAL SON (Sullivan) to be produced in April.
Applications for Membership and all other communications to the
SECRETARY, 117 RATHGAR ROAD.

TIVOLI (6.45 and 9.) THEATRE
Tel. 4135.
LAST WEEK OF THE
DIXIE MINSTRELS,
In an Entirely New Production.
ANOTHER DECIDED SUCCESS.
COME EARLY TO AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT.

KINGSTOWN PAVILION.
AN IMMEDIATE SUCCESS. LAST 2 DAYS.
TOM MIX in "THE CYCLONE."
A Great, Clean, Stirring Romance of N.-W. Canada.
Screening each day at 4.30, 6.55, and 9.20.
THREE EXCELLENT NEW COMEDIES.
With Educational, Topical, and Interest Features.
Next Thursday's Big Attraction—
"NOTHING ELSE MATTERS."

LA SCALA THEATRE.
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
IN
"THE IDLE CLASS."
DON'S MISS His Latest Picture.
FIRST EXCLUSIVE RIGHTS in Ireland secured by La Scala at Record Figure.
SPECIAL KINETO TRAVEL PICTURES start To-day, exclusive to this Theatre, No. 1 entitled: "IN AND ABOUT CAIRO." Like a chapter out of the Arabian Nights.
COME TO EARLY PERFORMANCES.

GRAND CENTRAL CINEMA
"THE RIGHT TO LIVE,"
Starring
A. E. COLEBY.
Magnificent Racing Production.
THURSDAY NEXT.
MARY PICKFORD in "MRILLY OF CLOTHES LINE ALLEY." "The World's Sweetheart" Productions. First Time to Dublin.

PILLAR PICTURE HOUSE.
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS,
"WHEN THE CLOUDS ROLL BY."
DON'T MISS THIS BRILLIANT MASTERPIECE.
DANCES THIS WEEK.
THURSDAY, 8 to 11 p.m.; SATURDAY, 8 to 12.
PRIVATE LESSONS BY APPOINTMENT.
T. LEGGETT BYRNE, 27 Adelaide road.

GRESHAM HOTEL, DUBLIN.
CINDERELLAS
(Under Hotel Management).
SEASON 1921-1922.
TO-NIGHT (TUESDAY), from 7.30 to 11.0 p.m.
DANCE TICKETS, 5/- each, at Hotel.
Music under the personal direction of Mr. CLARKE-BARRY.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IRISH COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS' ASSOCIATION,
5 BACHELOR'S WALK, DUBLIN.
Members of the above will please note that the Commercial Travellers' Week-end Vouchers are increased in price, being now 5/- each.
J. V. MacCONVILLE,
Secretary.

REGISTRATION OF CLUBS (IRELAND) ACT, 1904.
Notice is hereby given that I have lodged with the Registrar of Clubs for Petty Sessions District of Mullingar an application for a renewal of the Certificate of Registration of the ex-Service Men's Club, situate at St. Patrick street, Mullingar.
Signed, J. MURPHY, for Hon. Sec.
December 30th, 1921.

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
WILLIAM JOHN TROTTER, late of Galtrim Lodge, Summerhill, in the County of Meath, Retired Major in His Majesty's Army, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, Cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors, or otherwise to have any claim or demand against the estate or assets of the said William John Trotter, deceased, who died on the 7th day of November, 1921, are hereby required on or before the 11th day of February, 1922, to furnish in writing the particulars of such claims or demands to Flora Jeanette Trotter, of Galtrim Lodge, Summerhill, in the County of Meath, the administratrix of said Deceased, to whom Letters of Administration Intestate of said Deceased were granted in the Principal Registry of the King's Bench Division (Probate), in the High Court of Justice, Ireland, on the 16th day of December, 1921, or to the undersigned, solicitors for the said administratrix, and in default thereof the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased, having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been given as above required.
Dated this 31st day of December, 1921.
BROOKS and McCANN, Solicitors for the said Flora Jeanette Trotter, 23 Anglesea street, Dublin, and Naas, Co. Kildare.

NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS AND CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
CATHERINE O'MEARA, late of 30 Lower George's street, Kingstown, in the County of Dublin, Widow, Deceased, Intestate.
Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming to be creditors, or otherwise to have any claims upon the personal estate and effects of the above-named Catherine O'Meara, deceased, who died on the 7th day of August, 1920, are hereby required, on or before the 5th day of January, 1922, to furnish (in writing) the particulars of such claims to the undersigned, to whom Letters of Administration of the said personal estate and effects of the Deceased were, on the 29th day of September, 1921, granted as the nominee of the Crown; and that after the 5th day of January, 1922, I will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased, having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been given as hereby required. And Notice is hereby also given that I have fixed Friday, the 6th day of January, 1922, in the Library, Dublin Castle, at the hour of 11.30 o'clock in the forenoon, to hear all claims in respect of the assets of the said Deceased belonging to the Crown. All persons claiming as aforesaid may attend to prove their claims at the time and place aforesaid.
Dated this 2nd day of January, 1922.
SIR HENRY ARTHUR WYNNE, Chief Crown Solicitor for Ireland, Chief Secretary's Office, Dublin Castle.

SHIPPING.

CUNARD LINE.
SOUTHAMPTON AND CHERBOURG TO NEW YORK
*Saxonia ..... Jan. 3 | Aquitania ..... Jan. 29
Carmania ..... Jan. 21 | Aquitania ..... Feb. 18
LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN TO HALIFAX AND NEW YORK
Scythia ..... Jan. 10 | Albania ..... Jan. 31
†Andania ..... Jan. 17 | Scythia ..... Feb. 11
SOUTHAMPTON and CHERBOURG to HALIFAX
‡Saxonia ..... Jan. 3
*Not calling at Halifax. †Via Halifax.
‡Does not call at Queenstown. For passengers only
REGULAR FREIGHT SERVICES TO UNITED STATES, CANADA AND MEDITERRANEAN.
Full Rates of Passage and further particulars apply Cunard Line, Liverpool; 51 Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2, 29-31 Locksgate street, London, S.W.1; James Little and Co., Ltd., 1 Albert square, Belfast; Anchor Line, Foyle street, Londonderry.
CUNARD LINE, QUEENSTOWN.

BLEMERS.
CITY—HALL—BUCKNALL LINES.
EGYPT—INDIA—CEYLON.
SOUTH AFRICA.
STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.
Frequent Services of Fast Passenger Steamers. Excellent Accommodation for 1st and 2nd Class Passengers at Moderate Rates.
For Sailings and all information apply:
LONDON, 104-5 Leadenhall street, E.C.3.
HALL & CITY LINES, Tower Building, Liverpool.
GEO. SMITH and SONS, Glasgow.

NOTE.—NO SAILING FROM DUBLIN TO-DAY (TUESDAY), 3rd JANUARY, 1922.
THE BURNS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LTD.
DUBLIN AND GLASGOW.
FROM DUBLIN, NORTH WALL, at 6.30 p.m., Every Tues., Wed., Fri., and Saturday.
All passengers, luggage, goods, and live stock, are carried subject to conditions specified in the Company's Sailing Bills.
G. & J. BURNS, LTD.,
19 WESTMORELAND ST. & 71 N. WALL, DUBLIN.

APPEALS.

HAVE YOU THIS YEAR HELPED
MRS. SMYLY'S HOMES
FOR NECESSITOUS CHILDREN?
If not, DO IT NOW.
101 Children admitted since January 1, 1921.
HEAVY QUARTER'S BILLS DUE ON DEC. 31.
BANK ACCOUNT OVERDRAWN.
Contributions will be gratefully received and acknowledged by the Hon. Treasurer,
Miss ANNIE D. SMYLY, 21 Grattan street, Dublin.

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LTD.
LADIES' WATERPROOF AND RAINPROOF COATS.
FLEECE AND FLEECE-LINED COATS FOR WINTER WEAR.
LEATHER AND SUEDE MOTOR COATS.
SPECIAL VARIETY.
WATERPROOF HATS.
WELLINGTON BOOTS, GOLOSHES, ETC.;
CHILDREN'S COATS, CAPES, AND HOODS.
PATTERNS AND PRICES ON APPLICATION.
ELEPHANT HOUSE, 45 & 46 LR. SACKVILLE ST., 76 MID. ABBEY STREET, 34 NASSAU STREET, 65 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.
ALSO AT CORK AND LONDON.

The Irish Times.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1922.

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TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

General Inference—A wedge of high pressure out in the Atlantic, together with a deep depression over the Baltic, will cause an interval of rather cold weather with fresh to strong winds from between North-West and North, local hail or sleet showers being probable, especially over Scotland and Eastern England.

Ireland—Moderate to fresh North-West to North winds, varying amount of cloud, local hail and sleet showers, visibility good; rather cold.

Dixon and Hempenstall, Barometers and Forecasters, 12 Suffolk street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR.

To-day ...Morning 3.16 | Evening 3.37
To-morrow ... 3.0 " 3.31

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

To-day ...Rises 8.41 | Sets 4.19
To-morrow 8.41 " 4.20
LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 5.19 P.M.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Theatre Royal—Hippodrome, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre—"Aladdin," 2 and 7.30 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—"Jack and Jill," 6.45 and 9.
Empire—"Babes in the Wood," 6.45 and 8.45.
Tivoli Theatre—6.45 and 9 p.m.
Abbey Theatre—"In the Shadow of the Glen" and "The Country Dressmaker," 8.15
La Scala Theatre—Pictures, continuous.
Pillar Picture House—Continuous.
Grand Central Cinema—Continuous.
Kingstown Pavilion—Pictures, continuous.
Dail Eireann Meeting—University Buildings, 11 o'clock.

NEWS SUMMARY.

Dail Eireann will resume its sittings to-day in Dublin. Whether it will ratify the Peace Treaty or no is still uncertain.—(P. 5.)

Numerous meetings of public bodies and farming associations held throughout Ireland yesterday called for the ratification of the Peace Treaty.—(P. 5.)

A memorial in favour of the Peace Treaty, which was in course of signature by the citizens of Cork, was forcibly removed by three men from the offices of the Chamber of Commerce and Harbour Board in Cork yesterday.—(P. 5.)

We print to-day an article calling attention to the disfigurement of main and side streets of Dublin by the extraordinary number of broken windows.—(P. 6.)

The Dublin tramwaymen will decide by ballot to-day whether they shall go on strike in the event of their wages being reduced on Friday.—(P. 5.)

The Prince of Wales was loyally greeted at Rangoon yesterday, where a proposed hartal completely failed. Scenes of Oriental splendour are vividly described in the despatch.—(P. 5.)

At Baldoyle yesterday Mr. T. B. Bennett's Hawker won the Metropolitan Plate, Mr. F. Barbour's Ben Cruchan being second, and Mr. T. A. O'Gorman's Mask-On third.—(P. 3.)

The first Rugby international of the year, France v. Scotland, which was played at Paris yesterday, resulted in a draw, each side scoring a try.—(P. 3.)

Dail Eireann's Duty.

Dail Eireann reassembles this morning, and before the end of the week it will have ratified or rejected the Articles of Agreement. The issues are clear and simple. In the first place, the *Dail* must choose between peace and war. If it prefers war, it will doom Ireland to misery and unrest—perhaps, to a return of bloodshed, and certainly to widespread poverty, to economic disaster, and to permanent partition. It must decide now whether any compensation for these evils is likely to be found in the continued pursuit of an impossible Republic. In the next place, the *Dail* must decide whether it is a democratic or an autocratic body. It was elected by the people for the people. Will it claim the right to ignore the source of its delegated authority and to flout the people's will? That will has been expressed with a unanimity for which there is no precedent in Irish affairs. The whole country demands the ratification of the Treaty. From South, East, and West county councils, farmers' associations, and *Sinn Fein* executives have called for peace, for an end of destruction and a beginning of construction. Nationalist Ulster has raised her voice in favour of the Treaty. She has declared, at meeting after meeting, that she is ready to take the risk of temporary exclusion from the Free State in sure and certain hope that peace will bring a united Ireland in its train. The Irish people are knocking impatiently on the door of freedom. Will their own janitor refuse to open it?

We do not forget the peculiar constitution of *Dail Eireann*. Most of its members are young men who were elected for purposes of war rather than of peace. Many of them may be tempted to show by their votes that renewed warfare has no terrors for them, in spite of the fact that outstanding fighters, like Mr. Collins and Mr. Mulcahy, are now on the side of settlement. Many, too—for autocracy is in the blood of youth—may be disposed to ignore the wishes of their constituents. We may credit such men at least with a moral courage, however perverted it may be, that was rare in an older school of politicians. To these hot-heads of the *Dail* we would say: "Nobody questions your sincerity, but no sane Irishman wishes to see it wasted in a hopeless cause. There are occasions when it is better to live for Ireland than to die for her, and this is one of those occasions." We would tell them also that no man has the right to condemn his country to ruin for the sake of his personal convictions, and that no veneer of individual heroism can conceal the dreadful selfishness of such a decision. The man who insists on having his own way at this vast expense is like the ancient chiefs whose funerals entailed the death of half their households. From their own point of view the young men of *Sinn Fein* have fought very successfully until now. They have won, or have helped to win, from England more than all the national champions of the past ever had dreamed of winning. Having won so much, do they propose to throw it away?

The country wants the Treaty because it wants to settle down to work. It has had its bellyful of fighting and will thank nobody who seeks to push it into battle after all the essentials of victory have been secured. A twofold message has been ringing in *Dail Eireann's* ears during the last fortnight. The message of the county councils and of the *Sinn Fein* executives tells it that the Articles of Agreement represent peace with honour and are the basis of a settlement which will give Ireland every political right and opportunity to which the most ambitious nation could aspire. The message of the farmers' associations and chambers of commerce tells *Dail Eireann* that speedy peace is a vital necessity to the country's economic welfare. Every thoughtful Irishman who works with hand or brain is eager for the new conditions which will enable him to conserve and build—to repair the havoc of civil strife and to develop the waiting resources of Irish intelligence and Irish industry. Yesterday the farmers of County Dublin urged the *Dail* to ratify the Treaty without further delay. Last week the Dublin Chamber of Commerce told the *Dail* that the Treaty makes possible "the reconstruction of Ireland by her own people" and that "the great business community" demands a decision which will save all the elements of Ireland's material well-being from utter ruin. Never in any nation's history was a popular assembly confronted with a more harmonious or more earnest mandate than that which confronts *Dail Eireann* to-day. The rejection of that mandate would be the deepest wound that a country ever suffered at the hands of its own sons.

A New Year Strike.

The Dublin tailors have started the new year badly. Yesterday between 250 and 300 of them went on strike. The Merchant Tailors' Association, recognising the necessity for lower prices, adopted a new scheme of wages and conditions of labour, whereby the tailoring trade would be "diluted" to a certain extent and individual workers would lose about 12s. a week. The application of this scheme caused the strike, and 200 men in Cork have followed the Dublin tailors' example. In itself, this strike is of no particular importance, but it is a symptom of a very disturbing condition of affairs. During the present month wage reductions are due to take place in a number of trades. Will they all be so foolish as the tailors? There is no doubt that a strike against the lowering of costs is folly. No trade can continue to pay "boom" wages during a period of acute depression, and it is hard even for tailors to kick against the pricks. We do not know whether the proposed reduction of 12s. a week is too much or too little; such matters can be settled always by arbitration. The paralysis of any trade, however, at the beginning of Ireland's year of destiny is an offence against the country. A strike should be the last, and not the first, resort of Irish workers, and the better their case the greater should be their reluctance to appeal to force. Undoubtedly, the tailors have been ill-advised in their hasty action, and we hope that the workers in other trades will refuse to be stampeded into a like mistake. Economic readjustments have become inevitable. Surely they can be made without a series of hopeless strikes.

The Hospital Boycott.

The boycott of the London hospitals, threatened for some time by organised Labour, has taken effect at last. The support of trade union members is being withdrawn from all those hospitals which have not adhered to the 371 Award of the Court of Arbitration. Under this head come all but seven of the London establishments. The award places the *minimum* wage of the male unskilled worker in the hospitals at £3 *per* 48-hour week, and 35s. for female workers. The hospitals' case is that they cannot yet afford to pay trade union wages. Certainly the boycott is not likely to prove an effective weapon against them. If they were to refuse to treat patients who were members of trade unions, a furious outcry would be made, and the boycott would soon come to an end. The heart of the rank and file of the trade union members, however, is not in the strike. They recognise that an institution which treats cases free of charge cannot afford to be very liberal in paying its staff. They know, too, that many trade unionists, who can well afford to pay for treatment at home, take advantage of the hospitals' open doors to get it there for nothing. It is to be hoped that this unseemly dispute will be settled quickly. It is gradually becoming a custom in the London hospitals to make a small charge for treatment and medical requisites. When this custom becomes general, no doubt, the hospitals will be able to afford to meet the unions' demands.

Malaria.

For nearly two thousand years malaria has been taking a heavy toll of human life, and the science of medicine has yet to become its master. Every year in India alone some 1,300,000 people are killed by this dread disease, and the extermination of the parasite-carrying mosquito, which spreads it, remains to be achieved. In a letter to *The Times*, Sir Ronald Ross advocates the establishment of an Empire Bureau for the collection and thorough sifting of the colossal masses of literature which exist on the subject of malaria. It has been studied for centuries by men of all nations, but no attempt has been made to co-ordinate their work. Nobody has done more than Sir Ronald Ross himself, who succeeded in isolating the malarial mosquito twenty-four years ago. He believes that an Imperial Bureau would be of immense service. The disease costs the Empire very large sums of money every year. Millions of pounds were spent in combating its ravages during the war in Salonika, Mesopotamia, and East Africa; and thousands of our ex-Service men are still suffering from its virulent attacks. Sir Ronald Ross declares that an efficient bureau could be started at a cost of £1,500 a year. Even in these days of spectacular economy this is not a large sum. The object for which it is required would justify a far greater expenditure.

Film Censors.

The question of objectionable cinematograph films was raised again at yesterday's meeting of the Dublin Corporation. The Public Health Committee reported that it had appointed a Board of Censors for the current year; but Mr. M. J. Moran declared that something more than ordinary vigilance was necessary. He had been a frequent visitor to local "picture houses," and considered that many of the films were still unsuitable for exhibition in this country. After some discussion the Corporation decided to ask the Archbishop of Dublin to nominate a few censors to act in conjunction with six who have been appointed by the Priests' Guild. We welcome this new effort to purify the atmosphere of Dublin's cinematograph establishments. A film is not necessarily immoral because it comes from England, or even from America; in fact, public morals in these two countries are, probably, at least as high as they are in any other country in the world. Nevertheless, there is no doubt that many films which elude the censor's vigilance are unfit for exhibition in Ireland or anywhere else. Erotic "dramas" with predominant sex *motifs* are capable of infinite harm. We are glad that the Corporation has sought the help of Dr. Gregg in this matter. His nominees will be valuable members of the Board of Censors.

AUCTION BRIDGE.

CALLING TWO SUITS.

One of the strongest and most useful hands that a player can hold is that which includes two suits of nearly equal strength, of which the following may be given as an example:—

Hearts—Ace, king, queen, 7.
Spades—Queen, 8.
Diamonds—King, queen, knave, 10, 8.
Clubs—10, 9.

Such a hand in itself, without support from a partner, is, in the absence of bad luck, good for two diamonds; and from the fact that there are five of this suit with four honours, beginners might naturally be tempted to call one diamond in the first instance, in preference to one heart.

A sounder declaration, however, apart from the question of score, would be one heart, which leaves it open to the declarer, if overcalled by one no trumps, one spade, or two clubs, to show two diamonds; and thus give his partner the choice of leaving the call in diamonds or reverting to hearts according to the nature of his own hand, without raising the contract.

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If the diamond suit be shown first and be overcalled, the declarer can hardly bid two hearts; and if he should do so, although diamonds may suit his partner much better, the latter would hesitate to increase the contract by calling three of that suit, unless the call of two hearts had been overbid by the opponent on his right hand.

Law No. 70 of the Portland Club reads:—"The declarer is not liable to any penalty for an error whence he can gain no advantage: thus, he may expose some or all of his cards, without incurring any penalty." The following example of this Rule may interest readers:—The declarer believing he has no more interest in the hand, throws down his two last cards, when it transpires that his opponent on his left who has won the seventh trick can only beat one, but claims both tricks, as the declarer has abandoned his hand. In this case the declarer is entitled to one of the tricks, as there is no penalty for exposing any or all of his cards. "BRAY."

COURT AND PERSONAL.

VICEREGAL LODGE, DUBLIN, SUNDAY.

The Right Hon. and Most Reverend the Provost of Trinity College and Mrs. Bernard, the Right Hon. the Commander-in-Chief, Mrs. T. K. Laidlaw, Mr. R. Laidlaw and Miss Laidlaw, Mrs. Puckle, Major Brunskill and Mrs. Brunskill, Captain Wright, Captain Mott, Mr. Mark Sturgis, and Miss Swinton had the honour of being invited to dine with Their Excellencies this evening.

MONDAY.

The Right Hon. Mr. Justice Dodd, P.C., and Miss Dodd; Sir William de Courcy Wheeler, M.D., F.R.C.S., and the Hon. Lady de Courcy Wheeler; Professor H. H. Dixon, D.Sc., F.R.S., and Mrs. Dixon; Major-General Beauchamp Doran, C.B., and Mrs. Beauchamp Doran; Major Hill-Dillon and Mrs. Hill-Dillon, Colonel R. A. Johnson, C.B.E.; Captain Bridgeman, M.C., and Mr. Perceval-Maxwell had the honour of being invited to dine with Their Excellencies this evening.

The Hon. Mrs. Alfred Lyttelton, D.B.E., and Miss Lyttelton arrived at the Viceregal Lodge to-day.

The Viscountess Gormanston left the Viceregal Lodge to-day.

The Marquis and Marchioness of Carisbrooke have returned to London from Blankney Hill, Lincolnshire, where they spent Christmas with the Earl of Londesborough. The Marquis of Salisbury left England on Saturday for a six weeks' trip to the West Indies. Lady Portal accompanied by her younger son, Mr. Robert Portal, who is just back from his farm in Rhodesia, has left Laverstoke House, Hants, for the Riviera.

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Elizabeth Marchioness of Ormonde, who has been staying with her sister-in-law, Countess Grosvenor, at Saighton Grange, Chester, has arrived in Kilkenny, where she is staying at the Club House Hotel.

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Lady Maud Mackintosh, who has left London for British East Africa, where she intends to spend the next three months, is the eldest daughter of the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire, and widow of Captain Angus A. Mackintosh, Household Cavalry, son of The Mackintosh of Mackintosh, who died in 1918, just a year after his marriage.

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Lord and Lady Leconfield's house party at Petworth House for Christmas and the New Year included the Dowager Lady Leconfield, Colonel the Hon. Edward and Mrs. Wyndham, Captain the Hon. Humphrey and Mrs. Wyndham, Miss Wyndham-Quin, Sir Percy Wyndham, Sir Victor and Lady Warrender, the Hon. Gerald and Mrs. Walsh, Captain Bainbridge, Colonel Carter, and Mr. Arthur Keyser. The Petworth coverts have provided some excellent sport.

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Major Lindsay has received the Military O.B.E.

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Mr. E. C. Winter, F.R.C.V.S., has returned to Limerick, and resumed his practice at 15 Davis street.

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Mr. A. Yeates has returned to 25 Lower Baggot street.

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Mr. C. Reid has returned to 241 Clonliffe road.

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Switzer's Annual Winter Sale is now proceeding. Heavy reductions in all departments—Grafton street.

Holmes' Winter Sale, this and following days. Wonderful Reductions in Fur Coats, Capes, Wraps, Costumes, Coats, etc.—69, 70, 71 George's street.

Coats and Costumes at greatly reduced prices during Sale.—Campbell and Strahan, Ltd., Ladies' Tailors, 11 Wicklow street.

Alteration Clearance Sale now proceeding. Stock must be cleared regardless of cost.—Siberian Fur Co., 8 Grafton street, Dublin.

Sale of Model Costumes and Coats at greatly reduced prices.—T. Lees, 133 Stephen's Green.

Slyne's Sale. Splendid selection of Bargains. See our windows.—Slyne's, Ltd., 71 Grafton street, Dublin.

ARRIVALS AT KINGSTOWN BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMER.—J. MacIlwaine, J. Sheridan, Victor T. Price, John R. Bulger, R. F. Young, Mr. and Mrs. Cantwell, Major J. N. Vicars, Mr. and Mrs. Heald, J. A. Fogarty, Miss A. Mooney, Harold Penfold.

DEPARTURES FROM KINGSTOWN BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMER.—Miss E. Bulger, R. F. Young, Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Orr, Mr. and Mrs. and Miss Bell, Alexander M'Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. Hare, Mr. and Miss Freeman, R. G. Middleton, Major H. H. Donaldson, H. J. Crowe, G. MacM. Kavanagh, W. P. Dolamore, Miss R. Curtis, H. C. Carter, F. Barry, Mr. and Mrs. W. Dawson, B. L. Fox.

McBirney and Co.'s Great Annual Winter Sale, this and coming

FINAL APPEAL TO THE DAIL.

UNANIMOUS DEMAND FOR TREATY.

UNIONISTS AND NATIONALISTS JOIN HANDS.

LORD DE VESCI AND UNITY.

Many more public bodies throughout Ireland have called for the ratification of the Peace Treaty.

The demand yesterday was as loud as on the previous day, when scores of public meetings were held in all parts of the South and West of Ireland.

The County Dublin farmers voiced the opinion of the Metropolitan county and business men and Sinn Fein bodies in the provinces impressed on their representatives in Dail Eireann the danger of rejecting the Government's terms.

CO. DUBLIN FARMERS.

A UNANIMOUS CALL.

A meeting of County Dublin farmers was held yesterday afternoon at 37 Upper Fitzwilliam street, Dublin, for the purpose of "calling on Dail Eireann to ratify the Treaty in the best interests of the country." There was a large attendance.

Mr. J. J. Fitzsimons, Chairman, County Dublin Farmers' Union, who presided, said that the meeting was held to give the county an opportunity of expressing its wishes to the representatives who were worrying over what was best to be done for the country. Anything they could say at that meeting would, he was sure, be said with a view of assisting their representatives to make up their minds as to what was best for the country as a whole.

Mr. P. Belton moved a resolution recognising to the fullest extent the great services rendered to the nation by all the Deputies in Dail Eireann, and especially of the leading members for and against ratification. The resolution continued:—"As representing the agricultural industry in County Dublin, we feel it our duty as citizens, in common with those engaged in other industrial pursuits, to express ourselves as entirely in favour of ratification of the Treaty. In giving expression to this view, we are prompted by the economic situation of the country, and are also influenced by the arguments of the Deputies in the Dail who are able to speak for the military situation. We also appeal to the Deputies to endeavour to maintain that unity which has brought the cause of freedom so near fruition, and we feel that a united people alone can build up a nation."

He said that the whole country was speaking out in favour of ratification. He held that the representatives who went to London had brought back a very good bargain under the circumstances. Two of them—namely, Arthur Griffith and Michael Collins—probably knew Ireland better than any other two men, and they were deputed to go to London, not to get a Republic, but to get the best accommodation they could with the British Empire. They only gave way on certain essential points when they found that the other side had made up their minds not to concede anything further, and they acted wisely in accepting the Treaty. There were three things in it which he did not like—namely, a divided Ireland, occupation of the ports, and association without their consent with the British Empire.

WAR THE ALTERNATIVE.

As a Republican he should like to get rid of these, but he had heard no one who was able to show how they could eliminate those such arguments as the British Army, the British Navy, and the aerial force. He would not be there to support the Treaty if he saw any means of getting rid of these three arguments. The I.R.A., he continued, did their best and fought bravely, the truce was accepted, and it was plain, when the conference was agreed on, that something less than a Republic would be taken. He was glad the farmers of County Dublin were waking up and voicing their opinions. (Applause.)

Mr. Michael Dunne seconded the resolution, and said that in a question like this there was always a bright side and a dark side. In his opinion, the dark side of the Treaty was the shutting out of the North of Ireland by what was called partition. But what was the alternative? The alternative was war. They were shutting off a Parliament established in the North of Ireland and functioning. The Treaty would, however, give them an opportunity, when they had established a Parliament, of inducing the Northerners to come along and join them. (Applause.) The Irish delegates to the Peace Conference were selected to meet the best men in England, and above that conference door was written in letters of steel and lead: "No Republic." Hands off the North! Before they went to the Conference the delegates knew that they had a certain duty to perform, but a Republic and the North were out of the question. They argued night and day in the conference room, and no one knew better than themselves the weight of responsibility upon their shoulders.

They had been led to believe that a united Ireland would support them and accept their verdict. A time limit was put on the Conference, and the hour had struck. The delegates used the last minute of that hour before they signed, and they made the best possible deal for their country. What was their reward where they received with open arms when they came back? He was sorry to say not, for he thought that Ireland as a whole should embrace them for the battle they had made. (Applause.) Let them help the delegates to-day and advise the Dail to accept the Treaty. If the Treaty were signed what would it bring forth? Not a Republic, but the next best thing—an Irish Free State, with full power to manage its own business, financially and otherwise, inside the British Empire. (Hear, hear.) In conclusion, he appealed to the farmers of County Dublin to be unanimous in their decision.

RATIFICATION OR RUIN.

CONTROL OF EDUCATION.

Mr. John Rooney supported the resolution, and said that while they had as much unity in Ireland as in any other country they had not unanimity. He would be sorry to see that they had unanimity, because he thought it would be a proof in itself that things were going wrong. There were some things in the Treaty that they did not like, but Patrick Pearse said that he would take any Bill that would give Ireland control of her education. They had control of education under the Treaty, and it was their own fault if they did not make full use of it. The prospect before the North of Ireland in staying out was not a very inviting one, and if the rest of Ireland extended the hand of friendship to them he trusted that the North of Ireland would join up with them in the near future. (Applause.)

Mr. James Ennis said that so far as he knew the County Dublin was unanimous. They had not far more than they ever hoped for, and if they did not see this Treaty ratified ruin would stare them in the face. The North of Ireland he had great hope for. They accepted a wretched bit of Home Rule, thinking they would get no better. The measure of self-government which would come under the Treaty was far and away in front of what the North accepted, and he was sure, within twelve months they would join hands with them, and if they had a united Ireland they would be on the high road to success. (Applause.)

Mr. J. E. Geoghegan said that both Liberals and Conservatives ought to support the Treaty.

Mr. Hector Hughes emphasised the fact that the question they were considering was whether they would accept the offer that had been made or reject it. With regard to the North, he said that under the Treaty the North was in, and it was for the North to contract out, and if it did the reversion would remain in the Irish State, and if at any future time the North saw its way to come back it would come back into an Irish Free State as an integral part of Ireland. Under the Treaty Ireland would be given essential services, and that was what Parnell fought for and Davis wrote for. He could make Ireland an independent nation. (Applause.)

Mr. James Hayes said the Treaty was one between two independent peoples. They were getting great advantages, and it was the next best thing to a Republic.

Mr. William Hughes, as a County Dublin farmer and business man, held for the ratification of the Treaty.

The Chairman, in putting the resolution, said that they did not come together in any dictatorial manner, and were not dictating in any way to their representatives.

The resolution was passed unanimously amidst applause, and the Chairman mentioned that letters and resolutions in favour of ratification had been received from branches of the Farmers' Association that had not been able to send representatives to the meeting.

LET US WORK TOGETHER.

LORD DE VESCI'S APPEAL.

Mr. Daniel Kennedy, R.D.C., presided at a meeting of representatives of the landed, commercial, and industrial interests of Queen's County, in the Town Hall, Maryborough, yesterday, at which Sir Hutcheson Poë proposed the following resolution:—

"That this meeting, representing the landed, commercial, and industrial interests of Queen's County, desire to express their confidence in their representative, Mr. K. O'Higgins, and their cordial approval of his action in supporting the ratification of the Treaty, and trust that he will use his influence to induce other members of the Dail to act in a similar manner. They earnestly hope that if it should appear that the voice of the country as a whole is in favour of ratification, such members of the Dail as are now opposed to it will subordinate their own personal opinions to the will of the people.

"This meeting deprecates anything in the nature of recrimination, much less division, between the members of the Dail, and feels that only by a united vote in favour of accepting the Treaty loyally and unreservedly can the Dail command the confidence and support of all sections of Irishmen, and thus lay the foundations of the future Government of the Irish Free State on an assured basis of mutual co-operation and goodwill."

He said that the only alternative to acceptance of the Treaty was rejection, with all the consequences that rejection entailed. Those consequences he need not dwell, for although in Queen's County, thanks to the good relations which happily had always existed between all sections of the community, they had been singularly immune from agitation and violence, the reign of terror and wholesale destruction of life and property which had obtained in other parts of the country during the last two years were only too fresh in the minds of the people in countries in all parts of Europe, America, Australia, Canada, and in South Africa, who sympathised deeply with Ireland in the terrible suffering she had passed through during the past two years.

It would be a terrible calamity to Ireland if the Treaty were rejected on account of mere verbal quibbles. That Treaty seemed to give everything substantial which was necessary for the welfare and progress of the country. The only alternative to ratification of the Treaty was that the country would be thrown back into a state even more drastically oppressive than that through which they had passed.

He, therefore, asked them to join with the many holy souls in Ireland who were praying for the peace and welfare of Ireland, that it might please Almighty God to save them from such a calamitous act as the rejection of the Treaty, which held forth the only hope for the peace, tranquillity and welfare of Ireland.

TREATY PETITIONS

CARRIED AWAY IN CORK.

The Cork Incorporated Chamber of Commerce and Shipping, Commercial Buildings, and the Cork Chamber of Commerce, Imperial Hotel, having declared in public meeting in favour of the ratification of the Peace Treaty, jointly issued a notice to professional men, commercial classes, and all organised bodies and associations, inviting them, if they favoured ratification, to sign a petition to that effect, which was in the newsroom of each organisation.

For the past few days the petitions have been signed by about two hundred commercial men, and over a thousand Cork business men have forwarded to Dublin last evening.

At half-past ten o'clock yesterday morning three civilians, who are believed to have been armed, alighted from a motor car outside Commercial Buildings, and two of them went to the newsroom, and returned to the car with the list of signatures, and drove off.

Mr. George Tolerton, Secretary of Commercial Buildings, asked one of the civilians by what authority he was carrying off the signatures, and he replied that he was a Volunteer, and warned Mr. Tolerton not to go near the telephone. Mr. Tolerton states: "While objecting to the men's action in carrying off the signatures, I have not to complain of any want of courtesy towards me during the transaction."

The memorial in the newsroom of the Cork Chamber was removed in the same way.

TRALEE REPUBLICANS.

STRANGE FAREWELL TO MEMBERS.

A remarkable demonstration was witnessed on the departure of the mid-day train from Tralee for Dublin yesterday, when Mr. Finian Lynch, M.P. for South Kerry, and Mr. Patrick J. Cahill, M.P. for West Kerry, left to attend the meeting of Dail Eireann.

Fianna boys in uniform, members of the Cumann na Bhan, and several young men appeared on the platform, all carrying printed placards. The inscriptions on the placards were: "Young Ireland is at heart Republican," "No partition," "No partition, but unity in Ireland," "A Republic for Ireland." Another bore the inscription, "The bones of the dead Republicans will rattle in your ears"; and yet another, "An Englishwoman is not the only Republican in Kerry."

As the train steamed out cheers were called for the Republic, and were heartily given.

At all Masses in the parish church in Tralee on Sunday the prayer of the congregation were asked for the ratification of the Treaty.

NORTHERN GOVERNMENT.

MORE SERVICES TRANSFERRED.

The Government of Northern Ireland began yesterday the administration of all Irish services not previously transferred, except services in connection with education, science and art, and technical instruction, which are to be transferred on the 1st February. Health insurance services will be transferred a month later. The Northern Government has now obtained most of the powers conferred upon it by the 1920 Act.

MAIL CAR ROBBED.

OUTRAGE IN CO. CORK.

The driver of a mail car was "held up" by armed men on the Kilworth road, near Fermoy, on Saturday morning and six bags of mails were stolen.

The mails were intended for Mitchelstown and Kilworth Camp. The robbers, four in number, were masked, and they used electric torches while examining the mail bags.

Both the R.I.C. and the "Republican police" are investigating the case.

RED ARMY DESPERATION.

Reuter's Agency learns from an Azerbaijan source that since December 10th military trains have been moving towards Tiflis. In the Batum district three divisions of the Soviet Army are assembled, and the railway from the frontier to Batum is thronged with tattooed and hungry men of the Red Army. The coast of the Caspian Sea near Baku is peopled with famished refugees.

(Continued in Page 8, Column 3.)

DAIL RESUMES TO-DAY.

RATIFICATION STILL DOUBTFUL.

EXTREMISTS' NEW NEWSPAPER.

Dail Eireann will reassemble at University Buildings, Dublin, this morning at 11 o'clock for the purpose of continuing the debate on the motion for the ratification of the Peace Agreement.

The sitting will, it is understood, continue from day to day until a vote is taken, unless something at present unforeseen happens. There is a consensus of opinion that the division will be taken on Thursday evening.

For some days past there has been a good deal of irresponsible talk about an effort to secure an unanimous decision; but, so far as can be ascertained, this object, so generally desired, is not likely to be attained.

Most of the country members of the Dail were back in Dublin last night. Those of them who were seen were very uncommunicative, and it is still difficult to estimate whether the mass of public opinion which has been expressed in favour of the Treaty has had any effect on the views of those opposed to ratification.

A new factor in the situation is the publication of a newspaper to express the views of the Extremist wing, which is frankly Republican. The first issue of this paper, which is to be called *The Republic of Ireland*, will be published this morning. It will be a four-page publication, differing from the usual style of "make-up" of the weekly Sinn Fein papers, the pages being much larger.

The chief editorial article sets forth the policy of the promoters, which is, as stated, independent and Republican. It is naturally against the Peace Treaty. The tone of the writing generally is not aggressive, and there are no personalities. There is no contribution or message from Mr. de Valera.

The Dail has now had the Peace Agreement under consideration since December 14. On that date, after sitting a few hours, it went into secret session, which was continued on the 15th, 16th, 17th, and 19th. On the 20th the public session was resumed, and Mr. Griffith moved the ratification of the Treaty. The discussion was continued on the 21st and 22nd. On the latter date it adjourned until to-day.

"A TERRIBLE CALAMITY."

CARDINAL LOGUE'S VIEW OF REJECTION.

Addressing a large congregation in the Cathedral, Armagh, yesterday, after the celebration of Solemn High Mass, Cardinal Logue said that the coming week was a week great in the history of Ireland. An agreement had been come to with the British Government by which greater freedom had been given to this country than ever was given before. When the world appeared a wave of rejoicing swept over only one people—the people of this country, and over the people in countries in all parts of Europe, America, Australia, Canada, and in South Africa, who sympathised deeply with Ireland in the terrible suffering she had passed through during the past two years.

It would be a terrible calamity to Ireland if the Treaty were rejected on account of mere verbal quibbles. That Treaty seemed to give everything substantial which was necessary for the welfare and progress of the country. The only alternative to ratification of the Treaty was that the country would be thrown back into a state even more drastically oppressive than that through which they had passed.

He, therefore, asked them to join with the many holy souls in Ireland who were praying for the peace and welfare of Ireland, that it might please Almighty God to save them from such a calamitous act as the rejection of the Treaty, which held forth the only hope for the peace, tranquillity and welfare of Ireland.

TREATY PETITIONS

CARRIED AWAY IN CORK.

The Cork Incorporated Chamber of Commerce and Shipping, Commercial Buildings, and the Cork Chamber of Commerce, Imperial Hotel, having declared in public meeting in favour of the ratification of the Peace Treaty, jointly issued a notice to professional men, commercial classes, and all organised bodies and associations, inviting them, if they favoured ratification, to sign a petition to that effect, which was in the newsroom of each organisation.

For the past few days the petitions have been signed by about two hundred commercial men, and over a thousand Cork business men have forwarded to Dublin last evening.

At half-past ten o'clock yesterday morning three civilians, who are believed to have been armed, alighted from a motor car outside Commercial Buildings, and two of them went to the newsroom, and returned to the car with the list of signatures, and drove off.

Mr. George Tolerton, Secretary of Commercial Buildings, asked one of the civilians by what authority he was carrying off the signatures, and he replied that he was a Volunteer, and warned Mr. Tolerton not to go near the telephone. Mr. Tolerton states: "While objecting to the men's action in carrying off the signatures, I have not to complain of any want of courtesy towards me during the transaction."

The memorial in the newsroom of the Cork Chamber was removed in the same way.

TRALEE REPUBLICANS.

STRANGE FAREWELL TO MEMBERS.

A remarkable demonstration was witnessed on the departure of the mid-day train from Tralee for Dublin yesterday, when Mr. Finian Lynch, M.P. for South Kerry, and Mr. Patrick J. Cahill, M.P. for West Kerry, left to attend the meeting of Dail Eireann.

Fianna boys in uniform, members of the Cumann na Bhan, and several young men appeared on the platform, all carrying printed placards. The inscriptions on the placards were: "Young Ireland is at heart Republican," "No partition," "No partition, but unity in Ireland," "A Republic for Ireland." Another bore the inscription, "The bones of the dead Republicans will rattle in your ears"; and yet another, "An Englishwoman is not the only Republican in Kerry."

As the train steamed out cheers were called for the Republic, and were heartily given.

At all Masses in the parish church in Tralee on Sunday the prayer of the congregation were asked for the ratification of the Treaty.

NORTHERN GOVERNMENT.

MORE SERVICES TRANSFERRED.

The Government of Northern Ireland began yesterday the administration of all Irish services not previously transferred, except services in connection with education, science and art, and technical instruction, which are to be transferred on the 1st February. Health insurance services will be transferred a month later. The Northern Government has now obtained most of the powers conferred upon it by the 1920 Act.

MAIL CAR ROBBED.

OUTRAGE IN CO. CORK.

The driver of a mail car was "held up" by armed men on the Kilworth road, near Fermoy, on Saturday morning and six bags of mails were stolen.

The mails were intended for Mitchelstown and Kilworth Camp. The robbers, four in number, were masked, and they used electric torches while examining the mail bags.

Both the R.I.C. and the "Republican police" are investigating the case.

RED ARMY DESPERATION.

Reuter's Agency learns from an Azerbaijan source that since December 10th military trains have been moving towards Tiflis. In the Batum district three divisions of the Soviet Army are assembled, and the railway from the frontier to Batum is thronged with tattooed and hungry men of the Red Army. The coast of the Caspian Sea near Baku is peopled with famished refugees.

TRIUMPH OF LOYALTY.

THE PRINCE IN BURMAH.

WELCOMED BY ALL RACES AND CREEDS.

The Prince of Wales had a magnificent reception at Rangoon, the capital of Burmah, yesterday, where he was greeted by the largest crowd that has yet welcomed him in India.

Half-hearted attempts to organise a *hartal* failed completely, the very persons who had interested themselves in the movement turning out to see the procession.

A special despatch from Rangoon describes wonderful scenes of Oriental splendour and magnificence. The spectacle, says the Correspondent, was like a kinema-colour panorama of golden splendour.

His Royal Highness made a speech in reply to an address of welcome, drove through two miles of decorated streets in a State barouche, reviewed troops and ex-Service men, inspected a college, attended an official dinner, and took part in a dance.

GOLDEN SPLENDOURS.

RANGOON'S COLOUR AND GLITTER.

RANGOON, Monday.

Rangoon gave the Prince of Wales a magnificent reception on his arrival here this morning.

Dawn found the Dufferin steaming slowly into the muddy river. The first glimpse we had of the city was the great golden dome of the famous Shway-Dagon padoga glittering in the mist. At 8 the ship moored to a gorgeously decorated pontoon at the Lewis street jetty, while H.M.S. Southampton fired a Royal salute.

The crowded shipping in the port displayed a perfect riot of bunting, and as the sun broke through the morning mists the city presented a vivid picture.

Directly the Dufferin had made fast she was boarded by the Lieutenant-Governor and his staff. Soon afterwards the Prince landed, and walked across the red carpeted platform to a beautiful stand of gold and green filagree work placed in the centre of an amphitheatre, over which an awning had been stretched. Under this awning a distinguished throng of Europeans, Burmese, and Orientals of various races had gathered, and the Prince received an address, which was read by the Burmese president of the Rangoon Municipal Council. After this His Royal Highness was presented with a wonderfully beaten gold casket, with a design symbolising the Legend of Queen Mahamaya.

"PAX BRITANNICA."

Replying to the address, the Prince said:—

"The name your city bears—City of Peace, or, more literally, End of War—is an appropriate testimony to what *Pax Britannica* has done for Burmah and Rangoon. No more romantic page in the annals of the development of the Empire can be found than the history of the growth of the small town, the thatched huts of which passed under British occupation in 1852, into the vast metropolis and prosperous port of to-day.

"I was yesterday a wilderness of mud and a labyrinth of hovels met the eye the fair capital of one of the richest provinces of the Empire to-day lifts her proud head.

"There is romance, too, in the many nationalities which throng your streets and docks. At first sight, amid the multiplicity of creeds and tongues, your citizens only common tie would seem to be the bond of adherence to the British Empire, under whose protection they live and thrive. But, despite or because of elements, your city is essentially a part and parcel of Burmah, and, in the true sense, the capital of India, for in your midst stand the great pagods, the oldest of all the living places of religion, claiming the proportion of followers among the human race than any other.

"The great position that this city has attained in the Empire is due largely to those among you who have laboured in its civil affairs, and to the successful efforts of your Port Commissioners and Development Committees. Great opportunities and responsibilities still lie ahead of you."

After receiving the members of the Municipal Council, the Bishop of Rangoon, the puisne judges, and various high officials, the Prince entered a Royal barouche and drove in procession to Government House. The route lay through the heart of the city, which was superbly decorated. Members of the various races and religions all expressed greetings in their own quaint and characteristic fashion.

The most striking of these were those of the Burmese school children, who chanted a melodious hymn of praise, by a party representing the community, with priests in full vestments, bearing aloft big silver crucifixes, and by a band of Chinese boys playing fifes and drums with great vigour and dexterity. Behind the rows of khaki-clad troops lining the thoroughfares had assembled the biggest crowd that has yet welcomed the Prince during his tour.

The boycott effort had manifestly been unavailing, and the Burmese are indignant because the very people who had been most active in trying to organise a hartal had themselves turned out in their thousands to see the procession. Every variety of Oriental type was represented along the two-mile drive, while very picturesque details were added to the scene by the myriads of gaudy paper umbrellas sported by the sight-seers.

The demeanour of the crowds was distinctly impassive, but also unmistakably friendly. The whole scene was like one great marvellous kinemacolour panorama, almost bewildering in its wealth of golden splendour.

On arriving at Government House the Prince inspected the 96th Berar Infantry and the Rangoon Auxiliary Battalion.

After lunch His Royal Highness motored to the University College, where he was met by the Chancellor and staff, and was presented with bouquets by lady students. From there he went to Dalhousie Park, and informally inspected a big gathering of ex-Service men.

Then tea was served on the lawns, while the pipers of the Royal Scots startled the kites with their shrill skirl.

At night there was a dinner party given by the Governor and Lady Craddock, followed by a dance, in which His Royal Highness took an active part.

After dusk, Rangoon and its harbour were brilliantly illuminated.

BOURNEMOUTH MURDER.

STILL SEEKING CLUES.

Since the discovery of Miss Wilkins's attaché case no developments have occurred to justify the belief that the hunt for the Bournemouth murderer will be brought to an early conclusion.

The police were inquiring yesterday into the story of a visitor who departed from a small hotel at Bouremouth somewhat hurriedly on Boxing Day, leaving a London address, but on inquiry at Scotland Yard last evening it was stated that nothing was known of the matter.

A woman who, it was supposed to have seen Miss Wilkins arrive at Bournemouth Station, on being shown a photograph of the murdered woman yesterday, was satisfied that she was not the person.

The finger print on the recovered attaché case has not proved at all helpful, and the police are still endeavouring to trace the motor car.

A man who, it is stated, said that he recently came from Boscombe, and was on his way to Scotland, was detained for inquiries at Poplar Police Station last night.

TAILORS ON STRIKE.

Between 250 and 300 Dublin tailors struck work yesterday as a protest against a proposed wage reduction and the introduction of a system of dilution which they contend would mean the displacement by women of a number of men.

Over 200 operative tailors have gone on strike in Cork. One of the new conditions objected to by the workers was a reduction of twopence per log hour, and where it is considered desirable, male and female labour shall be employed together in the manufacture of bespoke tailoring. Members of the Cork branch of the Irish Tailors' Union have also declared a strike.

KILLED BY BANDITS.

PARIS, Monday.

A telegram from Djibouti states that Count Maurice de Lousse has been killed by bandits, but the remainder of his party, which included three women, are safe.—(Reuter.)

[Djibouti is the capital of Obock, a French possession on the African coast of the Red Sea.]

MYSTERIOUS CRIME IN PARIS.

ENGLISHWOMAN MURDERED.

PARIS, Monday.

A young Englishwoman, Mrs. Draycott, was found brutally murdered this morning in the little pavilion where she lived with her husband in the Rue de L'Est, at Boulogne sur Seine, a pretty suburb of Paris.

Her head was smashed in, probably with a heavy hammer, and she had been dead, according to the doctor who afterwards examined the body, since Saturday night.

Robbery was apparently not the object of the crime, as nothing was stolen, and up to the present the murderer's motive remains a mystery.

Mr. Draycott, the husband, an English subject born in Cyprus, who is a chemist engaged in preparing anti-foot-and-mouth disease serum for distribution for agricultural centres, went to England a few days before Christmas, and Mrs. Draycott remained alone in the pavilion.

When she did not appear yesterday morning the concierge, who had not seen her since the day before, suggested that the chauffeur for the Draycotts, who had a motor car, should go and see if anything was wrong. Vlachos, the chauffeur, apparently refused to act on this suggestion, saying that the mistress was probably merely tired and resting.

When she still did not appear this morning the concierge went to the lodging of Vlachos near-by and insisted that he should enter the pavilion to see if all was well. Vlachos promised to go, and in the meantime the concierge called the police. The police, chauffeur, and concierge entered the pavilion together, and found the poor woman lying done to death in the sitting-room, with a book, which she had evidently been reading when attacked, lying on the floor.

There were signs that there had been a fierce struggle before she fell.—(*Times* telegram.)

The police inquires show that Mrs. Draycott was killed while she was sitting on a sofa in her husband's study reading. The chauffeur has told the police that he was with the murdered woman for about an hour.

Doctors who examined the body state that they found several fractures of the skull.

The police are following up the case with the greatest energy.

TRAMWAY STRIKE THREATENED.

BALLOT TO BE TAKEN TO-DAY.

A mass meeting of employés of the Dublin United Tramways Company, who are members of the Amalgamated Association of Tramway and Vehicle Workers, decided, in the Banba Hall, at an early hour this morning to take a ballot on the question of withdrawing their labour in order to enforce a full and complete settlement of the wages dispute, the holiday question, and the refusal of the inspectors to become members of the union.

The ballot will take place to-day, and according to a statement made at the meeting by 75 per cent. of the members vote for a strike it will take place after pay day on Friday next should the Tramway Company deduct 5s. a week, as proposed, from the men's wages.

Mr. Brodwell, National Secretary, dealt with the national award and its application in England as compared with Ireland, and said that the increases given in Dublin came into force from three to five months later than in England, and the same should follow when wages were on the down ward grade. From inquiries that he had made he found that the prices for essential foods were much higher in Dublin than in London.

He considered that a reduction of 3s. would adequately meet the case if they accepted that. (Loud cries of "No reduction.")

Every man would have a ballot paper to-night, and if the Tramway Company were not prepared to treat with the union in a reasonable way they could have a fight. (Applause.)

The men had a duty to the travelling public, who would be in an awkward position if they did not get notice of the strike, and he wanted them to know that if the Tramway Company took off that 5s. a week on Friday the public could be prepared to walk on Saturday. (Applause.)

If there was going to be a stoppage they would wait till Saturday morning.

The meeting concluded at 2 a.m.

BOLSHEVIST ATTACK.

HEAVY FIGHTING IN KARELIA.

HELSINGFORS, Monday.

On Sunday the Bolsheviats began a strong artillery and cavalry offensive against Parajaervi, in Eastern Karelia. The Karelians report heavy fighting against superior forces.

The Bolsheviats had attacked Parajaervi on December 28, but were repulsed, the Bolsheviats losing 280 killed and a number of wounded, the Karelian casualties being 18 killed and 34 wounded.—(Reuter.)

BELGIUM'S INTERESTS.

POINTS FOR THE SUPREME COUNCIL.

BRUSSELS, Monday.

The *Soir*, referring to the economic conference which has just been held in Paris and the scheme which was drawn up by the British and French delegates for submission to the Supreme Council at Cannes, says that the Belgian delegates presented at the meeting on Saturday a detailed statement indicating clearly the questions which they considered ought to be settled.

They laid stress on the fact that account ought to be taken of the special position that Belgium had created for herself in Russia, where she retained interests and rights which could not be ignored.

The conference eventually decided that discussion of the question should be resumed at the Cannes Conference.

SHOTS FROM A HEDGE.

TIPPERARY COUNCILLOR WOUNDED.

Mr. J. J. Hassett, Vice-Chairman of the North Tipperary County Council, was shot at and injured in both legs while cycling near Templemore on Saturday night.

Hassett was riding towards his home when a volley of shots was fired at him from behind a hedge. His assailants then ran away.

No motive can be assigned for the attack. Hassett is not taken a prominent part in politics, and had been interned for twelve months.

At the meeting of the North Tipperary Council yesterday condemnation of the outrage was expressed.

BOMB IN A CROWD.

BERLIN, Monday.

While a large crowd was gathered in the market place at Dinkelsbuehl, Bavaria, listening to a band on New Year's Eve, a bomb, filled with pieces of copper, iron and glass, and charged with dynamite, was thrown into the middle of the throng.

No one was killed, but 50 persons were injured, 20 seriously.

The author of the outrage was a youth of about 20, and he and several other persons have been arrested.—(Reuter.)

RAND COAL STRIKE.

JOHANNESBURG, Monday.

The strike at the Witbank Colliery was in full operation last night, and all work, except on essential services, ceased to-day. Indications point to the strike taking a peaceful course.—(Reuter.)

GERMANY'S WAR BILLS.

BERLIN, Monday.

It is stated in well-informed circles that, in addition to the reparations payment of 132 milliards of gold marks, considerable sums may fall due under other provisions of the Versailles Treaty, including claims for damages in respect of measures taken against the private property of enemy subjects in Germany. Sums claimed under this head in German courts amount to many milliards of marks.

There are further claims for compensation in respect of measures taken by Germany between July 31, 1914, and the date of entry into the war of the country whose subjects are in question.

Portugal is claiming a large sum under this head.—(Reuter.)

FROM TO-DAY'S LONDON PAPERS.

GENERAL ELECTION.

EXPECTED IN FEBRUARY.

"THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY SAYS:—

A February General Election is regarded in Ministerial quarters as a virtual certainty. If nothing goes amiss in Ireland or at Cannes, the dissolution of Parliament may be expected at the end of the present month. The Prime Minister's election cry will be the beating of swords into ploughshares and the hope of prosperity in a determined and concerted effort to bring about the commercial revival of Europe.

The Prime Minister takes the view held by the majority of his Cabinet colleagues, that the Government has almost exhausted the mandate received from the electorate in 1918, that the period of internal readjustment after the war has passed, and that the building up of our industrial well-being depends now upon the reconstruction of Europe and the development of its markets. That the cure for unemployment is employment is a trite, but true, phrase to which the Government will supply copious elaboration during the election campaign. Retrenchment at home and a helping hand to reconstruction in our overseas markets will be the obverse and reverse sides of the Government's General Election coinage.

The economies effected or determined upon by the spending departments during the last six months, and the still greater economies suggested by the Geddes Committee, will figure as proofs of the Government's ability to grapple with the financial situation at home, and the schemes for the revival of trade that engaged the attention of Parliament in October, and the proposals to be submitted to the Supreme Council at Cannes, and later to a European Conference, will be cited as practical measures taken by the Government to promote in the surest way the welfare of the country.

"SINCERE PEACE."

GERMAN PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

The conference of Allied business men selected by their Governments, which has been sitting in Paris, have got through their appointed task of producing a scheme for the economic restoration of Europe with the despatch expected from them, remarks *The Times* editorially. The New Year's speech of the German President will scarcely tend to lessen the apprehensions of French opinion as to possible developments at Cannes.

Herr Ebert, after protestations that Germany desires nothing but to work peacefully for her reconstruction "in the national sense," expressed the hope of the German people that the new year would bring an increased recognition of the needs of the world, and that "in this recognition each nation would endeavour by cooperation with the others to give the world a true and sincere peace." The implication that Germany does not consider the peace established by the Treaty of Versailles to be "true and sincere" is obvious.

That this is the case is, of course, notorious. But it is not a little indiscreet of the President of the Reich to intimate the fact with ostentation just at present?

A NEW ENTENTE.

COMING CANNES CONFERENCE.

The Times, in a leading article upon the coming Conference at Cannes, finds auguries for which it says are not wholly promising, observes:—The need of the moment is to consolidate the *Entente*, to face resolutely the questions in dispute, and to determine that they shall be settled in a manner consonant with the desires and interests of both peoples.

It must be frankly recognised that occasions for friction exist, and that particularly on the questions of the relations between Western and Central Europe and of the Near East there is a conflict of policy between the British and French Governments. The recent unhappy incidents at Washington are, strictly speaking, simply the reflection of this conflict of policy, which has become a serious factor in impeding the progress of the world.

The purpose of the *Entente* was to stimulate progress and to secure peace and liberty. If there is a danger lest the relations between Great Britain and France, through the carelessness, the neglect, or the obduracy of the British and French Governments, should lead to conflict rather than to a deepening peace, if they should become a check on progress rather than its best inspiration, then it is time we had a new *Entente*.

At the least we must have, a close union of purpose and aim worthy of the common sacrifice in the war for a great purpose beyond ourselves, and such a clear and sincere agreement can only be established if the points of difference and divergence are frankly and openly discussed.

ISOLATED ICELAND.

AN ENGLISH SOCIETY ESTABLISHED.

A Correspondent of *The Times* at Reykjavik Iceland, states in a message:—Since her separation as a sovereign State from Denmark, Iceland has been seeking to extend her connection with other countries, and in particular with Great Britain and the United States. Striking evidence of this newly-awakened interest in countries other than Denmark on the part of this isolated island people was afforded today, when a Society was founded for the purpose of furthering intellectual intercourse and mutual good-will between the Icelandic people and the English-speaking world.

The new Society is to be called "Anglia," and its headquarters will be in Reykjavik.

NEW WEATHER RECORD.

A SUMMER NIGHT IN JANUARY.

The year 1922 has lost little time in setting up a new "weather record," writes *The Times* Weather Correspondent. In London yesterday was the warmest day experienced in any part of January during the last half century at least. At Kew Observatory the thermometer rose to 58 degrees—1 degree higher than the *maximum* of January, 1920, which hitherto held the "record" back to 1871.

The heat of Sunday night was even more extraordinary, the minimum of 53 degrees being equivalent to the average for early July, and not only the highest ever known in January, but higher than any previously attained in any year before the closing days of April.

THE IRISH AGREEMENT.

In a leading article, the *Morning Post* says:—So long as the Government of Ireland Act of 1920 remains unaltered upon the Statute Book the Irish agreement means nothing, and is nothing. Before it can become effective the Southern Government must be duly constituted according to the Act. There can be no transfer of its powers to a "Provisional Government" except by the act of the Southern Parliament, together with the act of the British Government in repealing or modifying the Government of Ireland Act of 1920. The agreement may be ratified, but its ratification will but serve to precipitate a conflict between the Irish parties. But these things are inconsiderable compared with the difficulties which will instantly arise if the agreement is legalised and the attempt is made to embody its articles in a bill. The financial and economic problems alone have hitherto proved insoluble by the most sagacious statesmen. Mr. Lloyd George quite simply does not consider them at all.

REDUCING THE NAVY.

The Daily Telegraph, in a leader, says:—It is stated on high authority that the Geddes Committee has suggested that the numbers of officers and men in the Royal Navy, already greatly reduced, should be further cut down by 35,000. What the Board of Admiralty may say to the proposal we need not endeavour to anticipate, for the issue is not one of departmental, but or national, and even of Imperial, gravity. But we are convinced that throughout His Majesty's Dominions the suggestion, following upon the concessions made at Washington, will be received with amazement, which may well develop into something stronger.

TO-DAY'S RACING SELECTIONS.

MANCHESTER.

SPORTSMAN	MAN ON THE SPOT.
1. 0—Frazela.	Witton.
1.30—Ballybandy; if ab., Tarasia.	Nonchalante.
2. 0—Green Wavelet.	Jimma.
2.30—Warbottle.	Front Line.
3. 0—Ballybandy; if ab., Voxol.	Resinos.
3.30—Ardgour.	Ardgour.
SPORTING LIFE.	**MAN ON THE SPOT.**
1. 0—Fragola.	Charles Lever.
1.30—Ballybandy.	Tarasia.
2. 0—Peacock.	Bedyngard.
2.30—Tokeston, nap.	Front Line.
3. 0—Voxol.	Voxol.
3.30—Ardgour.	Ardgour, nap.

SNIPING IN BELFAST.

DAY OF TERROR.

THREE KILLED—MANY WOUNDED.

MOTHER'S ORDEAL.

From early morning until late at night yesterday snipers were busy in the York street area of Belfast. Three people were killed and several were seriously wounded. It was a day of terror for the residents.

The wounded include a boy of about two years of age who was shot while his mother was carrying him along the street. He had a miraculous escape from death. A bullet struck him in the abdomen and then passed through the head of a boy named Hugh Corr, of 60 Little Patrick street, who was standing on the footpath. Corr was removed to the Royal Victoria Hospital, where he died a few hours later.

The shooting began in Dock street and Corporation street shortly before eight o'clock, when the shipyard men were on the way to work. The first shot was fired at some labourers who had gathered at a street corner. They ran for shelter, and as they ran a volley of seven or eight shots was fired.

Police and military appeared on the scene, and the gunmen became silent. An interval of comparative calm followed, but at about ten o'clock there was another outburst of firing. On this occasion the snipers got one victim.

William Tomlinson (46), of 6 Nelson street, was passing the junction of Great George's street and Nelson street when he was wounded in the groin. He was taken to the Royal Victoria Hospital, where it was reported that his condition was critical.

Armoured cars patrolled the district, and for a time quietness prevailed. But it was not for long. At about noon the gunmen who, apparently had moved to new hiding places, resumed their fell work. It was at this time that the infant and the boy Corr were shot.

In the afternoon a young man named Alexander Turtle was shot dead while standing at the corner of North Thomas street. Several persons were treated at the hospitals during the course of the evening.

While Private Barnes, of the Norfolk Regiment, was on picket duty at the corner of North Queen street and Sussex street, he was fired at from the direction of Dale street. He died shortly after admission to

THE TREATY OF PEACE—IV.

SOME ECONOMIC RESULTS.

(FROM A POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.)

In the original letter to Mr. de Valera, in which he proposed that an attempt should be made to settle the Irish question by conference, Mr. Lloyd George indicated that the maintenance of free trade between Great Britain and Ireland was necessary "to avert the possibility of ruinous trade wars." In the proposed Treaty, however, nothing is said as to this, and the Irish Free State, by assuming the *status* of a Dominion, automatically acquires the right to pursue her own economic destiny in her own way and without reference to the needs of Great Britain or any other country. That is entirely as it should be. Economic necessities are stronger than the passions and prejudices of men, and it would be as fatal to have the Irish Free State pledged to a certain economic policy by British insistence as it would be to commit her to an unsound programme of tariffs and embargoes merely for the sake of pandering to popular sentiment.

The first of these dangers is eliminated by the Treaty. The Irish Free State might (though it is by no means certain that she will find herself bound to a policy of free trade with Great Britain), even to the point of compulsion, but because the economic retaliation that Great Britain could legitimately oppose in her own economic interests to an Irish tariff wall would be ruinous to Irish prosperity. There is nothing objectionable in that, because the economic war is one that goes on among all nations and at all times, and each has a fundamental right to fight exclusion with exclusion, tariff with tariff, and bounty with bounty, and to barter the right to import free of duty for a corresponding right to export on the same terms.

NOT ELIMINATED.

But the second danger is not eliminated, and it depends upon the spirit in which the Provisional Government—or more probably the first Free State Government that takes office under the Irish Constitution—legislates whether it is to be eliminated or no. It is always the case when a new political community has arisen as the result of a struggle that, for many years afterwards, political capital can be made out of keeping the old enmities alive and rattling the bones of the dead bogeys of hatred and strife. Such a condition of things is going to subsist in Ireland for many years to come, and many a politician, with no other claim to the consideration of his constituents, will go to the polls crying "Down with England!"

There is no particular harm in that so long as the sentiment in question does not become a party cry and, in particular, the cry of the dominant party, which is thereupon required to redeem its pledges and undertake anti-British legislation of an economic character which will provoke ruinous retaliation. It must not be taken as intimating that any attempt by the Free State Government to protect Irish industries by means of a tariff on imported goods must necessarily be the result of an political appeal to popular passion. It may well be that an Irish Government of the sanest and most businesslike type will decide, having weighed all the consequences, that such protection and such a tariff are necessary in the interests of the Irish community. The proof of the pudding will then be in the eating. If the policy of protection is a success, Great Britain cannot complain. If it is a failure its early removal will be a matter of course.

ECONOMIC PRICE.

CATTLE INDUSTRY.

Fortunately, there are satisfactory indications that for a while, at any rate, the light of reason and not the candle of vision, or rather of the visionary, will illuminate the counsels of Ireland's law-makers and economists. Nevertheless, it remains for the Irish community at large to learn that even comparative independence has its price. It may be a small one compared with the benefits gained, and the payment may be made willingly. Yet there is an economic price attaching to the Treaty which Ireland must pay and which Great Britain is not necessarily in a position to remit, however generously disposed she might feel. As an example of what I mean, we may consider the position of the exporter of store cattle after the Treaty has been signed. The situation then is that the Irish Free State assumes exactly the same position as Canada in the matter of the control of its cattle industry, inspection, and the prevention of disease, etc. Great Britain is therefore confronted with the following alternatives:—either she must prohibit the import of Irish cattle into England, as she now prohibits the import of foreign and Canadian cattle, or she must allow both Canadian and Irish cattle to be imported on the same terms. She cannot, under the same set of circumstances, placate Ireland by letting in Irish cattle and alienate Canada by shutting out Canadian cattle. But it is obvious that whether the embargo be extended to Irish cattle—a severe blow to the British farmer, whose sole chance of making a living nowadays is by raising live-stock—or whether the so-called "expulsion," tariff with tariff, and bounty with bounty, and to barter the right to import free of duty for a corresponding right to export on the same terms.

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What is may well seem to those who are entrusted with the economic destinies of the Irish Free State that an embargo on the export of live cattle to England and Scotland is a blessing and not a curse—that the growth of additional employment given both to Irish labour and Irish capital as the result of exchanging the exportation of live stock for a packing industry is a thing to be desired from the point of view of the Irish people as a whole. It is true that the facilities for fattening cattle in Ireland are not all that they might be; but enterprise should do much to remedy that state of affairs. There is no reason why the Irish farmer should not produce all her own sugar, and the waste products of a beet-sugar factory are immensely valuable for fattening cattle. The manufacture of oil-cake also could be developed in the South of Ireland.

A NEW IRELAND.

These are matters for the experts, however. All that immediately concerns the man in the street is that, economically, the Irish Free State is bound to stand on an entirely different footing from the Ireland that we knew, and that, while the change may result ultimately in a more prosperous and populous Ireland, its immediate effect may be disconcerting. What must be impressed upon the Irish voter is that economics are more powerful than politics, and that a country that tries to use economic weapons in any but the economic struggle or to produce any but strictly economic results is riding for a fall. In this connection one frequently hears it assumed that any attempt by the Free State to build up home industries by means of a tariff would be met by prompt retaliatory action on the part of Great Britain. If that had been the beginning and end of the Free Trade policy, it would have gone by the board long ago, since virtually every country with which Great Britain does business, including the Dominions, levies a duty on imported British goods. Britain maintains Free Trade because, wisely or otherwise, the majority of the British people still believe in it, and they are not going to be turned from that belief simply because yet another small country adopts the policy of Protection.

Anything in the nature of a boycott of British goods *qua* British, or discrimination in favour of other countries, would, no doubt, be resented because these are not economic, but hostile, measures. But if the Free State Government undertakes to protect its industries by a non-discriminating tariff on certain imports, there is not the slightest reason to fear that Great Britain will undertake retaliatory action. There would, of course, be the danger that Britain might abandon the Free Trade policy in toto and join the ranks of the Protectionists. But even if she were convinced Protectionists do not levy a tariff on products that they do not themselves raise, and a British tariff would be likely to include cattle or dairy produce, though it would probably affect other Irish exports, such as silk, whiskey, woollen textiles, feathers, hog-hair, and other goods that Ireland at present exports either in the raw or the manufactured state.

TARIFF POLICY.

SOME LIMITATIONS.

The objection to a tariff policy on the part of the Irish Free State lies not in the immediate menace of countervailing duties on Irish exports, but in the financial necessities of the economic case. As the United States discovered when, taking advantage of the war, they tried to capture South American and other markets previously monopolised by European exporters, a nation must buy in the market in which it sells and *vice versa*. In the long run, and except under unusual circumstances, such as a great war, there is no such thing internationally as a cash sale. Goods are exchanged for goods and, where nothing can be sold, nothing can be bought. The United States found that they could not sell to the Argentine because they wanted nothing that the Argentine had to dispose of—neither beef nor grain. Britain buys all these things and can, therefore, sell to the Argentine coal and textiles and the other commodities which the Argentines lack.

The ability of the Free State to build up its own manufactures and to become *pro tanto* self-contained must, therefore, be limited by its need for foreign markets for its agricultural produce. Having neither coal nor other valuable raw materials to work upon, Ireland never can become an industrial country, and there is no reason why she should so wish. Most agricultural countries are ever plagued with a surplus population, and, if this cannot emigrate, or if it is desired to retain it in the country for military or other reasons, industrial occupation of some sort must be found for it. In the case of Ireland emigration has been carried to excess and industries have been lost through foreign competition—*e.g.*, the manufactures of woollen textiles—which the most agricultural community may be expected to enjoy.

These would be rejuvenated by protection, and the Free State could become self-sufficient as regards such commodities as blankets, cloth, knitted goods, low-grade furniture, manufactured tobacco, bedding, drugs, confectionery, etc., without the balance of trade between it and Great Britain being seriously disturbed. It would be disturbed to some extent, but additional imports of iron and steel manufactures, machinery, hats, tobacco, paper and paper-pulp, cotton fabrics, and various other raw materials and manufactured articles would naturally follow the increase of Irish manufactures, and so make up the deficit to some extent. Luxury expenditure, resulting from enhanced prosperity, would make up the rest.

BRITAIN'S ATTITUDE.

But the process cannot be carried very far. In 1919 Ireland exported about seventeen million pounds worth of goods in excess of her imports. The difference, however, went to Great Britain in some collateral form—insurance premiums, freight, commissions, and so on. It is obvious that, if the imports from Britain were cut, let us say, to the tune of twenty-five millions, by the protection of Irish industries, Britain could not afford to go on paying that amount annually in gold into Ireland's lap. She would turn instead to one of Ireland's agricultural rivals—Finland, for example—that was willing to supply the butter and eggs and poultry now imported from Ireland in exchange not for gold, but for the British manufactures that Ireland would no longer buy.

Manifestly, these economic problems are not a matter of doctrine and rule, but of experiment and adjustment, and the Free State Government will have plenty of time for both. The real difficulty in regard to the adjustment of economic relations between Britain and the Free State will lie in the position of Ulster. That question must be dealt with in another article.

BUSINESS FIRMS

Requiring Women Typists or Clerks should call up 2076 (Rosse College, Stephen's Green). £15 Certificates in Shorthand, Typewriting, etc., gained by Pupils since January 1st, 1921.

IRISH RAILWAY DISPUTE.

REPLY TO SIR W. GOULDING.

Nothing has occurred during the past twenty-four hours to alter in any respect the situation on the Irish railways. Both sides are waiting for Friday's conference, and both, it is believed, are preparing for it. The representatives of the companies and of the men will probably be the same as at the Arbitration Tribunal at the Shelbourne Hotel.

The Irish Council of the National Union of Railwaymen will meet on Thursday, and it is not likely that anything will happen in the meantime.

Sir William Goulding's letter to the *Irish Times*, in which he set out the position of the Great Southern and Western Company, excited some comment yesterday.

When the attention of Mr. James Bermingham, the Irish Secretary of the N.U.R., was drawn to the letter, he said—"I very much regret that either party to the agreed railway truce, now in operation for a further fortnight, should have made the subject a Press controversial matter.

"I will not emulate Sir William Goulding, but shall submit our side of the question to the parties responsible for intervening when the proper time comes."

In his letter Sir William Goulding said that on receiving the appeal of the Labour Department of Dáil Eireann to avoid all trouble at such a crisis in the history of the country, when all men clamoured for peace, the G.S. and W.R. immediately consented to postpone the awards then coming into force, until January 15. The arrangement was agreed to by all the Dublin companies.

In the letter it was also said that without reductions larger than those which had been awarded by Mr. Carrigan, no considerable reduction in rates and fares could be contemplated. The universal eight-hour day had been imposed on Ireland during the period of control against the express views of the boards of the Irish companies.

It was, Sir William added, a monstrous mistake to force conditions which might be necessary for a thickly-populated and industrial country like England, with frequent and heavy train services, on this country with its sparse population and infrequent train service. By this action 3,000 members were added to the Irish railway wages bill, which, even on the new awards the men's wages were in nearly all cases double, and, in the case of the lowest paid grades, more than double, those received by them in pre-war days.

Writing in reference to Sir William Goulding's letter, Mr. J. T. O'Farrell, Irish Secretary of the Railway Clerks' Association, controverts the statements that "the arbitration now impeached by Labour was forced on the companies," and that unless further reductions are made in the wages of railway employés no material reductions in rates and fares can be effected. His Association believes that it can convince an impartial commission that cheaper rates and fares can be secured by methods other than those suggested. Mr. O'Farrell adds that "the whole position is obviously so serious that it becomes the immediate duty of the Provisional Government, when such a body is set up, to give serious consideration to the railway policy, as no permanent peace is likely or possible under the existing system of ownership and administration."

TRACK OF THE GALE.

WILD WEATHER AT BANTRY.

Our Bantry Correspondent says:—A violent storm has raged in this district for the past few days, doing considerable damage to property. Small craft in the harbour have been knocked about very much, and, owing to the heavy seas, steamship communication in the bay has been rendered impossible. Communication between the islands and the mainland was cut off while the storm lasted. No loss of life is reported.

Owing to the recent heavy rains and to the mountain floods, the Kilmastulla Bridge, some miles from Nenagh, spanning the river on the main road, has been swept away, and traffic between Nenagh and Limerick has been diverted *via* Portroe, Killaloe, and Clonlara.

During the storms of the last few days great damage has been done to property in Strabane.

As a result of the recent heavy rains, portions of North King's County have been flooded.

SHIPS' BUNKER FIRES.

MINIMISING RISKS.

Of the 242 cases of fires occurring on British ships during the year ended July 30, 1920, nearly one-third, or 74 to be exact, occurred in the bunkers. In almost one-half of these bunker fires, says *Engineering*, the cause has been conclusively shown to be due to the so-called spontaneous combustion of the coal, and the circumstances attending practically all of the other cases leave little room for doubt that the trouble was due to the same phenomenon. More recently, further interest in the matter has been aroused by the occurrence of serious bunker fires in the mail steamer Saxon and Port Augusta, and in view of its extreme importance Dr. J. T. Milton, until recently chief engineer-surveyor to Lloyd's Register, has submitted a report on the subject to the committee of that society. Dr. Milton has examined all available evidence, including an analysis of the 74 cases above referred to by the chief surveyor-in-chief of the Board of Trade, and he considers that the conclusions given in a report to the Committee of Lloyd's Register in 1912 do not require any modifications or additions.

The main conclusions of the 1912 report were to the effect that the heating of coal, and the consequent risk of spontaneous combustion, is caused by the absorption of oxygen from the air and that the absorption is greater at high temperatures than at low. To minimise the absorption of oxygen by the coal in reserve bunkers, or in any bunker in which men are not actually working, the lower doors should be kept tightly closed so as to prevent a current of air from passing through the bunker. Any parts of a bunker likely to be at a temperature higher than the normal, the report continued, should be stowed with large coal, which should be worked out as soon as possible, as also should the small coal which accumulate under shoots, etc.

Another important point to which attention was called was that the danger of spontaneous combustion increases with the length of time the coal remains in the ship, so that any coal left in a bunker when a fresh supply has to be taken in should be trimmed into such a position that it will be used on the next voyage. No risk, it was pointed out, arose from coal being wet when taken on board, and small coal, when known to be of a fiery nature, might with advantage be damped when filling the bunkers.

Finally, it was mentioned that, although some kinds of coal had been proved to be more liable to spontaneous heating and combustion than others, the trouble might occur with any coal, not excepting anthracite. It is obviously of the utmost importance that engineers of vessels should keep these points in mind in order to minimise the risk of fire at sea.

FINAL APPEAL TO THE DAIL.

(Continued from Page 5, Column 2.)

for the proposals, which would fix the destinies of the country for all time. He trusted that his Ulster Unionist friends would join with them in making this country worth living in.

Mr. Moutray—They never will.

Mr. Harbison said that he did not like that observation. They wanted all the people of Ireland to join in making the new Government a success. He recommended the Treaty, although the two counties of Tyrone and Fermanagh might suffer by it.

The motion was passed by a large majority.

SEVENTEEN VOTES TO FOUR.

A specially convened meeting of the Louth County Council was held in Dundalk on Monday for the purpose of passing a resolution on the Peace Treaty.

The following resolution was proposed by Alderman Monahan (presiding), and seconded by Mr. J. T. McGee:—"That this meeting of the Louth County Council is satisfied that the people of Louth desire the ratification of the Treaty, without prejudice to the nation's claim for absolute freedom."

Mr. James McGuill moved, and Mr. George McDonough seconded, the following amendment:—"That this Council decline to make any recommendation to Dáil Eireann as representing the opinion of the county, as any opinion on the Treaty expressed here would only be the individual opinion of the Councillors, and cannot purport to be considered opinion of the people on the Treaty."

On a vote, the amendment was declared lost by 17 votes to 4.

The resolution was then put, and adopted by 17 votes to one.

At the Leix County Council quarterly meeting on Monday, the Chairman (Mr. Joseph Delaney) proposed a resolution in favour of ratification. It was seconded by Mr. E. I. Park, and passed unanimously.

North Tipperary County Council passed a similar resolution.

PEMBROKE'S VOTE.

UNIONIST MEMBER'S HOPES.

By a majority of nine votes to three a resolution was passed at a special meeting of the Pembroke Urban Council last evening, calling upon Dáil Eireann to ratify the Treaty. Mr. B. O'Connor presided, and eleven other members attended.

Mr. W. Forsythe proposed the resolution, which stated that they believed the Treaty gave the substance of freedom and raised no barrier to the complete fulfilment of the national aspirations of the country. We appeal," it said, "to President de Valera to find some means by which he can still serve our beloved country; we feel sure it would be a national loss if he did not continue to serve Ireland in the administration of her Government."

Thanks were expressed by Mr. Forsythe to the Irish plenipotentiaries for "their magnificent diplomatic victory," and he went on to say that the Sinn Fein party had fought and won where all previous Irish leaders had been defeated. The future outlook for the country, if the Peace Treaty was ratified, was most hopeful.

To his mind one of the greatest triumphs that the Sinn Fein party had achieved was the fact that they had secured the good-will and willing co-operation of the Unionists in the South of Ireland. This was the most hopeful sign of the present situation. He earnestly trusted that Ireland would endorse the Treaty, and he expressed the hope that those who for conscientious reasons were opposed to the Treaty would, if it were ratified, place their valuable service at the disposal of their country.

THE BEST TERMS.

The Chairman, who seconded the motion, said that he did not think that anybody could deny that 95 per cent. of the people of Pembroke were in favour of the Treaty. No better terms could be got.

Mr. John Good, D.L., supported the motion. The Treaty, he said, gave to them very generous terms. He trusted that the agreement would be ratified, and that strife and bitterness would cease. He sincerely hoped that the Provisional Government to be set up would, and Great Britain being seriously disturbed. It would be disturbed to some extent, but additional imports of iron and steel manufactures, machinery, hats, tobacco, paper and paper-pulp, cotton fabrics, and various other raw materials and manufactured articles would naturally follow the increase of Irish manufactures, and so make up the deficit to some extent. Luxury expenditure, resulting from enhanced prosperity, would make up the rest.

IRISH SOLICITORS.

AN EARNEST HOPE.

At a special meeting of the Council of the Incorporated Law Society of Ireland yesterday, the following resolution was passed:—"We, the Council of the Incorporated Law Society of Ireland, recognising the injury done to the material wellbeing of the community by public uncertainty and consequent disquietude, do hereby express an earnest hope that the deliberations of the Irish representatives may result in a decision bringing peace to our country, so that without delay the work of construction may begin, and every citizen be free to take his part in building up the prosperity of the country, on which the true interests of the legal profession must be always based."

THE FINAL COURT OF APPEAL.

The Most Rev. Dr. Harty, Roman Catholic Archbishop of Cashel and Emly, preaching in Thurles Cathedral, referred to the Treaty, and said:—"I wish you a happy and peaceful New Year. For my part I see no hope of a peaceful year if the Peace Treaty which has been signed by our plenipotentiaries is not ratified. I am confident that it will be ratified, because the voice of the people must prevail in the end. The people of Ireland, by a vast majority, are in favour of the Treaty, and in a democratic country the will of the people is the final court of appeal. Our whole national movement has been based on the principle of government by the consent of the governed, and in the present crisis the consent of the Irish people goes out to the Treaty, and to it alone. They realise that it contains the substance of freedom, and they are determined not to reject that substance, more especially when the rejection would mean a renewal of hostilities, terrorism, and turmoil."

METHODIST CHURCH.

At the ministers' meeting held in the Centenary Church Parlour, St. Stephen's Green, Dublin, the following resolution was unanimously passed:—"That this meeting of the Methodist ministers of Dublin greets with much gratitude to God the return to our country of the spirit and practice of peace. It recognises the generosity of the British offer of Dominion status to Ireland, and hopes the Treaty embodying it will be speedily ratified and faithfully observed. It presages under God's blessing an era of development and progress making for the best and highest interests of the nation."

FEMALE MEMBER'S LETTER.

Mrs. Michael O'Callaghan, M.P., in the course of a letter to the Secretary of the Limerick Chamber of Commerce, who had forwarded her a copy of a resolution passed by the Chamber and representative of all professions and trades, in favour of ratification, says that, with few exceptions, those present did not help the national movement in the past. While she would respect any announcement from the Chamber on matters of general commercial interest, she would decline to accept its advice or guidance where the future status and honour of the nation was concerned.

BUSINESS MEN.

CORK HARBOUR BOARD.

A special meeting of the Cork Harbour Board was held yesterday to consider the advisability of passing a resolution with reference to the Treaty. Mr. Frank J. Daly (Chairman) presided, and there was a full attendance of members.

Mr. T. P. Dowdall proposed that they respectfully recommend to the attention and most earnest consideration of the Cabinet of Dáil Eireann, and the individual members of the Dáil, the letter of the Most Rev. Dr. Hallinan, Roman Catholic Bishop of Limerick.

Mr. P. D. O'Brien seconded. In his humble opinion the people of Ireland at home and abroad owed a deep debt of gratitude to the plenipotentiaries for bringing them back such grand news. He would stand by their signatures.

Sir John Scott said that the commercial and economic position of the South of Ireland had been altogether neglected, and if some safeguards were not adopted Ireland might, like Canada, have an embargo on the export of her cattle to England.

Mr. B. Haughton said that a better charter for Ireland had not been obtained since Magna Charta, and it would be great folly to delay ratification.

On the motion of the Chairman, the following resolution was adopted:—"We unanimously place on record our confidence in the ability and capacity of our Irish representatives in the present crisis to arrive at a sound decision in the best and highest interests of Ireland, irrespective of personal views and feelings. Further, we wish to say that we consider the preservation of unity as absolutely essential to the welfare of Ireland."

The Dundalk Chamber of Commerce, at a special meeting, unanimously adopted a resolution requesting the Dáil to ratify the Treaty in the interests of commerce.

OTHER BODIES.

The following public bodies have also passed resolutions in favour of ratification:—Omagh Urban Council, Ballinrobe District Council, Bandon Guardians, Strabane Urban Council, Bairnthey Guardians, Newry Urban Council (by the Chairman's casting vote), Ardee Town Commissioners and Board of Guardians, Dundalk Urban Council, Carrickmacross Urban Council, Nenagh Guardians declined to pass a resolution. Limerick Board of Guardians passed a resolution declaring that the interests of Ireland were safe in the hands of the Dáil.

The following Sinn Fein Executives are in favour of the Treaty:—West Donegal, South Wexford, South Tipperary, East Tipperary, North Kilkenny.

North-East Cork Executive declined to interfere with Dáil Eireann, and Mid-Armagh Executive hoped that unity would prevail in the Dail and the country.

Public meetings of the people of Listowel and Clonghjordan endorsed the Treaty.

CLERICAL CLASS (GIRLS).

Exam. announced for 25th April, Age limits, 16½-17½.

Special Classes for above Open Competitive Civil Service Exam. now starting at SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 Stephen's Green, Dublin.—(Advt.)

CINEMA FILMS.

DUBLIN CENSORS' WORK.

The Lord Mayor presided at the monthly meeting of the Dublin Municipal Council yesterday at the Mansion House.

The Public Health Committee reported that the following persons were nominated by them to act as censors of cinematograph films for a period of one year from the 1st November last until the 31st October next:—Messrs. A. J. Murray, Joseph Cleary, Liam R. McGuirk (as representing the Irish Vigilance Association), Alderman Mrs. Clarke, Alderman O'Reilly, Alderman Thomas Lawlor, Councillors Mrs. Wyse-Power, Mrs. Ashton, J. R. Stritch, and Daly, together with Miss S. R. Stritch and Mrs. McKean.

Mr. M. J. Moran said that he was a fairly frequent attendant at the picture theatres, and he had to admit that he had never come away from them without a feeling that there was something unclean in them. There were shown pictures of American and English life which were unsuited to this country—(hear, hear)—and might have the effect of corrupting the morals of young people. The Council had appointed censors of films, and he saw no improvement in the pictures. Therefore, he suggested that both the archbishops be requested to nominate some suitable persons to undertake the duty.

Mrs. Wyse-Power said that she would second the suggestion, but that conferences on the subject had recently been held, and they had secured the assistance of a priest of guild. It was not necessary to ask the Roman Catholic Archbishop, but she was in favour of asking the Protestant Archbishop to nominate a few censors to act with the six nominated by the priests' guild.

The Council approved the proposal.

UNFAIR COMPETITION.

CORPORATION WORKSHOPS.

Mr. M. J. Moran moved a resolution, the effect of which was, that in connection with the Stanley street Workshops, where the work was likely to exceed £2 the responsible officer should be authorised to prepare a specification and invite tenders from Stanley street and from outside contractors.

The principle embodied in the resolution, Mr. Moran said, was that where work, up to a certain figure, was required, instead of the Council being tied down by having to send an order to Stanley street, they would be in a position to obtain quotations from outside firms.

Mr. A. Beattie seconded the motion. He did not think that it was fair for the Corporation to run a workshop in the congested areas in Dublin, and then set up a workshop to make the the same things, and not give the public an opportunity of quoting against the Corporation. A sum of £2,207 a year was being expended on the upkeep of the workshops, and no corresponding benefit had been received. Municipal trading had proved a failure almost everywhere, and these workshops were a heavy burden on the ratepayers. No business man would continue such a concern.

Mr. Thomas Farren objected to attacks upon Stanley street workshops being made at every meeting of the Council. He did not want Stanley street to be kept as a "white elephant," but in the past the workshops had not been given fair play. The workshops ought to be put on a proper basis, or else the Corporation should close down the place altogether. There was no reason why the workshops should not pay under proper conditions. He moved that the matter be referred to a committee of the whole house.

The amendment was seconded by Mr. T. Lawlor, and it was carried unanimously.

MUDDY STREETS.

Mr. Chase moved the adoption of a recommendation from the Cleansing Committee for the purchase of a French Laffy motor sweeper at a cost of £995.

Mr. Daly said that he did not see the use of purchasing a machine of this kind for cleansing the streets if the Corporation had not the men to remove the refuse. His experience was that when the roadways were swept the mud was allowed to remain in the water channels, and he had the unpleasant experience of seeing recently a well-dressed lady step from the footway into a pool of mud which was ankle-deep. ("Oh.")

Sir James Gallagher said that the only real cleansing that the streets got for the past year was given to them by the rain.

The recommendation of the Committee was confirmed.

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Mr. Chase moved the adoption of a recommendation from the Cleansing Committee for the purchase of a French Laffy motor sweeper at a cost of £995.

Mr. Daly said that he did not see the use of purchasing a machine of this kind for cleansing the streets if the Corporation had not the men to remove the refuse. His experience was that when the roadways were swept the mud was allowed to remain in the water channels, and he had the unpleasant experience of seeing recently a well-dressed lady step from the footway into a pool of mud which was ankle-deep. ("Oh.")

Sir James Gallagher said that the only real cleansing that the streets got for the past year was given to them by the rain.

The recommendation of the Committee was confirmed.

OUR BROKEN WINDOWS.

EYESORES OF THE CITY STREETS.

If there is one thing more than another that strikes the visitor in Dublin it is the number of broken windows to be seen in the course of a tour of the city.

Dublin residents themselves, accustomed as they are to their surroundings, do not realise what an abnormal number of broken panes there are in business establishments and private houses.

It is in the streets off the principal thoroughfares that there are so many partly and wholly smashed windows. Here one sees a pane patched with a piece of paper, and there another broken pane stuffed with rags.

The disturbed state of the city for some years past was responsible for the present condition of a great many windows in business establishments. Many of these still bear bullet marks of the ambushes that were so frequent until the truce.

They have not been replaced, as the cost of putting in a large plate glass window is very high at the present time. All that has been done to preserve the window is the insertion of a wooden button and ring, which keeps the cracked parts in position.

The passer-by will see many of these slightly repaired windows. They present an unlovely appearance, and certainly do not enhance the value or attractiveness of the goods in the shop windows.

Within recent years there have been an enormous number of claims for compensation for malicious injury to windows in business premises, but there have just been as many more windows broken for which no claims were made. These are the cases where the owners had no insurance.

BURGLARS AND STREET ARABS.

Burglars have been responsible in many cases for the smashing of windows. The clever "crook" can smash a window in a way very satisfactory to himself, but very much at the expense of the owner of the house which receives his unwelcome attentions.

Unoccupied houses—that is, those up for sale—suffer much injury from the attentions of mischievous individuals. A house is not left vacant for more than a day or two before it is visited by hooligans, who break the windows both front and rear. It is a peculiar and, to the owner, an expensive recreation.

Dublin's slums are unrecorded as a district of broken windows. One can hardly pass a house that presents a whole pane to its front. From top storey to bottom every pane is broken. How the poor inhabitants must suffer in the wintry weather now prevailing!

Broken windows are not confined to Dublin. They are to be found in the congested areas in all cities, but Dublin City is far and away beyond all in this respect. If anyone can suggest a remedy for it he will be conferring a blessing on the community.

INADEQUATE PENSIONS.

HARDSHIPS OF EX-PUBLIC SERVANTS.

At a recent meeting in Dublin of the Superannuated Employés' Association, a report was read showing what the Association had done to secure for the pensioners of Irish public bodies the benefits provided by the Increase of Pensions Act, which was passed in August, 1920.

The Association had had considerable success, but was reluctantly compelled to confess that the majority of the local authorities of Ireland displayed an unexpected lack of sympathy with their pensioners whose small income had been wholly insufficient to enable them to make ends meet during the past six years.

The Association was glad, however, to acknowledge that to this almost general attitude there were striking exceptions, notably the Dublin Corporation and the Richmond Asylum Board. Both bodies put the provisions of the Act in force without unnecessary delay, and the promptitude with which they came to the rescue of their ex-employés demonstrated a most commendable spirit of sympathetic justice.

Mr. Kavanagh said that they were sincerely grateful to the Corporation and the Asylum for the ready spirit in which they had acted in putting the Act in force, but they could not help feeling indignant at the attitude of the Union boards, especially that of Dublin, from whose members they expected entirely different treatment.

Mr. Martin Ryan said that, as Irishmen, they were surprised that the Union boards did not show the same consideration for their ex-employés as the British Government showed the policeman got his increase under the Act. Why should it be denied to the poor law pensioner, who had much greater difficulty in facing present day hardships?

A resolution was passed thanking the Dublin Corporation and the Richmond Asylum Board for their zeal and kindness in putting the Act into force.

A Committee was formed for the purpose of reorganisation.

OBITUARY.

MR. ANTHONY LOFTUS CLIFFE, D.L.

We regret to announce the death of Mr. Anthony Loftus Cliffe, D.L., J.P., of Bellevue, Co. Wexford, which occurred in a nursing home in London on December 30th.

Mr. Cliffe, who was formerly in the 3rd Battalion of the Royal Irish Regiment, with the rank of captain, was born in 1851, and succeeded his father in the Bellevue Estates in 1894, since which time he has resided there, and has taken a prominent position in the county. He was a keen sportsman, and was fond of country life.

In July, 1904, he married Frances, widow of Sir John Talbot Power, third Baronet, of Edermine, and eldest daughter of the late Henry Segrave, of Killymon, Newtownmountkennedy, and Cabra, Co. Dublin. Accompanied by his wife, he went over to England recently, and spent Christmas in London, intending to return to Bellevue this week, and as he was ill his illness had reached Wexford the announcement of his death was most unexpected.

REV. CANON NICHOLAS.

The Rev. Canon Llewellyn Nicholas, for many years Rector of Flint, and one of the senior clergymen in St. Asaph Diocese, died yesterday. He was a member of the Flintshire County Council.

MR. HENRY MUSGRAVE.

The death occurred last night at his residence, Drunglas House, Belfast, of Mr. Henry Musgrave, D.L., in his 82nd year. He was the last survivor of one of the best-known families in the North of Ireland. Taking little or no part in political affairs, he evinced great interest in educational progress, and a few years ago gave £10,000 to Queen's University to found a Chair of Russian. He had also presented a park to the citizens of Belfast, of which he was an honorary burgess. He was D.L. of Donegal County, of which he had been High Sheriff.

FARMERS AND MOTOR TRANSPORT.

The farmers in one district in the West of England, some miles south of Bristol, are combining to collect their market garden produce, and to transport it into the town near by for sale direct to the consumer. By this means they will be assured of a market for their produce, and will, further, enable consumers to obtain fresh vegetables at a reasonable price. There is scope for big developments in this direction, and the example of these West Country farmers will doubtless be carefully watched. The Worcestershire farmers have a similar scheme in operation, and we believe it has been working with great success for some years.

The whole question of transporting farm, dairy, and market garden produce direct to the towns and big cities by road is a very important one, says *Motor Transport*; and whilst a good deal is being done in this direction already, particularly as between Covent Garden and the market gardeners of Kent, there is still ample scope for very profitable development in the hands of the farmers themselves, if they will combine to provide their transport vehicles, just as they combine in many instances to provide their farming implements.

There are openings, too, for contractors if they set out to cover certain districts systematically. Either way, the provision of transport facilities at cheap rates will have a very beneficent influence on the "back to the land" problem, and no more opportune time than the present is likely to offer itself. Motor vehicles are at the moment plentiful, prices are firm, employment in the towns is scarce, spring is coming, and the demand for home-produced food was never greater.

CHAMPIONSHIP MEETINGS AND SCHOOLBOYS.

The Headmasters of Public Schools, in conference at Oxford, yesterday re-asserted their objection to any increase in the number of public sports championships between schools by thirty-six votes to ten. The origin of the motion was an application from the Achilles Club to include public schools in the relay competition at Queen's Club. Mr. Vaughan, Rugby, the mover of the resolution, declared that anything like championship meetings was undesirable, and that the amount of publicity which followed a championship meeting was harmful to schoolboys.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

AFTER RATIFICATION.

LETTER FROM LORD ORANMORE AND BROWNE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—In an article entitled "After Ratification," which appears in your issue of yesterday, you quote Clause 12 of the Agreement as follows:—

"This instrument shall be submitted forthwith by His Majesty's Government for the approval of Parliament, and by the Irish signatories to a meeting summoned for the purpose of the members elected to sit in the House of Commons of Southern Ireland, and, if approved, shall be ratified by the necessary legislation."

You add: "When the Agreement has been ratified, the next step will be to set up the Provisional Government. They will be nominated at the meeting of the Southern representatives immediately

PROSPECTUS.

This List will be Closed on or before FRIDAY, 6th January, 1922.

ISSUE OF £3,000,000

GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA 6 per Cent. REGISTERED STOCK,

1930-1940.

PRICE OF ISSUE, £96 PER CENT.

Interest payable 1st March and 1st September.

Principal repayable 1st September, 1940, the Government of South Australia having the option of redemption, in whole or in part, on or after 1st September, 1930, on giving three months' notice.

The Government of South Australia will comply with the requirements of the Colonial Stock Act, 1900, in order that TRUSTEES MAY INVEST IN THE STOCK subject to the provisions set forth in the Trustee Act, 1893.

THE COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA is authorised by the Government of South Australia to receive applications for the above Loan at £96 per cent., payable as follows:—

£5	per cent.	on Application.
15	" "	16th January, 1922.
40	" "	13th March, 1922.
40	" "	13th April, 1922.
£96		

The Loan is authorised by Act No. 1,458 of 1920, of the Legislature of the State of South Australia.

The Loan is issued to provide funds for Public Works, for the Settlement of Discharged Soldiers on the land, and for other purposes authorised by the Debentures and Stock of the Government of the State of South Australia issued and payable in London and the interest thereon, the property of persons not domiciled in South Australia are not, and will not be, subject to any taxes, duties, or levies in South Australia.

The Stock will be registered and transferable in any amount by deed free of stamp duty, at the office of the Commonwealth Bank, E.C. Interest thereon will be payable half-yearly at the same Bank on 1st March and 1st September by dividend warrants, which will be transmitted by post at the Stockholder's risk. In the case of joint accounts the warrant will be forwarded to the first-named person in the account unless instructions to the contrary be given.

The revenues of the State of South Australia are liable in respect of this Stock and the dividends thereon, and the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are not directly or indirectly liable or responsible for the payment of the Stock, Stockholder's risk. In the case of joint accounts the warrant will be forwarded to the first-named person in the account unless instructions to the contrary be given.

The revenues of the State of South Australia are liable in respect of this Stock and the dividends thereon, and the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are not directly or indirectly liable or responsible for the payment of the Stock, or the Dividends thereon, or for any matter relating thereto.

Application on the form prescribed will be received at the Commonwealth Bank of Australia, London, E.C., and must be for multiples of £100, and be accompanied by a deposit of £5 per cent. on the nominal amount applied for.

In case of partial allotment, the surplus paid as deposit will be applied towards the amount due on allotment, and failure to pay any instalment on due date will render previous payments liable to forfeiture.

Payment in full may be made after allotment, and a discount at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum will be allowed from 16th January, 1922, or from any subsequent date.

Scrip Certificates to Bearer will, if desired, be issued after payment of amount due on allotment, and such Certificates, when fully paid, will be convertible into Registered Stock.

A Commission of 5/- per cent. will be paid to Bankers and Stockbrokers on allotments made in respect of applications bearing their stamp.

Prospectuses and Forms of Application may be obtained from the Commonwealth Bank of Australia, 35-41, New Broad street, London, E.C. 2, from Messrs. R. Nivison and Co., Bank Buildings, Princes street, E.C. 2, or of the Agent-General for South Australia, South Australia House, Strand, W.C. 2. Commonwealth Bank of Australia, 35-41 New Broad street, London, E.C. 2.

3rd January, 1922.

THIS FORM MAY BE USED.

Application No. ..... Allotment No. .....

ISSUE OF £3,000,000 GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA 6% REGISTERED STOCK, 1930-1940.

To the COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA, 35-41 New Broad street, London, E.C. 2.

Gentlemen,—

I/we hereby apply for £..... say.....

of the Government of South Australia Registered Stock, 1930-1940, according to the conditions contained in the Prospectus of 3rd January, 1922, and I/we undertake to pay £96 for every £100 of Stock and to accept the same or any less amount that may be allotted to me/us and to pay for the same in conformity with the terms of the said Prospectus.

I/we enclose the required deposit of £..... being £5 per cent. on the NOMINAL AMOUNT applied for.

Ordinary Signature .....

Full Name .....
(State whether Mr., Mrs., or Miss, and title, if any.)

Address .....

(51.) ..... January, 1922.

PLEASE WRITE DISTINCTLY.

N.B.—Applications must be for multiples of £100, and must be accompanied by the amount of deposit thereon.

COMPANY NOTICES.

CITY OF DUBLIN STEAM PACKET COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Special Meeting of the Members of the City of Dublin Steam Packet Company will be held in the Company's Offices, 15 Eden quay, Dublin, on TUESDAY, the 10th day of JANUARY, 1922, at One o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering, and (if thought fit) approving of the following Bill proposed to be promoted by the Company in the ensuing Session, which Bill will be submitted to the members of the said Company at such meeting, viz.:—

A Bill to provide for the winding-up and dissolution of the City of Dublin Steam Packet Company; and for other purposes.

RICHARD JONES, Secretary.

The City of Dublin Steam Packet Company's Offices, 15 Eden quay, Dublin,
26th December, 1921.

BRITISH AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE OF DIVIDENDS TO HOLDERS OF SHARE WARRANTS TO BEARER FOR ORDINARY SHARES.

Notice is hereby given that the directors in their report have recommended for the share-holders the payment, on the issued Ordinary Shares of a final dividend on the 30th September, 1921, of 8 p.c., for the year ended 30th September, 1921, of seven pence and seven-eighths of one shilling and seven-pence half-penny (7/7.2 per share (which income tax, and have declared a decimal point 2) free of Income tax, and have declared a first interim dividend on the issued Ordinary Shares for the year from the 1st October, 1921, to 30th September, 1922, of 4 p.c., being 1/9.6d. per share (subject to decimal point 6 per share), 9.6d. per share (subject to decimal point 6 per share), free of British income tax, also payable on the 18th January, 1922.

Holders of Share Warrants to Bearer for the said Ordinary Shares will (subject to the said final dividend to the same being sanctioned at the Annual General Meeting of the Company, to be held on the 18th January next) be entitled to be paid the said final and interim dividends on and after the 19th day of January, 1922, at the Office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 33 Lombard street, London, E.C., on production and delivery of the said dividend warrant, with Coupon No. 86 in respect of the said Ordinary Shares, which will be left for examination at the Office of the said Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 33 Lombard street, London, E.C., three clear business days (excluding Saturday) before payment is made.

Dated 21st December, 1921.

By Order,

A. M. RICKARDS, Secretary.

Westminster House, Millbank, London, S.W. 1.

PRODUCE AND FOOD.

CATTLE.

BIRKENHEAD, Monday.—Supplies: 2,600 cattle and 1,000 sheep. The very large number of cattle offered entirely too many for the trade, and a sharp drop in values experienced. Best quality bullocks and heifers made around 100s., secondary descriptions 5s. to 10s. lower. A clearance was not effected, small supply of sheep met a ready trade, small sorts 2s. to 3s. per lb. sinking the offal. Sales made from dressed section trade was slow.

SMITHFIELD, Monday.—Supplies to the markets for the week ended 31st December, numbered 39,295 tons, as against 34,575 tons in the corresponding month of 1920, an increase of 5,020 tons. In comparison with the week ended 24th December, 1921, there was a decline of 531 tons, all other supplies showing an increase as follows:—Sheep, 215 tons; pigs, 179; pork, 1,856; trading was the same time that turkeys were of inferior quality. Most of the latter were disposed of at Smithfield that day, and in addition to such an number of material had only been entitled to nearly in prices of useless profits as they should have been had fallen steadily. A large a refund of excess profits as they should have had their year ended at the latter date, when price had fallen steadily. However, against this loss, there was entitled to a considerable refund of excess profit under the 1921 Finance Act, and in order to claim under relief they had to make up their accounts, etc., to the usual date—30th September.

They had expended a sum of £7,400 on premises and plant during the last year. The bulk of that sum had been outlayed on the rebuilding and enlargement of a portion of their premises. The work was practically finished now, and as soon as they were able to make use of these premises they would be in a position to give up some stores which they rented at present, and thereby save a considerable amount in labour and rent. The item of goodwill had now disappeared from the balance sheet. Last year they approved of the directors' recommendation to write off the remaining £2,000 for that item, which originally stood in the balance sheet as £7,500. By transferring £6,000 from the general reserve to fund they would have a small "carry forward" to next year, after the payment of a final dividend on the 30,000 5 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares.

They were not in a position to say that business was good now, or he was sorry to say that was not the case, but they were certainly not worse off yet, and they still had an anxious time before them, but there was no doubt that there had been some slight improvement in business within the past month or so. Every trading company was suffering from the burden of ruinous taxation, high rates, and high wages, and if only those were reduced they could face the future more hopefully. With their stocks written down to their present market value, with every care being exercised to reduce their working expenses, and with any reasonable revival in trade, they should be able to have a more encouraging balance sheet next year.

In conclusion, he paid a tribute to the memory of Mr. John Redmond Fisher, a director, who passed away early in October.

Mr. Charles R. Armstrong seconded the adoption of the report, and the motion was carried.

The dividend on the Preference Shares as given in the report was declared.

On the motion of the Chairman, seconded by Mr. James Scott, J.P., Mr. Charles R. Armstrong, who retired by rotation, was re-elected a director.

The auditors (Messrs. Craig, Gardiner, and Co.) were re-elected.

LIFE-SAVING IN 1921.

INCREASE IN IRISH CASES.

The Royal Humane Society last night issued its completed record of work for the year, from which it appears that 517 cases of gallantry in saving or attempting to save life have been investigated, resulting in 572 persons receiving recognition for saving 516 lives and attempting to save 60 others, who were either drowned or succumbed to foul gas in mines, etc.

Thirty-one of these cases were sent from Ireland, as against 14 in the previous year.

Over 100 of the cases dealt with occurred in the docks canals throughout the country, 24 of the rescues being effected in the country, 24 attempted suicide, 10 of those who succeeded in saving life being women.

Forty-three silver or bronze medals and clasps have been awarded, together with over 500 testimonials on vellum or parchment, and a number of pecuniary awards and certificates for prompt application of restorative treatment.

Thirty-seven of the awards went to men of the police, including the Royal Irish Constabulary.

Competitions for a silver medallion have been held with a view to imparting knowledge of ships, with a view to imparting knowledge of the proper method of life-saving.

TO BE HANDED OVER.

Arrested at Liverpool on a charge of being drunk and incapable, John Doyle was stated to be wanted in County Meath, on a charge of embezzling £1,767. He was discharged, and will be handed over to a Royal Irish Constabulary escort.

FINANCIAL NEWS

DUBLIN BANKS CLEARING.

Ending	1921. £	1920. £	Decrease. £
29th Oct.	307,218,900	378,729,000	71,510,100
Week ending—			
5th Nov...	6,945,500	9,044,000	2,098,800
12th Nov...	6,847,900	8,461,200	1,677,600
19th Nov...	7,373,400	8,951,000	1,577,400
26th Nov...	6,313,200	7,950,600	2,068,000
3rd Dec...	7,033,000	9,101,000	1,979,500
10th Dec...	7,542,300	9,122,200	1,579,900
17th Dec...	7,661,900	8,719,300	1,057,400
24th Dec...	7,087,500	6,957,900	*129,600
31st Dec....	4,623,700	6,043,500	1,419,800
Tl. 12 months	368,947,000	454,080,700	85,133,700
*Increase (the only one in the 12 months.)			
Total decrease on the year—			£85,155,700.

DIVIDENDS AND REPORTS.

GENERAL LIFE ASSURANCE. — Half-yearly dividend at the rate of 10 p.c. per annum.

VICTORIA PALACE.—Dividend of 25 p.c. for the year, less tax.

S. HUFFNUNG AND CO., LTD.—Interim dividend at the rate of 7½ per cent. per annum for the six months ending 30th September, 1921, on the Pref. Shares.

CANADIAN NORTHERN PRAIRIE LANDS CO., LTD.—Dividend of 5 per cent. for the half-year ended 31st December, 1921, being at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum.

ASSOCIATED PAPER MILLS.—The directors have decided to postpone the payment of the half-yearly dividend, payable on January 1st, on the Pref. Shares. The directors express the hope that the payment of the dividend, in any event, will not be postponed longer than June 30 next.

FINANCIAL PARAGRAPHS.

The Board of Directors of the Transvaal Consolidated Land and Exploration Co., Ltd. (Incorporated in the Transvaal), has decided to convene a special meeting of shareholders to be held in April, 1922, at which a proposal will be submitted to distribute the capital of the company by this amount, and to reduce the notice, with covering circular, will be issued about 1st February, 1922.

Industrial Shares did not participate to any appreciable extent in the upward movement so noticeable during December in the investment Market. Indeed, in the aggregate the trend of values of Home Industrial Securities has been slightly adverse. According to the compilation of the Commercial Corporation of London, the total value of Home Industrials quoted in the official list is now £275,614,167 on a paid-up capital of £278,356,825, as compared with £278,356,825 at the end of November last, when the paid-up capital amounted to £227,732,531, and with £286,081,176 at the close of December, 1920, on a capitalisation that at high prices. As a matter of fact, the market premium has shrunk to 20¼ per cent., in contrast with 44¼ per cent. a year ago. At the beginning of last month the premium was just over 22 per cent.

The directors of the British-American Tobacco Company, Limited, in their annual report have recommended the payment on 18th January, 1922, of a final dividend on Ord. Shares for the year ended 30th September, 1921, of 6 per cent., making, with the interim dividend on Ord. Shares for the year of 4 per cent. declared, and have declared a further interim dividend on Ord. Shares for the year to 30th September, 1922, of 4 per cent.

A. ARMSTRONG AND CO., LTD.

LOSS ON YEAR'S TRADING.

Mr. Oliver Fry, J.P., Chairman, presided at the ordinary general meeting of A. Armstrong and Co., Ltd., which was held yesterday at Northumberland Works, Amiens street, Dublin.

The report of the directors stated that the year's trading, after making the usual deductions and provisions, resulted in a loss of £6,000 had been transferred to profit and loss account from the reserve. With the amount brought forward from last account, this left a balance of £2,705 to the credit of profit and loss. Directors' fees, £400; paid or provided for—Directors' fees, £400; depreciation of plant and machinery, £854; and final dividend on £30,000 Preference Shares for half-year to 31st March, 1921, £750; carry forward to next account, £250 4s. 6d.

The Chairman, in moving the adoption of the report, said that the trade depression had lasted much longer than was anticipated, and it was much more intense. The business slackened off as the year went on, and it was very severe during the last three months of their business. Such an arrangement would be mutually beneficial, the disturbance of trade would be reduced and the Irish centres in which it operated would stand to benefit substantially by the expenditure of purely, British money.

In society circles, the absence of the military will cause a decided gap, for in this district, all through the war, and even during recent troubled years, the military were strong supporters of every form of sport.

What the financial loss to the town will be is variously estimated, but taking everything into account, it cannot be much less than £9,000 per week, of which a little more than half represents indirect expenditure in the town.

This outlay includes the wages of 150 civilians employed in various capacities at the barracks, the upkeep of 200 horses, and other details. It does not, however, take into account the amount spent privately by the officers and their families. That alone runs into a good round sum, the loss of which will be severely felt when the troops leave. In the words of a business man who has a thorough knowledge of the position:—"The military are a gold mine to the town, and if they are not replaced by something else, some people now doing well will be faced with bankruptcy."

According to rumour, Athlone is destined to be the general headquarters of the new Irish Army. What truth there is in the statement time alone will tell, but local people seem to be building upon it.

Apart from those employed directly by the military, a great deal of work is given locally in consequence of the big demand for farm and garden produce, butter, and eggs, all of which fetch high prices. As a matter of fact, Athlone is considered one of the most expensive in Ireland, and, when the military move out, those who profit by these prices will feel the pinch. Some people now benefit by the cheaper food becoming available, but, on the other hand, the town will shrink in importance.

THE VACATED BARRACKS.

Another loss that will be felt is that of £2,000 a year in rates paid on the barracks. This will have to be made good by a smaller number of people, unless the premises continue to be used in either of three ways:—As headquarters for the new Irish Army; as a bacon factory, as some suggest; or as private dwelling-houses. At the moment, housing accommodation and furnished apartments are at a premium. Houses, whose pre-war letting value was £35 a year, have been let at £25 per month furnished.

What shopkeepers will feel most is the absence of the soldier with his money. The soldier is well paid, and spends it where he happens to be stationed. Indeed, often by his demand for certain articles he puts up prices against himself, and the trade benefit.

Many classes of traders, merchants, business men, land-owners, and farmers are unanimous in declaring that Athlone as a military centre is a necessity, and the district will be badly hit by the withdrawal of the troops, although those who look to the same extent as places like Athlone, Limerick, and Cork, however, has a considerably good to absorb the augmented number of unemployed.

The average countryman—and our representative has spoken to many of these—does not appear to realise the gravity of the position, as it affects himself.

Small holders, who made a good income by sending vegetables, butter, eggs, and poultry to the town, will miss a highly profitable market for their produce. The permanent residents will reap the advantage of lower prices; but, on the other hand, there is bound to follow a certain amount of distress.

GOOD PATRONS.

Primarily, an artillery depôt, Athlone was a centre of great activity during the war. Now it is occupied by the Army Service Corps and infantry. Restaurants, sweet shops, confectioners, tobacconists, dealers in fancy goods, and hucksters generally, are amongst the first to regret the departure of the soldiers. Not only are they good patrons of such establishments, but they are also good friends of the people, and a great point in their favour is that their business is a ready money one. In a word, as one trustworthy authority put it to our representative, the non-commissioned officers and men spend every penny of their money in the town, and the withdrawal of this sum from circulation will be felt all round.

The commissioned officers are no less liberal with their custom, and it looks as if the business portion of Athlone without the troops would be very poor, indeed.

Farm produce, including hay, is not so plentiful locally as one would expect, supplies usually coming from a distance, but there is always an abundance of butter, poultry, and the like, which meets with a ready demand. If farmers and others who now supply this market send their produce elsewhere, the cost of freight will greatly diminish their profits, for the industrial population cannot continue to pay the high prices which have ruled during the war.

A further effect will be a fall in the value of land. People who purchased at inflated prices are now regretting their bargain, while those who refrained from buying are holding their hand until times are more settled.

Into account the Auxiliary Police, it is estimated that the direct outlay in connection with the Crown forces amounts to about £5,000 weekly. This covers the amounts paid to contractors for food supplies, to farmers for fodder, to workmen engaged in building operations, painting, the cleaning of motor lorries, and other work. Another sum of nearly £5,000 is expended in the town indirectly through the officers and men.

Some of the local gentry were rather pessimistic about the future, but others are more hopeful, and believe that if everyone pulls together, under the altered conditions, the country will prosper.

WHEN THE ARMY MARCHES OUT.

GARRISON TOWNS' LOSSES.

There is only one opinion concerning the coming departure of all troops from the quaint old garrison town of Athlone. According to the strict terms of the Peace agreement the removal of all British soldiers is inevitable. But, if some of the more conservative residents in the country have their way, this decision would be considerably modified.

A local gentleman with no small stake in the country remarked to an Irish Times representative that there is nothing to prevent a friendly arrangement between the two Governments in regard to certain units of the British Army being trained in the country. Such an arrangement would be mutually beneficial, the disturbance of trade would be reduced and the Irish centres in which it operated would stand to benefit substantially by the expenditure of purely, British money.

In society circles, the absence of the military will cause a decided gap, for in this district, all through the war, and even during recent troubled years, the military were strong supporters of every form of sport.

What the financial loss to the town will be is variously estimated, but taking everything into account, it cannot be much less than £9,000 per week, of which a little more than half represents indirect expenditure in the town.

This outlay includes the wages of 150 civilians employed in various capacities at the barracks, the upkeep of 200 horses, and other details. It does not, however, take into account the amount spent privately by the officers and their families. That alone runs into a good round sum, the loss of which will be severely felt when the troops leave. In the words of a business man who has a thorough knowledge of the position:—"The military are a gold mine to the town, and if they are not replaced by something else, some people now doing well will be faced with bankruptcy."

According to rumour, Athlone is destined to be the general headquarters of the new Irish Army. What truth there is in the statement time alone will tell, but local people seem to be building upon it.

Apart from those employed directly by the military, a great deal of work is given locally in consequence of the big demand for farm and garden produce, butter, and eggs, all of which fetch high prices. As a matter of fact, Athlone is considered one of the most expensive in Ireland, and, when the military move out, those who profit by these prices will feel the pinch. Some people now benefit by the cheaper food becoming available, but, on the other hand, the town will shrink in importance.

THE VACATED BARRACKS.

Another loss that will be felt is that of £2,000 a year in rates paid on the barracks. This will have to be made good by a smaller number of people, unless the premises continue to be used in either of three ways:—As headquarters for the new Irish Army; as a bacon factory, as some suggest; or as private dwelling-houses. At the moment, housing accommodation and furnished apartments are at a premium. Houses, whose pre-war letting value was £35 a year, have been let at £25 per month furnished.

What shopkeepers will feel most is the absence of the soldier with his money. The soldier is well paid, and spends it where he happens to be stationed. Indeed, often by his demand for certain articles he puts up prices against himself, and the trade benefit.

Many classes of traders, merchants, business men, land-owners, and farmers are unanimous in declaring that Athlone as a military centre is a necessity, and the district will be badly hit by the withdrawal of the troops, although those who look to the same extent as places like Athlone, Limerick, and Cork, however, has a considerably good to absorb the augmented number of unemployed.

The average countryman—and our representative has spoken to many of these—does not appear to realise the gravity of the position, as it affects himself.

Small holders, who made a good income by sending vegetables, butter, eggs, and poultry to the town, will miss a highly profitable market for their produce. The permanent residents will reap the advantage of lower prices; but, on the other hand, there is bound to follow a certain amount of distress.

GOOD PATRONS.

Primarily, an artillery depôt, Athlone was a centre of great activity during the war. Now it is occupied by the Army Service Corps and infantry. Restaurants, sweet shops, confectioners, tobacconists, dealers in fancy goods, and hucksters generally, are amongst the first to regret the departure of the soldiers. Not only are they good patrons of such establishments, but they are also good friends of the people, and a great point in their favour is that their business is a ready money one. In a word, as one trustworthy authority put it to our representative, the non-commissioned officers and men spend every penny of their money in the town, and the withdrawal of this sum from circulation will be felt all round.

The commissioned officers are no less liberal with their custom, and it looks as if the business portion of Athlone without the troops would be very poor, indeed.

Farm produce, including hay, is not so plentiful locally as one would expect, supplies usually coming from a distance, but there is always an abundance of butter, poultry, and the like, which meets with a ready demand. If farmers and others who now supply this market send their produce elsewhere, the cost of freight will greatly diminish their profits, for the industrial population cannot continue to pay the high prices which have ruled during the war.

A further effect will be a fall in the value of land. People who purchased at inflated prices are now regretting their bargain, while those who refrained from buying are holding their hand until times are more settled.

Into account the Auxiliary Police, it is estimated that the direct outlay in connection with the Crown forces amounts to about £5,000 weekly. This covers the amounts paid to contractors for food supplies, to farmers for fodder, to workmen engaged in building operations, painting, the cleaning of motor lorries, and other work. Another sum of nearly £5,000 is expended in the town indirectly through the officers and men.

Some of the local gentry were rather pessimistic about the future, but others are more hopeful, and believe that if everyone pulls together, under the altered conditions, the country will prosper.

MULLINGAR'S LOSS.

£3,000 A MONTH.

At Mullingar the average number of men stationed in pre-war days was about 800, with an occasional increase in the strength whenever occasion required it. In what degree the town was normally affected financially it is not easy to estimate with any great exactitude, but queries to business men elicited the information that probably about £1,000 per month would be circulated amongst traders in the town and district by the military. Actual contracts to the amount of £2,000 for provisions and other things are reckoned to reach about £2,000 in the same period. As a rule four or five officers of each regiment were members of the Athlone Hunt, and were well and liberally subscribed to the hunt meetings—as well as polo, when the club existed. Of course, forage for horses also had to be purchased, and this meant the spending of considerable sums amongst farmers.

£5,000 A WEEK.

WHAT GALWAY STANDS TO LOSE.

There are in Galway 500 officers and men of the 17th Lancers at Renmore Island Camp, 500 of the Worcestershire Regiment at the Workhouse, and, between Connaught Rangers and others, 500 troops at Renmore. There are also 100 Auxiliary Cadets at Lenaboy, and 200 members of the R.I.C., including Auxiliaries, stationed in Dominick street, Eglinton street, and Spaddal. These figures, if supplemented with those which may be taken to represent the wives, children, and dependents of some of the men, make up a total of some 2,400 people. This means that since trouble came the population of Galway has increased from 13,500 to nearly 16,000. One cannot move about the City of the Tribes" without meeting military at almost every turn. In every shop they may be seen by ever the most casual observer, making purchases. Three cinema theatres are kept going largely owing to military support, and numerous cafés would cease to exist if it were not for the money of the troops.

It is calculated that the amount spent exceeds £5,000 a week in the town.

The R.I.C. forces alone, with their dependents, account for an expenditure of fully £1,000 per week—in round figures, £52,000 a year. It is regrettable that such a fine body of men, with its splendid traditions should be dissolved—but it is the unanimous wish of the men that, having fulfilled its function, the R.I.C. should be disbanded, leaving the members free to act as they please afterwards.

Galway has its University College, all the institutions, and also the outlook of a great city, but it has no substantial backing for these, the reason being largely geographical. Except in the eastern district, where there are a number

FLAX DISEASES.

BROWNING AND STEM-BREAK.

In a pamphlet recently published Mr. H. A. Lafferty, A.R.C.Sc.I., of the Seeds and Plant Disease Division of the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland, states the results of some interesting research work which he has carried out on the diseases of cultivated flax. One previously unknown disease—that of "browning" and "stem-break"—although given distinctive names, is a disease due to one and the same cause.

The characteristic features of this disease are, as the names imply, a general browning of the crop, accompanied by the fracture of many of the stems of the plants. To the casual observer "browning" first becomes evident about pulling time, however, has been present in the crop from the earliest seedling stage onwards.

The actual time of appearance depends to a large extent upon the earliness or lateness of the particular season, but in normal years it is usually evident towards the end of July or the beginning of August. At this time isolated areas of various shapes and sizes take on a distinct brown colour, contrasting strongly with the still green surrounding plants. Gradually the patches increase in extent until they coalesce, and the appearance of the entire field becomes more or less uniformly brown.

In a crop so attacked plants here and there are to be found which, instead of standing upright, have their stems lying over and lie upon the ground. The incumbent position is due to "stem-break." When the fracture is practically a complete one, the plants turn yellow, die, and finally become brown. When, however, the stems are already fairly well developed before the attack becomes severe only partial fracture occurs. In time, however, the portions above the breaking point also succumb.

SERIOUS LOSSES.

The losses due to "browning" and "stem-break" are in many cases very serious. Browned stems tend to break in the regions of the diseased areas during scutching; the fibre is shortened, and much of it escapes in the tow. Furthermore, plants affected with "stem-break" may be dead and useless at pulling time, and in any case are most likely left behind when the crop is being pulled.

The yield of seed, also, from a browned crop is considerably reduced, and the quality of the seed produced is inferior. Although at first sight the loss in this case may not be regarded as serious, the consequence—because in Ireland very little flax is saved for sowing—still is should be pointed out that the work of the Department's Plant Breeding Division in recent years has shown that high-class fibre flaxseed can be produced at home, and the experience gained during the European war emphasised the importance of having a home-grown seed supply available, even if only as supplemental to that obtained from foreign sources.

METHOD OF TRANSMISSION.

During his investigations Mr. Lafferty has conclusively proved that "browning" and "stem-break" disease is transmitted by sowing infected seed. Various methods of control—such as steeping and spraying the seed, regulating the depth of sowing—have been experimented with, but so far the results obtained do not justify a definite recommendation.

Pending the discovery of a preventive, Mr. Lafferty suggests that if certain precautionary measures are adopted the losses due to the disease can be greatly reduced. Roguing should be carried out when the crop is in bloom, and diseased plants removed. This operation is not difficult, and the trouble from it will be amply repaid by the increased value of the crop. Pulling the crop as soon as the disease appears, before it has become ripe, is another recommendation.

The rapidity with which the disease spreads may be judged from a case which came under Mr. Lafferty's notice, where it spread until it covered an area observed to spread until it covered an area approximately 40 yards square in the course of three days. By pulling in time much valuable fibre can be saved.

AROUND DUBLIN PLAYHOUSES.

GAIETY PANTOMIME.

"Aladdin," this year's Gaiety Theatre pantomime, entered upon its second week yesterday with a sustained volume of merriment, which affords every promise of making the production the most marked of a long series of successes. It is, above all, a pantomime to delight the young folk, with its merry jests and catchy airs, its beautiful electrical effects, its dainty dancers, charming costumes, and superb scenery.

While adhering as much as is necessary to the lines of the old familiar story, "Aladdin" is conceived on up-to-date lines, and Mr. Fred. W. Warden has achieved one of his most notable triumphs. The mythological monster in the magical cavern and the resplendent electrical ben that hatches out beautiful little illuminated chicks may well inspire the hearts of Dublin children with feelings of awe and admiration, while the Widow Twankey of Mark Stuart and the Abanazar of Clarkson Rose appeal to the sense of humour alike in the juvenile and the grown-up folks.

There are no less than ten beautiful scenes in the pantomime, and a better collection of makers of scenes has not been seen on the Dublin stage in recent years.

Miss Olive Fox has established herself in popular favour as Aladdin, and the topical song, "The tears of an old Irish mother," is being echoed throughout the house. Miss Elsie Keane makes a charming Princess, while Burlesque novelties are introduced by Bex and Ross in a pair of Oriental sleuth-hounds. The "Harmonic" Quartette and Kitty Denton's Sunbeams also contribute their share to an all-round success, and there is an augmented orchestra under the direction of Mr. W. S. Nabarro. There are matinées to-day, to-morrow, and on Saturday.

THEATRE ROYAL.

The audiences at the Theatre Royal last evening were highly exhilarated by the entertainment given by Cash, whose homely songs appealed to everyone in the house. He had an enthusiastic recall, and went off in a storm of applause. Roxy La Rocca is back once more, and his performance on the harp was admirable and his dancers, and Sandy Rowan, a Scotch character comedian, contributed each an acceptable turn. Two juvenilles, Eileen and Marjorie, their agility as tumblers, and a couple of Japanese artistes gave a display of their powers in a similar kind of show. Ben Baxter, a tenor, sang a couple of songs in excellent style. The Sisters Gannon, singers and

JAMES J. SCANNELL'S AUCTIONS.

TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), JANUARY 4TH,
AT 4 BACHELOR'S WALK.
HIGHLY IMPORTANT AUCTION OF
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
CARPETS, BEDSTEADS, MINIATURE BILLIARD TABLE, &C.,

Comprising: Mahogany China Cabinet, with diamond doors, Seven-piece Inlaid Mahogany Drawingroom Suite to match; Occasional Tables and Chairs; two very handsome Gilt Drawingroom Easy Chairs, in silk tapestry; Chesterfield Settee (by Swiltzel), in heavy all-wool tapestry and hair-upholstered; 6ft. Mahogany Sideboard, Chippendale design; 6ft. do., carved panels; 10ft. Mahogany Dining Table; Nine-piece Diningroom Suite, in leather; Nine-piecedo., in best saddlebags; Seven-piece Diningroom Suite, in old gold velvet; Seven-piece Diningroom Suite, in crimson frieze velvet; several Parlour Suites, in tapestry and velvet; China Cabinet, Chippendale design; two Gilt Overmantels, twelve Mahogany and Walnut do., two 4ft. Mahogany Wardrobes; 4ft. Mahogany Bedroom Suite, 9.1b heavy Duchesse Pair; 4ft. 6in. Satin Walnut do., 4ft. Satin Walnut Bedroom Suite, Mahogany and Stained-wood Chests of Drawers, Mahogany Dressing Tables, Washstands, and Toilet Glasses; Chesterfield Settee and two Arm Chairs, in tapestry; several Sets Mahogany Diningroom Chairs, in American cloth and hair-seating; twelve Axminster Bordered Carpets, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets; very fine Buhl Cabinet, Carved Music Seat, 6ft. Walnut Diningroom Sideboard, 8ft. Walnut Dining Table, three 4ft. Glass-back Sideboards; 6 x 3 Miniature Billiard Table, to rest on dining table, slate bed, cues, rest, marking board, and set every balls, practically new; 10ft. x 4ft. 6in. Billiard Table, with slate bed; eight very superior Double Beds, with Wire and Hair Mattresses; Hall Stands, in Mahogany and walnut; Carved Oak Hall Bench; Couches and Easy Chairs, in velvet, American leather, and hair-seating; Centre Tables, in mahogany, rosewood, and walnut; Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, and Washstands; Kitchen Furniture and Utensils;

ALSO 18-CARAT GOLD PRESENTATION WATCH, FULL HUNTER, JEWELLED IN 16 HOLES, AND IN PERFECT ORDER. COST £60.

ON VIEW TO-DAY. SALE AT ONE O'CLOCK. TEL 2725.

ON VIEW THIS DAY.
NORTH STRAND SAW MILLS, DUBLIN
(NEAR AMIENS STREET STATION).
BREAK-UP AUCTION OF MACHINERY AND PLANT.

The Proprietors, Messrs. J. FULLAR PHIBBS, LTD., HAVING DISPOSED OF THEIR SAW MILL PREMISES, have instructed us to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, WITHOUT RESERVE,
ON THURSDAY NEXT, 5TH INST., AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON,
ALL THE VALUABLE PLANT, MACHINERY, AND MOTORS, as already fully advertised.
And for Another Account; a COMPLETE PORTABLE CINEMA OUTFIT, IN MOTOR CAR.
MOTOR CARS WILL BE SOLD AT ONE O'CLOCK SHARP. Catalogues on Application.

WM. MONTGOMERY & SON,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS,
GAINSBORO' HOUSE, 24 SUFFOLK STREET, DUBLIN.

EXECUTORS' SALE. FURNITURE AND EFFECTS.
TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), 12 O'CLOCK.
124 NORTH CIRCULAR ROAD.

WE are instructed by the Executor of Miss Anne Jane Fagan TO SELL BY AUCTION, on the Premises, on the above date, the entire Furniture and Effects, including—Walnut Case, Cottage Piano by Caperon, London; Rosewood Marble Top Cabinet, Walnut Marble Top Chiffonier, Mahogany and Walnut Loo Tables, Pier Table, Sofas, Mahogany and Walnut Chairs and Armchairs, Painted Overmantels, Carpets, Oil Paintings, Brass and Iron Bedsteads and Bedding, Mahogany Chests of Drawers, Painted Wardrobes, Toilet Tables and Glasses, Kitchen Furniture and Utensils, Iron Safe, Table Glass and China, Old Worcester China Tea Service, Ironstone Dinner Ware, Georgian Silver Tea Set, Silver Spoons, Cutlery, S.F., Candlesticks, and other items. Interest in Lease will be offered for Auction on a later date.

On view to-morrow morning, 10 to 12 o'clock. Sale 12 o'clock. Terms cash and 5 per cent. fees.

BATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

ON VIEW THIS DAY
From 10 to 4 p.m.,
AT TEMPE, 22 TERENURE PARK
(As already advertised).
ATTRACTIVE SALE OF
ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE,
OILPAINTINGS, ORNAMENTS, MIRRORS,
CARPETS, Etc.
SALE TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY),
At 11.30 sharp.

JAMES ALLEN & SON,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
43 and 44 LOWER SACKVILLE STREET,
DUBLIN.
'Phone 74. Auctions conducted in town and country.

STORE CATTLE AUCTION
EVERY THURSDAY. ENTRIES INVITED.
GANLY, SONS & CO.,
USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

DUBLIN WOOL SALES.
NEXT AUCTION,
WEDNESDAY, 25th JANUARY.
Consignments intended for this Sale should be sent on at once. Sheets lent free on application.
GANLY, SONS & CO.

MARYVILLE, RAHENY
(LADY ARDILAUN'S ESTATE.)
TO BE LET BY PRIVATE TREATY,
122 IRISH ACRES
(In Suitable Divisions),
For Eleven Months, Commencing 1st JANUARY, 1922. Particulars from
GANLY, SONS & CO

CO. KILDARE.
TO BE LET, in Medium-sized Divisions, the Grazing of 800 Irish Acres of the Lands of Funcheston, Rathmore (6 miles from Naas and Sallins, and 16 miles from Dublin) to 1st December next. Particulars from
GANLY, SONS & CO.,
USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

COUNTY OF MEATH.
SALE OF
SUPERIOR FATTENING FARM, WITH SLATED COTTAGE AND GALVANISED OUT-OFFICES, at
ARODSTOWN, SUMMERHILL.

MESSRS. PATRICK SMITH and SON are favoured with instructions from the Reps. of the late Major Trotter
TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
On the Vendors' other Farm,
at READSTOWN, SUMMERHILL,
Where Sale of Stock, etc., is to be held,
On TUESDAY, the 10th JANUARY, 1922,
At 12 o'clock noon,
All the Estate and Interest of the Vendors in all that and those Part of the Lands of Arodstown, situate in the Electoral Division of Kilmore, Rural District of Dunshaughlin and County of Meath, and containing 86a. 1r. 32p., Statute measure, or thereabouts, and held in Fee-simple, subject to an annuity of £40 6s., payable to the Irish Land Commission, half-yearly, on every 1st day of June and 1st day of December. The Poor Law Valuation is £61 10s.

These lands, which are long known for their superior fattening qualities, are well sheltered, fenced, and have a never-failing supply of water.

There is a newly-built slated Cottage and Offices on the holding, containing 2 rooms and kitchen.

The Out-offices, which have been recently erected, consist of galvanised horse and cattle stalls, 60 x 17 feet. There is also a calves' shed, covered with galvanised iron, 18 feet by 12 feet.

The annuity will be paid up to 1st December, 1922, and the rates and taxes apportioned up to said date.

TERMS—One-fourth of the purchase money, together with £5 per cent. Auction Fees, to be paid at Sale; balance on completion of the purchase, when possession will be given.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

Messrs. BROWN and McCANN, Solicitors, 23 Anglesea street, Dublin, and Naas; or to
PATRICK SMITH & SON,
Auctioneers, Valuers and Live Stock Salesmen,
NAVAN.

COUNTY OF MEATH.
IMPORTANT SALE OF
CATTLE, SHEEP, HORSES, FARMING IMPLEMENTS, and LETTING OF LAND, at
READSTOWN, SUMMERHILL.

MESSRS. PATRICK SMITH and SON are favoured with instructions from the Reps. of the late Major Trotter
TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
At READSTOWN, SUMMERHILL,
On TUESDAY, 10th JANUARY, 1922,
At the hour of 12 o'clock noon,
THE FOLLOWING:—
21 two-and-a-half and three years old Fat Bullocks, 10 two and three years old Fat Heifers, 5 one-and-a-half years old Bullocks, 1 Yearling Heifer, 10 Weanling Calves, 1 two years old Bull, 10 Shrop Ewes, running with Shrop Ram since 22nd September, 10 Shearling Ewes, running with Shrop Ram since 22nd September; 6 Lambs, 5 Shearling Shrop Rams.

HORSES.
1—Chestnut Gelding, eight years old, by Innellan, dam by Kingston, grand-dam by Jedda; a clumpion hurdler.
2—Chestnut Mare, seven years old, by The Baker, dam by Haliadam, grand-dam by Ascetic, a good hunter and harness mare, and has been ridden by a lady.

THOROUGHBREDS.
3—Brown Gelding, Rasmun, seven years old, by Figlemain, out of Lamville, a winner.
4—Five years old Filly, by Frustrum, out of Ornate, untrained.
5—Four years old Filly, by Sleipner, out of Theolinda, untrained.
6—Three years old Filly, by Symington, out of Lamville, untrained.
7—Three years old Filly, by Royal Hackle, out of Theolinda, untrained.
8—Two years old Colt, by Royal Hackle, out of Lamville, untrained.
9—Two years old Filly, by Royal Hackle, out of Theolinda, untrained, brood mare, by Elonement, out of Theocracy, stinted to Orb, believed certain in foal.
11—Lamville, brood mare, by Wild Fowler, out of Reclusion.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.
Lever Hay Rake, Chill Plough, Mowing Machine, Swath Turner, Hay Bogie, Dray, with Creel (all zonal to new). Also quantity of Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Bicycles, etc.; and to Let, the following divisions of Superior Fattening Land, heavily stocked with grass, for the grazing of cattle and sheep only, from date of Letting to 1st December, 1922:—

	A.	R.	P.		A.	R.	P.
Lawn	15	0	5	Fattening Field	37	0	15
Big Division	39	1	1				

The Lands are securely fenced, well sheltered and abundantly watered. The Stock will be herded in the usual way, but in no case will the owner be accountable for accidents.

Terms to usual at Sale. Purchasers to pay £5 per cent. Auction Fees.

PATRICK SMITH & SON,
Auctioneers, Valuers and Live Stock Salesmen,
NAVAN.

DARTAN, KILLYLEA, COUNTY ARMAGH.
GENTLEMAN'S SUPERIOR
MODERN RESIDENCE,

With Full and Up-to-Date Equipment of Out-offices, Fruit and Vegetable Gardens. Also valuable Grazing and Tillage Lands attached.

FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
On the Premises
On FRIDAY, 6th JANUARY, 1922,
At the hour of One o'clock, by Order of
BERNARD M'CLORY, Esq.

The spacious and beautiful Residence, which is most picturesquely situated, contains:—Vestibule and inner hall, drawing and dining rooms, library, billiard room, 6 bedrooms and dressingrooms, 4 lavatories and 2 bathrooms (hot and cold water), boxroom, servants' hall, servants' bedrooms, kitchen, scullery, etc., etc., and other accommodation, appurtenances. The sewerage and sanitary arrangements are in perfect order. The out-buildings, which are substantial and extensive, form a quadrangle comprising large garage with pit, stables for 7 horses, 5 loose boxes, 2 coach houses, harness room, carpenter's shop, byres for 40 cows, spacious constructed houses for bulls, large barn with threshing machine, straw house, cart sheds, potato-houses, poultry and coal houses, laundry, corrugated iron fully shed, 60ft. x 18ft. x 18ft. There are also extensive lofts for grain and other storage. Iron sheep-dipping tank with concrete-floored draining pens, enclosed manure pit, etc., etc.

The gardens, which are fully stocked with fruit trees, are well enclosed, and contain vineries, wood, and potting sheds.

The pleasure grounds are artistically laid out, and contain conservatory, 2 lawn tennis courts, and croquet ground.

The Lands, which contain 121 acres and 30 perches, Statute measure, adjoin the county road, are easy of access, and are in the highest possible state of fertility, well fenced and drained, and abundantly supplied with water at all seasons, and laid out in suitable sized divisions. There are several shelter-belts of well-grown timber along the boundary fences.

The premises are held subject to the yearly rent of £37 14.6, payable to St. James Strange.

There is a very neat gate lodge, built of chipped limestone, also 3 substantially built labourers' cottages on the holding.

The premises are situate about 6 miles from the City of Armagh, 2 miles from Tynan, 2 from Caledon, and 1 mile from Killylea Railway Station on the G.N.R. (Ulsters to Belfast Line. The Post Office is only one quarter mile from the residence; the sewerage which leads from the county road to the residence is beautifully wooded on either side with fine old timber.

The Auctioneer can with confidence strongly recommend the above property to any gentleman desirous of obtaining a commodious and up-to-date Residence, with excellent Lands attached.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

WALLACE and CO., Solicitors, 26 Corn Market, Belfast, Banbridge, and Dromore, Co. Down.
F. B. SMALL,
Auctioneer,
DRUMCRO HOUSE, MARALIN, CO. DOWN.

THIS WEEK'S AUCTIONS
BY
PATRICK O'CONNOR & SON.

THIS DAY (TUESDAY), 3rd JANUARY, CAULSTOWN, FOLISTOWN, and BALLYMACOLL, DUNBOYNE—For H. Mooney, Esq., and N. Martin, Esq.—Letting of 370 Acres Grazing, in divisions, a considerable portion of which has been stagged. Sale 12.30 o'clock.

TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), 4th JANUARY, ADAMSTOWN, LUCAN—For T. Colclough, Esq.—Letting of 40 Acres Grazing, in divisions. Sale 12.30 o'clock.

PATRICK O'CONNOR & SON,
Auctioneers, Valuers, etc.,
49 QUEEN STREET, DUBLIN.

STORE CATTLE SALES
EVERY THURSDAY.
R. & J. WILKINSON,
40/41 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

FORTHCOMING AUCTIONS
BY
McKEOWN, MacKEOGH & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, ETC.

SALE OF SPACIOUS PREMISES,
NORTH STREET, SWORDS, CO. DUBLIN.

WE have been favoured with instructions from the Owner to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, in our Saleroom, 4 HAYMARKET, DUBLIN, on THURSDAY, 26th JANUARY, 1922, at 1.30 p.m., all the Interest and Goodwill in his Residential Holding, containing 29a. 2r. 11p., or thereabouts, with the Dwellinghouse and Out-offices thereon, known as Somerton House, Lucan, situate in the Barony of Newcastle, and County of Dublin. The property is held in Fee-simple, subject to a Land Purchase Annuity of £50 11s. 6d. In addition to this there is a Residence containing 8 reception and 7 bedrooms, kitchen, scullery, coal cellar, etc. It is approached by an avenue, with Gate Lodge at entrance, and is conveniently situated, within 5 minutes' walk of Lucan Station (G.S. and W. Railway), and 20 minutes' walk from the Lucan Electric Tram. The Out-offices comprise byre to accommodate 30 cattle, stabling for 2 horses, granary, piggery, coach and poultry house, etc., and there are two good Fruit and Vegetable Gardens.

The Lands, which are of splendid quality, are all in grass, and have an excellent water supply.

JOHN M. CULLEN, Esq., Solicitor,
6 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 'Phone 1323.

SALE OF SPLENDID FARM,
BASTON HOUSE, LEIXLIP, CO. DUBLIN.

WE have been favoured with instructions from Mrs. Martin, to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, in our Saleroom, 4 HAYMARKET, DUBLIN, on THURSDAY, 26th JANUARY, 1922, at 1.30 p.m., all the Interest and Goodwill in her Farm, situate about one mile from Leixlip, and containing 123 Acres, or thereabouts, subject to the low terminable annuity of £94 0s. 0d. to the Irish Land Commission, and £37 14.6, payable to St. James Strange.

There is a substantial Residence, containing 3 reception and 5 bedrooms, kitchen with close range, scullery, coal cellar, etc. The Out-offices comprise byre for 8 horses, piggery, boiler and coach-houses, etc.

The property is conveniently situated, within 1 mile of Leixlip Station (M.G.W. Railway Co.), and 12 miles from the Dublin markets. The Lands, which are of splendid quality, are all in grass, except a small portion under tillage.

M. L. HEARN, Esq., Solicitor, 24 Dame Street, Dublin. 'Phone 1085.

1,800 ACRES (I.P.M.)
TO BE SET FOR THE COMING SEASON,
BY PRIVATE TREATY.

130 and 20 Acres at St. Margaret's; 100 Acres, 35 Acres, 40 Acres, and 37 Acres at The Ward; 52 Acres at Castleknock; 25 and 40 Acres at Ballycoolin; 130 and 40 Acres at Finglas; 20, and 60 Acres at Lusk; 80 Acres at Stockhole, Santry; 80 Acres at Raheny; 17 Acres at Howth; 40 and 20 Acres at Cockle; 160 Acres in divisions, at Ribstown, Dunboyne; 100 Acres at Pierrestown; 100 Acres at Brownstown; 50 Acres at Blackhall, Dunboyne; 40, 20, and 30 Acres at Templeogue; 40 and 90 Acres at Chapelizod; 40 Acres at Rocerstown; 50 Acres at Dunshaughlin; 50 Acres at Athgoe; and 10 Acres at Carrickmines.

For particulars apply to the AUCTIONEERS,

McKEOWN, MacKEOGH & CO.
Auctioneers and Valuers,
Live Stock Salesmen and Farm Stewards,
4 HAYMARKET, DUBLIN.
'Phone 3. Telegraphic Address: "Factors, Dublin."

SALE OF BONDED AND DUTY PAID
SPIRITS AND WINES
AT 10 LOWER ORMOND QUAY.
On THURSDAY, 19TH JANUARY, 1922,
Comprising 1 Butt Bond John Jameson and Son, 1900, 1902, 1912-13-16; John Power and Son, 1914, 15-16-17; Cassidy and Co., 1920, in hhds. and qrs.; Wines, etc., etc. The Duty Paid Lots include Sandeman and other Wines, Clarets, etc., etc.

Further Entries received up to Friday Morning Next.

ANDREW J. KEOGH,
Auctioneer,
10 LOWER ORMOND QUAY, DUBLIN.

Distinction marks every line of this beautiful Coat. The back is arranged to form a panel outlined with fur, and the movement of walking reveals a slashed effect at either side which is novel and smart. Splendid selection.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 7.)

MUSIC, PIANOS, ETC.

EXCEPTIONALLY good Piano Wanted; must be seen and tried.—C 435, this office.
FOR Sale, almost new Bechstein Cottage Piano, rosewood case, £100, or nearest offer.—McGuinn, 205 High road, Leyton, Essex.
CHAMPION Records Exchanged, 4d. each.—Gramophone store, Johnston's Court, Grafton street, Dublin.
KEARNEY'S Music, 6d. to 2/- lists free. Gramophone Records from 2/6.—catalogues free.—14 Dawson st., Dublin.
MIDLING class Piano Wanted; selling price must be reasonable.—Box 566, Irish Times Branch Office.
NEW German Piano (Steinberger), iron frame, ivory keys, ebony; also Kitchen Piano.—10 Upper Leeson st., Dublin.
O'BRIAN, Trayser two manual, for Sale, new condition, 80 Gt. Brunswick street, Rathmines.
PIANO Wanted, fine tone, appearance; give full particulars; cheap.—C 427, this office.
PIANOFORTE, by eminent maker, Wanted; state price, full particulars.—C 430, this office.
SCALLEN & 1-3 Upright Piano for Sale, as new, beautiful instrument, £100; seen after six o'clock.—Faulkner, Westfield road, Ranelagh.
WANTED, for Musical Box, Discs or Records.—50 Lower George's st., Kingstown.
WANTED, Piano before middle month. Write now, giving particulars, C 435, this office.

DRESS AND COSTUME.

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Higgins, 1 Aston's quay; highest prices for Left Off Clothing, Furniture, Gold, Silver Jewellery, Artificial Teeth; country parcels received. T
ABOUT Clothes—Miss Cousins, 5 Anngier st., pays highest prices for Left Off Clothing, Furniture, etc.; distance no objection. T
ABOUT Clothes—Highest cash prices paid for all Left Off Clothes, all kinds Jewellery, Silver Plate, False Teeth, Pictures, China, Glass, Furniture, etc.; personal immediate attention; distance no objection. Telephone—4375. 8 Eldon place, Wellington Quay.
ABOUT Clothes—Highest prices for Ladies', Gents' Children's Left Off Clothing, Furniture, distance no objection.—Mrs. White, 15 Angier street.
ABOUT Clothes—Highest Prices for Left Off Clothing, Furniture, Bedding, etc.; distance no objection.—Mrs. Carey, 5 Clarendon st. and 42 Angier st. T
ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Brodie, 21 Wellington quay, is paying best prices for Ladies' and Gents' Left Off Clothing; immediate attention to country parcels. T
DRESS Suit, as new, bargain, seen by appointment in evening.—C 383, this office.
DINNER Jacket Suit, brand new, cost £12 12/-; height 5' 7", chest 36; £3 15/.—Z 1142, Suit, this office.
FRENCH Dressmaking, Tailoring, Dressing—Madame Cary, 25 Kenyon st., Chimney. Materials kyndly given. Gowns Remodelled, also Furs.
FURS—Quality build, class Furs and Fur Coats to Sell very cheap.—Railway Lost Property, 55 Lower Sackville street, Dublin.
FURS Altered and Renovated to present fashion; Cleaned and Relined; prices moderate.—The Model House, 74 Lower Dorset street. 'Phone 3681.
LOVELY Coat, electric seal, trimmed skunk, new, unworn, cottage, latest model, bought London.—"Z 1161, Coat," this office.
LADIES' Old Dancing or Evening Shoes Recovered in Satin, Brocade, Velvet, Suede, Gold, Silver or Parent Satin, etc. Price 6/6 (postage 1/- extra, without material). Ladies' own material used.—Robert and Co., Ltd., 82 Grafton st., Dublin. Sensational Sale of Model Shoes this week.
LADIES' Costumes, Disposal of Costumes, Wrap Coats, Boots, or any Wearing Apparel can rely on getting good prices; mail orders receive immediate attention.—Misses Keenry, 206 Great Brunswick st.
WANTED, Lovely Top Boots (Riding), size 6½, good condition.—"Z 1161, Boots," this office.

HORSES, HARNESS, ETC.

CHESTNUT Horse, 16 hands, age 8, perfect manners, saddle and harness; can be handled by lady; quiet, sound, 4lbs. or would Sell. Also a Socialist, good order. Apply Cintra, George's avenue, Blackrock, Dublin.
FOR Sale, good strong Pony, suit trap, van, or saddle; 5 years old, 14 hands high, very quiet. Apply Lucas, Bellfield, Raheny, Co. Meath.
HARNESS, all classes—T. Smith and Son, Saddlers, 153 Marlborough st., Dublin.
HORSES, Carts, Harness, Spring Van; prices low.—Stables, back 51 Townsend st.
HORSE, Spring Dray, Harness, strong Pony, Cart Harness.—Coachman, Blackrock House, Blackrock.
PONIES for Sale, Shetland Cob, 12 to 13 hands, fast, quiet, and well trained; Round Trap, with rubber tyres, and Harness to match; separately or together; also Black bred Shetland Pony, very handsome, a perfect children's pony. Apply to Steward, Grosvenor Place, Kingstown.
WANTED, Pony Saddle, high withers; also Riding Crop with whip; cheap.—C 444, this office.

VEHICLES.

ALESBURY TRAPS.
NOTED GOLD MEDAL TUB TONNEAU.
ALL TYPES AND POLOCHED CARS.
SEVERAL CHEAP SECONDHAND CARS.
Catalogues from
ALESBURY BROS., EDENDERRY, KING'S CO.
Showrooms: 3 LINCOLN PLACE, Westland Row, Dublin.
RUBBER Tyres, to suit cars, fitted at short notice—The City Wheel Works Ltd., Great Brunswick st. T

CATTLE, LIVE STOCK.

COWS for Sale, a Kerry and Dexter, newly calved in second and third calf, large and rich milkers; also a pure bred Jersey Springer.—Orangeary Park, Kingstown. Apply to Steward. D

Remarkable Reductions!
1922 PRICES OF
Leyland
COMMERCIAL CHASSIS

	1922.	1921.
STANDARD 2-TONNER	£700	£945
STANDARD 3-TONNER	£800	£1017
STANDARD 4-TONNER	£900	£1179
STANDARD 5-TONNER	£1000	£1296
STANDARD 6-TONNER	£1050	£1368
RECONSTRUCTED R.A.F. 4-TONNER	£700	£850

Also substantial reductions for coachwork.
These prices come into operation on January 1st, 1922.
ORDER YOUR LEYLAND NOW
—IF EARLY DELIVERY IS DESIRED.
AS Sole District Agents, we shall be pleased to offer well-substantiated advice as to the choice of models, and also arrange demonstrations. Send for full specifications of the latest types.
ASHENHURST, WILLIAMS AND COMPANY, LIMITED,
TALBOT PLACE, STORE STREET, DUBLIN.

ON VIEW THIS DAY, 10 TILL 5.
ADAM'S SALEROOMS,
19 STEPHEN'S GREEN, NORTH.
TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), 4th JANUARY.
AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, PIANO, ETC.
Comprising briefly:—Fine Brooklyn Upright Piano, Inlaid Ebon. Case; Music Seat; Violin; 2 Ebon. Drawingroom Cabinets; Dresden China and Wall Clocks; Brown Oak Cabinet and Hall Bench; Pair Gilt Girandole Mirrors; Boudoir Mirror; Couches and Settees; Easy and Occasional Chairs; Dentwood ditto; Fancy Cane and Wicker Arm Chairs; Occasional Tables; Mahogany and Walnut Telescope Dinner Tables; Dumb Waiter; Dinner, Dessert, and Tea Sets; good Oil Paintings; Old Coloured and Sporting Prints; Coloured and other Engravings; Screens; Antique Inlaid Mahogany Chest Drawers; Mahogany Dressing Tables, Washstands, and Toilet Glasses; Toilet Ware; good Fire and Deal Wardrobes; Presses and Bedroom Furniture; Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Spring and Hair Mattresses and Bedding; House Linen; Brass Fenders and Coal Boxes; Electric Radiators, Gas Fires; Horniss Gramophone; Personal Weighing Scales; Sewing Machines; Books; Axminster and Brussels Carpets; Linoleums, Kitchen Mangles, Dressers, Furniture, and Utensils; Iron Garden Roller, Lawn Mowers, Hose, and Tools; Tin Deed Cases; quantity of Sauterne, Light Wine, etc., etc. On View TO-DAY (TUESDAY), 3rd JANUARY, 10 till 5. Sale TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), 4th JANUARY, at 12 o'clock. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.
JAMES ADAM & SONS,
Auctioneers and Appraisers,
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STORE CATTLE SALES
AT 60 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.
EVERY THURSDAY.
GAVIN LOW, LTD.

HOUSES AND LANDS.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
38 & 39 STH. GT. GEORGE'S ST.

Pembroke Township—
3 ACRES—A bargain—Detached Residence FOR SALE, with possession; in perfect order; large, well-stocked garden, paddock, tennis ground, motor house; 4 reception, 4 bedrooms, billiard room, maids' rooms, hot bath, electric light and gas throughout; near sea, etc. Apply to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

Dundrum, Co. Dublin CHARMING BUNGALOW
RESIDENCE to Let, fully furnished, for 5 or 6 months; detached; pleasantly situated; 10 minutes from station, 3 reception, 4 bedrooms, servant's room, hot bath, tennis ground, garden, motor house; rent 20 guineas monthly. Apply Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

Ballybrack — 2½ Acres —
DETACHED RESIDENCE TO BE LET, on the Church road, containing 3 reception, 5 family bedrooms, 3 maids' rooms, bathroom, etc. Rental £140 and taxes. Extra Field of 4½ acres can be had. Apply Dockrell Limited, Agents, Dublin.

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AT REDUCED PRICE. Well-built Modern SEMI-DETACHED VILLA FOR SALE, with immediate possession. Apply Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
38 & 39 STH GT GEORGE'S ST.

RESIDENTIAL ESTATE FOR SALE.
FOR SALE IN THE MIDLANDS.
RESIDENTIAL ESTATE, containing 385 Acres, Statute, Fattening Lands, surrounded by a 10ft. wall. The House contains 20 bed and dressing rooms, laundry, dairy, etc., with central heating. All the farm buildings are in excellent order, and include stabling for 15 horses, stall-feeding sheds, hay barns, pig styes, fowl runs, 3 good cottages, etc. The Lands will be sold either free of all charges or subject to an annuity.
Further particulars on application to
ROBERT CRAIGIE,
37 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

DENDROMECON RIGIDUM.
RARE YELLOW Californian Poppy, ideal wall plant, persistent flowerer, 10/6 per dozen free.—PENNICK and CO., Nurseries, Greystones.

CATTLE, LIVE STOCK CONTINUED

CALF, Shorthorn Heifer, fortnight old.—Maconchy, Rathmore, Rathfarnham.
FERRETS—A few specials, guaranteed healthy, good workers, 10/- each.—Lindley, Rosemary Lane, Swords.
FOR Sale, Half Jersey Brindle Springer, first calf, runs up.—Colleu, Kilbarrisc, Sutton. No letters answered.
PEDIGREE York Pigs, Boars, Sows in young, and Bonahons. Apply Dingarra, Delgany.
PIGS, 30 extra strong large York, £5 15/- each.—Blackrock House, Blackrock.
PEDIGREE large Black Boar, registered, for Sale, just imported from front rank English herd, rising 12 months, price £20 guineas, guaranteed in every respect a most desirable sire. Apply Glascott, New Ross.
SOW, large York, served September, October, £5 guinea each.—Blackrock House, Blackrock. B

DOGS.

AIREDALES—Dog, 20 months, winner of several prizes, at stud until sold, £2 2/-. Puppy, 6 months, £1 1/-.—Maconchy, Rathmore, Rathfarnham. C 355, this office.
FOR Sale, pure bred English Terrier Pups.—Armstrong, Foxlin, Irishtown.
FOX Terrier Dog, pure bred, nine months, smooth and wire, haired, 15/- each.—Wm. Cummins, Roscrea.
FOR Sale, Fox Terrier, splendid specimen, beautifully marked, nine months.—John Elliott, Ballybrack.
MAGNIFICENT Collie Dog and Bitch, grand young stock.—Mrs. Fortune, Ballycoolin. C
PEDIGREED, prize bred, Irish Terrier, three months, dog and bitch, Dog 50/-, Bitch 20/.—Noone, Stradbally.
PRIZE Bred Kerry Terrier Pups for Sale, 7 weeks old.—Apply Donahoe, Donadea, Co. Kildare.
RED Irish Setter Dog, age 7 months; pedigree. Price £10.—C 396, this office.
RED Setter Pups (4), by "Gunmore" and "Phil of the Borne," best possible pedigree; dogs for gundogs, bitch first class retriever.—Gunmore, Park, Ennis.
SCOTCH or Aberdeen Terrier Wanted, pedigree, male, 3 or 4 months old.—C 437, this office.
WANTED, young Cocker Spaniel, Male, trained and steady.—Apply Mrs. Meade Kelly, Spanish Point, Miltown Malbay.
WANTED, young Male Aberdeen Terrier, well bred.—37 Charlotte Park, West, Kingstown. C
WELL-BRED Liver and White Cocker Dog, price 30/-; must sell.—Proud, 26, Fenians, Galway. Lisadell.

TUITIONS AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

ALL Professional and University Prelims, Oral and Correspondence Courses; Success guaranteed; free.—McGUIRE'S COLLEGE, Sackville st., Dublin.
A YOUNG Lady, fond of children, an excellent needlewoman, is anxious for position of Nursery Governess; no experience.—Z 1070, Governess," this office.
CLASSES for University and Professional Prel. Infant Classes, Kindergarten, Dancing, Deportment.—Miss Worth st., Dublin.
EXPERIENCED Governess (I.C.) desires re-engagement; subjects: English, French, Latin, music; excellent testimonials.—Z 1063, Governess," this office.
ENTRANCE Term Degree Examinations, Trinity College—Henry Fredk. M.A., 5 Dartmouth square.
FOR French, German, Italian, Spanish, Irish, etc.—Berlitz School, 4 Grafton st.
GOVERNESS (Protestant) desires post; usual subjects; good musician; music, dancing, drawing; also teacher; state salary.—Z 1115, Governess," this office.
KENMARE College, Dublin Re-Opens (D.V.) Wednesday, 11th January; boarders return Tuesday; vacancy.
LADY, experienced teacher, is free in afternoons; all subjects; excellent testimonials.—Misses Hughes, B—L 43, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.
LADY wishes post as Nursery Governess, all subjects; good needlewoman; R.C.; excellent testimonials.—C 537, Irish Times Branch Office, Rogers st. Bridge. C
LADY Teacher wishes to hear of Pupils.—Hughes, L 8 0 650, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.
LADY E. Keane can highly recommend her French and German Governess; excellent teacher, French, music, no English; salary £40.—Waterford House, Monkstown.
MASTER (Protestant) Requires post, January, Preparatory School Assistant.—I 51, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.
NURSERY Governess Catholic desires engagement, high class; subjects: needlewoman.—Z 1053, Governess," this office.
SENIOR Moderator, T.C.D., requires non-resident post in Dublin, Gold Medallist in History; would also teach English and Elementary Mathematics.—C 513, this office.
THOROUGHLY experienced Governess disengaged; highest references; all school subjects; thorough music.—Z 1135, Governess," this office.
TRINITY Graduate, Honours; desires post, Assistant Mistress; principal subjects, French, German.—"Z 1141, Assistant," this office.

GOVERNESSES AND TUTORS WANTED

A GENT FOR GOVERNESSES AND SCHOOLS.
A Miss Bellingham Todd, 5 Grafton st., Dublin, Advises Parents and Guardians in Interviews arranged. T
GOVERNESS Student Finance excellent school; boy 6 required.—Z 1092, Student," this office. D
RESIDENT Master Wanted immediately for Junior Form in Wesley College. Apply Rev. Dr. Irwin, X
WANTED, Nursery Governess, Protestant, for little daughter.—Apply Mrs. Donaldson, Carrickmines.
WANTED, Experienced Nursery Governess, R.C., for little girl, 7 years; partial help; state age, terms, references, to "Z 1082, Governess," this office.
WANTED, Governess to teach first lessons, take walk, one child; hours between 10 and 1. Apply, giving age, terms required, references, Mrs. Garner Goodbody, Bickton, Foxrock.
WANTED, immediately, highly qualified trained Governess First Assistant (I.C. for Ward, Bray Boys' Banner. Apply Headmaster.
WANTED, Resident Lady, Teacher of English, Dublin Diocesan Training House.—C 441, this office.
WANTED, Governess R.C., Co. Meath, two girls, eldest ten years.—"Z 1149, Governess," this office.

PREMISES, LANDS, ETC.

BUSINESS Premises for Sale, important thoroughfare, off O'Connell st.; shop, office, stores, 3 apartments, yard, back and front entrances; medium frontage, but fine depth; excellent condition; very suitable for wholesale merchant.—Mr. Holden, Auctioneer, Saint Andrew street, Dublin.
EXTENSIVE Premises to Let, main thoroughfare, corner position; large retail store with office, two good lofts, and splendid underground storage, fitted with wine bins; remarkable entire premises newly constructed, and in perfect order; fitted throughout, including lofts, ground floor, with electric light; suit wine merchant, factory, motor works, bookmaker or any business requiring spacious and central premises.—O 537, this office.
LARGE Garage to Let; also Shed, suitable for workshop.—19 Fembroke road. E

BUSINESS SALE AND WANTED.

BARGAIN—A Small Cinema in a populous part of city; full equipped, for Sale; anyone having spare time to develop the business can make it a lucrative purchase. Particulars obtainable from O 538, this office.

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE.

CLONTARF, detached, 1 ac. 3 roomed, nonbasement